



Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 46,452,550 persons received benefits for December 2002. This number included 29,203,660 retired workers, 4,965,150 widows and widowers, 5,535,860 disabled workers, 2,832,350 wives and husbands, and 3,915,520 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.0 percent of the population 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$895; widows and widowers, \$840 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$861); disabled workers, \$834; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$439. Average benefits for children of deceased, retired, and disabled workers were, \$584, \$428, \$245, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$37.9 billion. Of this amount, \$27.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$5.3 billion to survivors; and \$5.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 1.4 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2002.

In Arizona, benefits were paid to 834,520 persons. This number included 543,980 retired workers; 76,480 widows and widowers; 97,760 disabled workers; 51,320 wives and husbands; and 64,980 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.4 percent of the total

population of the state and 85.7 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Arizona received an average of \$910 per month; widows and widowers, \$867; disabled workers, \$865; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$451. Average benefits for children were: \$412 for children of retired workers; \$565 for children of deceased workers; and \$244 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$696 million. Of this amount, \$521 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$84 million to survivors; and \$92 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2003, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$552, and for a couple, \$829.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2002, 6,787,857 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,251,528 aged, and 5,536,329 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,284 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,877,752 were 18 to 64, and 914,821 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,834,080. Federally administered payments totaled \$2.9 billion in December 2002: \$2.6 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$328 million in state supplements. The average federally administered

payment was \$407. The aged averaged \$330; disabled and blind, \$425.

In addition, 552,567 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2002, which totaled \$70.2 million.

In Arizona, 88,054 persons—13,248 aged, and 74,806 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2002. A total of 22,378 recipients were aged 65 or older, 51,332 between 18 and 64, and 14,344 under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$36.4 million. The average federal payment was \$385 overall, \$277 for aged recipients, and \$405 for those disabled and blind. In addition, 457 persons in Arizona received state-administered supplementation in December 2002, which totaled \$23,000.

In December 2002, the total number of persons in Arizona receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 893,556.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$4.1 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$514 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Arizona in 2001, an estimated 2.65 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$69.13 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$8.57 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$147 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Arizona in 2001, an estimated 2.67 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$78.27 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.27 billion in Medicare taxes.

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SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states. Earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

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Social Security

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A total of 46,452,550 persons received benefits for December 2002. This number included 29,203,660 retired workers, 4,965,150 widows and widowers, 5,535,860 disabled workers, 2,832,350 wives and husbands, and 3,915,520 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.0 percent of the population 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$895; widows and widowers, \$840 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$861); disabled workers, \$834; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$439. Average benefits for children of deceased, retired, and disabled workers were, \$584, \$428, \$245, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$37.9 billion. Of this amount, \$27.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$5.3 billion to survivors; and \$5.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 1.4 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2002.

In California, benefits were paid to 4,304,080 persons. This number included 2,778,110 retired workers; 417,640 widows and widowers; 474,520 disabled workers; 291,770 wives and husbands; and 342,040 children.

Social Security beneficiaries represented 12.3 percent of the total population of the state and 85.1 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in California received an average of \$901 per month; widows and widowers, \$872; disabled workers, \$849; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$438. Average benefits for children were: \$416 for children of retired workers; \$593 for children of deceased workers; and \$253 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$3.6 billion. Of this amount, \$2.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$465 million to survivors; and \$435 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2003, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$552, and for a couple, \$829.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2002, 6,787,857 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,251,528 aged, and 5,536,329 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,284 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,877,752 were 18 to 64, and 914,821 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,834,080. Federally administered payments totaled \$2.9 billion in December 2002: \$2.6 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$328 million in state

supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$407. The aged averaged \$330; disabled and blind, \$425.

In addition, 552,567 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2002, which totaled \$70.2 million.

In California, 1,135,834 persons—342,142 aged, and 793,692 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2002. A total of 493,352 recipients were aged 65 or older, 553,364 between 18 and 64, and 89,118 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$626.2 million, of which \$387.2 million was federal SSI and \$239.0 million, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$529 overall, \$481 for aged recipients, and \$550 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2002, the total number of persons in California receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 5,016,811.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$4.1 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$514 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In California in 2001, an estimated 16.69 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$491.70 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$60.97 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$147 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In California in 2001, an estimated 17.47 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$647.84 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$18.79 billion in Medicare taxes.

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Social Security

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A total of 46,452,550 persons received benefits for December 2002. This number included 29,203,660 retired workers, 4,965,150 widows and widowers, 5,535,860 disabled workers, 2,832,350 wives and husbands, and 3,915,520 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.0 percent of the population 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$895; widows and widowers, \$840 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$861); disabled workers, \$834; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$439. Average benefits for children of deceased, retired, and disabled workers were, \$584, \$428, \$245, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$37.9 billion. Of this amount, \$27.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$5.3 billion to survivors; and \$5.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 1.4 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2002.

In Hawaii, benefits were paid to 193,220 persons. This number included 137,430 retired workers; 16,310 widows and widowers; 15,680 disabled workers; 10,020 wives and husbands; and 13,780 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.4 percent of the total

population of the state and 87.7 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Hawaii received an average of \$883 per month; widows and widowers, \$813; disabled workers, \$847; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$416. Average benefits for children were: \$415 for children of retired workers; \$592 for children of deceased workers; and \$253 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$158 million. Of this amount, \$127 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$17 million to survivors; and \$15 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2003, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$552, and for a couple, \$829.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2002, 6,787,857 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,251,528 aged, and 5,536,329 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,284 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,877,752 were 18 to 64, and 914,821 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,834,080. Federally administered payments totaled \$2.9 billion in December 2002: \$2.6 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$328 million in state supplements. The average federally administered

payment was \$407. The aged averaged \$330; disabled and blind, \$425.

In addition, 552,567 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2002, which totaled \$70.2 million.

In Hawaii, 21,566 persons—6,597 aged, and 14,969 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2002. A total of 8,498 recipients were aged 65 or older, 11,710 between 18 and 64, and 1,358 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$9.7 million, of which \$8.7 million was federal SSI and \$1.0 million, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$422 overall, \$356 for aged recipients, and \$450 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2002, the total number of persons in Hawaii receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 207,983.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$4.1 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$514 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Hawaii in 2001, an estimated 670,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$17.63 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.19 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$147 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Hawaii in 2001, an estimated 692,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$20.06 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$582 million in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 46,452,550 persons received benefits for December 2002. This number included 29,203,660 retired workers, 4,965,150 widows and widowers, 5,535,860 disabled workers, 2,832,350 wives and husbands, and 3,915,520 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.0 percent of the population 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$895; widows and widowers, \$840 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$861); disabled workers, \$834; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$439. Average benefits for children of deceased, retired, and disabled workers were, \$584, \$428, \$245, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$37.9 billion. Of this amount, \$27.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$5.3 billion to survivors; and \$5.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 1.4 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2002.

In Nevada, benefits were paid to 314,120 persons. This number included 214,020 retired workers; 25,620 widows and widowers; 36,790 disabled workers; 15,120 wives and husbands; and 22,570 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 14.4 percent of the total

population of the state and 92.8 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Nevada received an average of \$903 per month; widows and widowers, \$881; disabled workers, \$897; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$446. Average benefits for children were: \$429 for children of retired workers; \$625 for children of deceased workers; and \$256 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2002 totaled \$266 million. Of this amount, \$201 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children; \$29 million to survivors; and \$35 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2003, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$552, and for a couple, \$829.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2002, 6,787,857 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,251,528 aged, and 5,536,329 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,284 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,877,752 were 18 to 64, and 914,821 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,834,080. Federally administered payments totaled \$2.9 billion in December 2002: \$2.6 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$328 million in state supplements. The average federally administered

payment was \$407. The aged averaged \$330; disabled and blind, \$425.

In addition, 552,567 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2002, which totaled \$70.2 million.

In Nevada, 29,154 persons—7,569 aged, and 21,585 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2002. A total of 7,954 recipients were aged 65 or older, 16,419 between 18 and 64, and 4,781 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$12.2 million, of which \$11.8 million was federal SSI and \$459,791, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$377 overall, \$296 for aged recipients, and \$406 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2002, the total number of persons in Nevada receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 333,535.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$4.1 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$514 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Nevada in 2001, an estimated 1.10 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$27.41 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$3.40 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2001, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$147 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Nevada in 2001, an estimated 1.16 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$33.86 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$982 million in Medicare taxes.

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