## CHECKLIST OF PRP SEARCH TASKS

**NOTE:** This checklist is intended as a tool, listing tasks which **may** be assigned or performed during PRP searches, depending on site enforcement strategy and needs. The list which follows does not imply that all tasks must or should be performed, and the sequence in which tasks are performed should be governed by site strategy rather than the order listed below.

Region		: Site Name:				
				Location:		
	TASK				TASK SELECTION CRITERIA / CONDITIONS	
1.		Agency Record Collection and File Review		Collection and	Gather and organize the information; information and leads	review records to extract PRP
		F	iles are:		File Location	# of Pages
			<b>l</b> Federal			
			<b>S</b> tate			
			Local			
2.	<b>Ц</b>		Ile Searches Simple Title S	property. Alternat for title history.	Id that title searches begin with the first in tively, <b>50 years</b> or the end of World War. Site involves less than five parcels an	II may be used as a starting point
			·		history of industrial use.	
	В.		Complex Title	Search	Site involves more than five parcels a industrial use.	nd/or has a long history of
	C.		Unknown Title	e Search	A site property description will need to enforcement contractor along with an	
	D.		Title Search for Instruments	or Recorded	Includes deeds, leases, mortgages, li Necessary to support site history and certified copies (see next task) are us	PRP list. If litigation is expected,
	E.		Certified Copi	es	Includes deeds, leases, mortgages, li and contracts. Obtain certified copies attorney requires certified copies for c	s if litigation is expected and case
	F.	<b></b>	Chain of Title		A chronological list of title instruments transactions over time.	s for quick reference to title
	G.	ū	Property Histo	ory Narrative	Requested for more complex sites wh description of property history would a	

TASK		TASK	TASK SELECTION CRITERIA / CONDITIONS
3.	-	erviews with Government icials	Interviews required of persons known or suspected to possess unique information about the site. Interviews generally conducted by phone unless travel is specifically requested. This task is used in most PRP searches.
4. 🗖	Re	cords Compilation	Records are located and manually organized to permit easy access and use. A file system and index are usually established. Depending on the number of records, records may be computerized.
5. 🗖	Co	mpliance History	This task provides a narrative description of site compliance status for a specified period of interest focusing on activities and parties involved with hazardous wastes.
6. 🗖	PR	P Status/PRP History	PRPs for which a current address is not available are researched to determine their fate. Names, addresses, and registered agents are provided for the PRPs and any successor companies.
7. 🗖	PR	P Name and Address Update	Current name and address information is obtained for identified PRPs. Includes name, address, registered agent, mergers, and name changes.
8. 🗖	. CERCLA 104 (e) Letters		EPA identifies PRPs and collects evidence by sending section 104(e) information request letters. The information gathered from 104(e) letters is critical to site history, status, chemical use, disposal, volume, and other information to determine liability.
9. 🗆	Financial Status		Solicit financial information through CERCLA 104(e) authority regarding the financial condition of the PRPs. This task can provide PRP information such as financial status, officers, and current business operations.
		Develop financial information for:	(Identify public vs. private companies, etc.)
A.		Individual PRPs	Attach list of names and addresses
В.		Partnership	Attach list of names and addresses
C.		Corporation	Attach list of names and addresses
D.		Exempt Organizations	Attach list of names and addresses
E.		Other	Attach list of names and addresses
F.		CERCLA 104(e)/ RCRA 3007(c) Letters	This task includes formulating potential questions for PRPs based on gaps observed in available information, preparing letters with PRP names and addresses, and reviewing responses for information relevant to PRPs.
10. 🗆	0. ☐ History of Site Operations		Note: This task may be more appropriately performed after issuance of information request 104(e) letters and the review of PRP files. A narrative description of site operations through a specified period of interest is presented in a report. This history focuses on activities and parties involved with hazardous wastes. Particularly useful if many operators or various types of operations were involved at the site.

	TASK	TASK SELECTION CRITERIA / CONDITIONS		
11. 🗖	Report Preparation	PRP reports should include sections on the site background, project approach, contracts and sources, site history, PRPs, and conclusions/recommendations.		
12. 🗖	Aerial Photographs and Sanborn Maps	Aerial photographs and Sanborn maps can provide detailed site information without accessing the site. They can also be used to compare site characteristics over a period of time.		
13. 🗖	CERCLA Subpoena Authority	Authority to serve administrative subpoenas to obtain evidence from PRPs and others. The subpoena is useful in situations when the PRP may not respond to the information request under 104(e) e.g., obtaining financial and account records from financial institutions.		
14. 🗖	Field Survey	This task is used to gather additional evidence through field activities such as general field inspection, document review, personal interviews, and drum label recording. Usually conducted only when there is no other information available about a site.		
15. 🗖	Industrial Survey	This task identifies PRPs through a survey of local businesses and a review of various industrial manuals and directories. This is an indirect method of identifying PRPs and may be difficult to prove if no other information is available. May serve as a starting point of more detailed research into disposal practices of local industries.		
16. 🗖	PRP File Review	PRP documents, such as operator records, are reviewed to extract PRP information and leads. This task should be completed after a review of agency files.		
	e this space to describe anything unique fidential, contamination, travel involved, accommodate anything unique	about the records and their condition including business cess, other sources besides hard copy, etc.		
17. 🗖	Private Citizen/PRP Interview	Interviews with persons known or suspected to possess unique information about the site. Interviews can be conducted via telephone or in person at the discretion of the investigator and/or enforcement specialist. Detailed interviews, when needed, can be documented by a transcript.		
18. 🗖	EPA Investigations	Investigations can be useful in locating individuals, developing information regarding closely held financial assets, and interviewing parties with knowledge of the site activities. If a potential for danger exists, contact appropriate law enforcement personnel, such as EPA CID special agents, building security, or local police.		
19. 🗖	CERCLIS	CERCLIS is an EPA database which generally contains PRP information such as: name, addresses, types of letters sent (notice, demand and information request) and the dates sent, orders issued, and kind of PRP (owner, operator, generator, or transporter).		

	TASK	TASK SELECTION CRITERIA / CONDITIONS	
20. 🗖	Waste Stream Inventory	Compile an accurate inventory of wastes that were disposed of at the site by reviewing operating logbooks, analytical reports, and waste stream records.	
21. 🗖	Process Chemistry Analysis	The process chemistry analysis task is generally performed after an industrial survey and a waste stream inventory. This task attempts to link industries with wastes at a site.	
22. 🗖	Database(s)		
A.	☐ Correspondence	A database is created to keep track of PRPs sent letters (Notice or Information), whether they responded, and other information as specified by EPA. Computerized databases should be considered for cases with a large number of PRPs.	
B.	☐ Inventory	Information management system developed to organize and permit quick retrieval of documents by key word, author, date, subject, or other predetermined strategy. Useful for searches with a large number of documents or if documents must be easily accessed.	
C.	☐ Transactional	Site transaction databases are used to rank PRPs based on quantified site usage information. (See also Generator Ranking)	
23. 🗖	Financial Assessment	This task provides a more detailed analysis of a PRP's financial situation than the financial status task.	
24. 🗖	Generator Ranking	This is usually a work product(printout) from a transactional database project (see #22 above). The ranking orders generators by waste volume or other comparable unit.	
25. 🗖	Property Appraisal/Property Survey	Appraisal of site property owned by a PRP which may have value. Appraisal may focus on contaminated state or post-remedial state.	
Please identify person completing this checklist:			
	Name:	Title:	
	Region/Other:	Phone Number:	
	Mailing Address:		