Spring starts in March.

Don't miss i

The Great American Eye Test

Take this simple **yes or no** test to find out if you or someone in your family should have an eye examination. If you answer "yes" to more than one question, or you have not seen your optometrist in over a year, it's probably time to schedule an appointment. Unique eye and vision conditions exist for seniors, baby boomers, women, and children. This test serves as a quick overview for all populations. (See additional information for those specific groups.)

Do you experience:	Yes	No
Difficulty reading small print, sewing or doing crafts		
Headaches or have tired, burning eyes after reading or working on a computer		
Difficulty seeing at night or seeing street signs while driving		
Irritated, dry, red or sensitive eyes		
Spots, flashes of light, or floaters in your field of vision		
Do you:		
Have diabetes		
Have a family history of glaucoma		
Attend school and have difficulty in reading or learning (or have a child who does)	
Have a family history of lazy eye, weak vision, or eye disease		
Handle chemicals, use power tools, or engage in sports that may be hazardous to your eyes		

Even if you answered "no" to these questions, keep in mind that symptoms of eye disease and vision problems are not always apparent. Eye exams by a doctor of optometry can help you be certain that your eyes are healthy and functioning properly.

The American Optometric Association recommends that you visit the optometrist on a schedule depending on your age. You should seek eye care more frequently if new ocular, visual, or systemic health problems develop. Persons with additional risk factors should also be examined more frequently.

AGE GROUP:	FREQUENCY
Infants and Children	By 6 months of age; at 3 years of age, before starting first grade, and every 2 years thereafter
18 years – 40 years	Every 2-3 years
41 years – 60 years	Every 2 years
61 years and older	Every year

March is National Save Your Vision Month

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