



Office of the Director


Washington, D.C. 20530

**UNITED STATES TRUSTEE
GUIDELINES FOR REVIEWING APPLICATIONS
FOR COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES
FILED UNDER 11 U.S.C. § 330**

ORDER

The appended Guidelines have been adopted by the Executive Office for United States Trustees this date and supersede the Guidelines previously issued on March 22, 1995.

Dated: January 30, 1996



Joseph Patchan, Director



**UNITED STATES TRUSTEE
GUIDELINES FOR REVIEWING APPLICATIONS
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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

- A. The Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994 amended the responsibilities of the United States Trustees under 28 U.S.C. § 586(a)(3)(A) to provide that, whenever they deem appropriate, United States Trustees will review applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses under section 330 of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 101, et seq. ("Code"), in accordance with procedural guidelines ("Guidelines") adopted by the Executive Office for United States Trustees ("Executive Office"). The following Guidelines have been adopted by the Executive Office and are to be uniformly applied by the United States Trustees except when circumstances warrant different treatment.
- B. The United States Trustees shall use these Guidelines in all cases commenced on or after October 22, 1994.
- C. The Guidelines are not intended to supersede local rules, but should be read as complementing the procedures set forth in local rules.
- D. Nothing in the Guidelines should be construed:
1. to limit the United States Trustee's discretion to request additional information necessary for the review of a particular application or type of application;
 2. to limit the United States Trustee's discretion to determine whether to file comments or objections to applications; or
 3. to create any private right of action on the part of any person enforceable in litigation with the United States Trustee.

- E. Recognizing that the final authority to award compensation and reimbursement under section 330 of the Code is vested in the Court, the Guidelines focus on the disclosure of information relevant to a proper award under the law. In evaluating fees for professional services, it is relevant to consider various factors including the following: the time spent; the rates charged; whether the services were necessary to the administration of, or beneficial towards the completion of, the case at the time they were rendered; whether services were performed within a reasonable time commensurate with the complexity, importance, and nature of the problem, issue, or task addressed; and whether compensation is reasonable based on the customary compensation charged by comparably skilled practitioners in non-bankruptcy cases. The Guidelines thus reflect standards and procedures articulated in section 330 of the Code and Rule 2016 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure for awarding compensation to trustees and to professionals employed under section 327 or 1103. Applications that contain the information requested in these Guidelines will facilitate review by the Court, the parties, and the United States Trustee.
- F. Fee applications submitted by trustees are subject to the same standard of review as are applications of other professionals and will be evaluated according to the principles articulated in these Guidelines. Each United States Trustee should establish whether and to what extent trustees can deviate from the format specified in these Guidelines without substantially affecting the ability of the United States Trustee to review and comment on their fee applications in a manner consistent with the requirements of the law.

II. CONTENTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

All applications should include sufficient detail to demonstrate compliance with the standards set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 330. The fee application should also contain sufficient information about the case and the applicant so that the Court, the creditors, and the United States Trustee can review it without searching for relevant information in other documents. The following will facilitate review of the application:

- A. Information about the Applicant and the Application.** The following information should be provided in every fee application:
1. Date the bankruptcy petition was filed, date of the order approving employment, identity of the party represented, date services commenced, and whether the applicant is seeking compensation under a provision of the Bankruptcy Code other than section 330.
 2. Terms and conditions of employment and compensation, source of compensation, existence and terms controlling use of a retainer, and any budgetary or other limitations on fees.
 3. Names and hourly rates of all applicant's professionals and paraprofessionals who billed time, explanation of any changes in hourly rates from those previously charged, and statement of whether the compensation is based on the *customary compensation* charged by comparably skilled practitioners in cases other than cases under title 11.
 4. Whether the application is interim or final, and the dates of previous orders on interim compensation or reimbursement of expenses along with the amounts requested and the amounts allowed or disallowed, amounts of all previous payments, and amount of any allowed fees and expenses remaining unpaid.
 5. Whether the person on whose behalf the applicant is employed has been given the opportunity to review the application and whether that person has approved the requested amount.
 6. When an application is filed less than 120 days after the order for relief or after a prior application to the Court, date and terms of the order allowing leave to file at shortened intervals.
 7. Time period of the services or expenses covered by the application.

B. Case Status. The following information should be provided to the extent that it is known to or can be reasonably ascertained by the applicant:

1. In a chapter 7 case, a summary of the administration of the case including all moneys received and disbursed in the case, when the case is expected to close, and, if applicant is seeking an interim award, whether it is feasible to make an interim distribution to creditors without prejudicing the rights of any creditor holding a claim of equal or higher priority.
2. In a chapter 11 case, whether a plan and disclosure statement have been filed and, if not yet filed, when the plan and disclosure statement are expected to be filed; whether all quarterly fees have been paid to the United States Trustee; and whether all monthly operating reports have been filed.
3. In every case, the amount of cash on hand or on deposit, the amount and nature of accrued unpaid administrative expenses, and the amount of unencumbered funds in the estate.
4. Any material changes in the status of the case that occur after the filing of the fee application should be raised, orally or in writing, at the hearing on the application or, if a hearing is not required, prior to the expiration of the time period for objection.

C. Summary Sheet. All applications should contain a summary or cover sheet that provides a synopsis of the following information:

1. total compensation and expenses requested and any amount(s) previously requested;
2. total compensation and expenses previously awarded by the court;
3. name and applicable billing rate for each person who billed time during the period, and date of bar admission for each attorney;
4. total hours billed and total amount of billing for each person who billed time during billing period; and

5. computation of blended hourly rate for persons who billed time during period, excluding paralegal or other paraprofessional time.

D. Project Billing Format

1. To facilitate effective review of the application, all time and service entries should be arranged by project categories. The project categories set forth in Exhibit A should be used to the extent applicable. A separate project category should be used for administrative matters and; if payment is requested, for fee application preparation.
2. The United States Trustee has discretion to determine that the project billing format is not necessary in a particular case or in a particular class of cases. Applicants should be encouraged to consult with the United States Trustee if there is a question as to the need for project billing in any particular case.
3. Each project category should contain a narrative summary of the following information:
 - a. a description of the project, its necessity and benefit to the estate, and the status of the project including all pending litigation for which compensation and reimbursement are requested;
 - b. identification of each person providing services on the project; and
 - c. a statement of the number of hours spent and the amount of compensation requested for each professional and paraprofessional on the project.
4. Time and service entries are to be reported in chronological order under the appropriate project category.
5. Time entries should be kept contemporaneously with the services rendered in time periods of tenths of an hour. Services should be noted in detail and not combined or "lumped" together, with each service showing a separate time entry; however, tasks performed in a project which total a de minimis amount of time can be combined or lumped together if they do not exceed .5 hours on a daily aggregate.

Time entries for telephone calls, letters, and other communications should give sufficient detail to identify the parties to and the nature of the communication. Time entries for court hearings and conferences should identify the subject of the hearing or conference. If more than one professional from the applicant firm attends a hearing or conference, the applicant should explain the need for multiple attendees.

E. Reimbursement for Actual, Necessary Expenses. Any expense for which reimbursement is sought must be actual and necessary and supported by documentation as appropriate. Factors relevant to a determination that the expense is proper include the following:

1. Whether the expense is reasonable and economical. For example, first class and other luxurious travel mode or accommodations will normally be objectionable.
2. Whether the requested expenses are customarily charged to non-bankruptcy clients of the applicant.
3. Whether applicant has provided a detailed itemization of all expenses including the date incurred, description of expense (e.g., type of travel, type of fare, rate, destination), method of computation, and, where relevant, name of the person incurring the expense and purpose of the expense. Itemized expenses should be identified by their nature (e.g., long distance telephone, copy costs, messengers, computer research, airline travel, etc.) and by the month incurred. Unusual items require more detailed explanations and should be allocated, where practicable, to specific projects.
4. Whether applicant has prorated expenses where appropriate between the estate and other cases (e.g., travel expenses applicable to more than one case) and has adequately explained the basis for any such proration.
5. Whether expenses incurred by the applicant to third parties are limited to the actual amounts billed to, or paid by, the applicant on behalf of the estate.

6. Whether applicant can demonstrate that the amount requested for expenses incurred in-house reflect the actual cost of such expenses to the applicant. The United States Trustee may establish an objection ceiling for any in-house expenses that are routinely incurred and for which the actual cost cannot easily be determined by most professionals (e.g., photocopies, facsimile charges, and mileage).
7. Whether the expenses appear to be in the nature of nonreimbursable overhead. Overhead consists of all continuous administrative or general costs incident to the operation of the applicant's office and not particularly attributable to an individual client or case. Overhead includes word processing, proofreading, secretarial and other clerical services, rent, utilities, office equipment and furnishings, insurance, taxes, local telephone and monthly car phone charges, lighting, heating and cooling, and library and publication charges.
8. Whether applicant has adhered to allowable rates for expenses as fixed by local rule or order of the Court.

EXHIBIT A

PROJECT CATEGORIES

Here is a list of suggested project categories for use in most bankruptcy cases. Only one category should be used for a given activity. Professionals should make their best effort to be consistent in their use of categories, whether within a particular firm or by different firms working on the same case. It would be appropriate for all professionals to discuss the categories in advance and agree generally on how activities will be categorized. This list is not exclusive. The application may contain additional categories as the case requires. They are generally more applicable to attorneys in chapter 7 and chapter 11, but may be used by all professionals as appropriate.

ASSET ANALYSIS AND RECOVERY: Identification and review of potential assets including causes of action and non-litigation recoveries.

ASSET DISPOSITION: Sales, leases (§ 365 matters), abandonment and related transaction work.

BUSINESS OPERATIONS: Issues related to debtor-in-possession operating in chapter 11 such as employee, vendor, tenant issues and other similar problems.

CASE ADMINISTRATION: Coordination and compliance activities, including preparation of statement of financial affairs; schedules; list of contracts; United States Trustee interim statements and operating reports; contacts with the United States Trustee; general creditor inquiries.

CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION AND OBJECTIONS: Specific claim inquiries; bar date motions; analyses, objections and allowances of claims.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS/PENSIONS: Review issues such as severance, retention, 401K coverage and continuance of pension plan.

FEE/EMPLOYMENT APPLICATIONS: Preparations of employment and fee applications for self or others; motions to establish interim procedures.

FEE/EMPLOYMENT OBJECTIONS: Review of and objections to the employment and fee applications of others.

FINANCING: Matters under §§ 361, 363 and 364 including cash collateral and secured claims; loan document analysis.

LITIGATION: There should be a separate category established for each matter (e.g. XYZ Litigation).

EXHIBIT B: SAMPLE SUMMARY SHEET

NAME OF APPLICANT:

Fees Previously Requested \$
 Fees Previously Awarded \$

ROLE IN THE CASE:

Expenses Previously Requested \$
 Expenses Previously Awarded \$

CURRENT APPLICATION
 Fees Requested \$
 Expenses Requested \$

Retainer Paid \$

: CHAPTER

: Case No.

Debtor.

FEE APPLICATION

HOURS BILLED
 CURRENT APPLICATION

YEAR ADMITTED TO PRACTICE

TOTAL FOR APPLICATION

NAMES OF PROFESSIONALS/ PARAPROFESSIONALS

PARTNERS

ASSOCIATES

PARAPROFESSIONALS

TOTAL BLENDED HOURLY RATE \$
 (Excluding Paraprofessionals)

TOTAL