

Table 76 (page 1 of 2). No usual source of health care among adults 18–64 years of age, according to selected characteristics: United States, average annual 1993–94, 1995–96, 1999–2000, and 2000–01

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

<i>Characteristic</i>	<i>1993–94</i>	<i>1995–96</i>	<i>1999–2000¹</i>	<i>2000–01¹</i>
Percent of adults without a usual source of health care ²				
All adults 18–64 years of age ^{3,4}	18.5	16.6	17.7	16.5
Age				
18–44 years	21.7	19.6	21.5	20.3
18–24 years	26.6	22.6	26.9	26.1
25–44 years	20.3	18.8	19.7	18.4
45–64 years	12.8	11.3	10.9	9.9
45–54 years	14.1	12.2	12.0	10.9
55–64 years	11.1	9.8	9.2	8.3
Sex ⁴				
Male	23.3	21.0	23.8	21.8
Female	13.9	12.5	11.7	11.4
Race ^{4,5}				
White only	18.2	16.3	16.8	15.8
Black or African American only	19.2	17.6	18.7	16.8
American Indian and Alaska Native only	19.1	15.9	18.7	15.9
Asian only	24.0	20.7	21.4	18.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander only	---	---	*	*
2 or more races	---	---	20.4	21.1
American Indian and Alaska Native; White	---	---	26.5	24.0
Hispanic origin and race ^{4,5}				
Hispanic or Latino	28.8	26.2	30.4	30.8
Mexican	30.5	28.1	33.7	34.6
Not Hispanic or Latino	17.5	15.5	16.0	14.6
White only	17.0	15.0	15.2	13.9
Black or African American only	18.9	17.4	18.7	16.7
Poverty status ^{4,6}				
Poor	28.2	24.9	27.4	27.4
Near poor	24.6	22.3	26.5	25.3
Nonpoor	14.8	13.5	13.8	12.4
Hispanic origin and race and poverty status ^{4,5,6}				
Hispanic or Latino:				
Poor	38.0	32.6	39.7	43.7
Near poor	35.7	31.6	37.4	36.0
Nonpoor	18.3	18.2	20.5	19.3
Not Hispanic or Latino:				
White only:				
Poor	27.1	22.8	22.7	21.5
Near poor	22.7	20.3	23.5	22.5
Nonpoor	14.4	13.0	12.9	11.6
Black or African American only:				
Poor	23.8	21.1	22.5	20.7
Near poor	21.6	21.2	23.6	20.7
Nonpoor	14.6	13.6	14.4	12.7
Health insurance status ^{4,7}				
Insured	13.3	11.4	11.0	9.7
Private	13.1	11.3	11.2	9.7
Medicaid	15.2	12.5	9.5	9.6
Uninsured	41.5	40.9	47.3	46.3
Poverty status and health insurance status ^{4,6}				
Poor:				
Insured	16.8	13.6	12.4	11.6
Uninsured	45.7	42.1	49.8	51.7
Near poor:				
Insured	15.3	13.1	13.1	12.4
Uninsured	42.9	41.5	49.3	47.8
Nonpoor:				
Insured	12.3	10.8	10.5	9.0
Uninsured	37.0	39.4	44.2	41.4

See footnotes at end of table.

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Characteristic	1993–94	1995–96	1999–2000 ¹	2000–01 ¹
Geographic region ⁴				
Percent of adults without a usual source of health care ²				
Northeast	14.5	13.3	12.9	12.1
Midwest	15.8	14.5	16.8	15.2
South	21.6	18.4	19.6	17.8
West	20.5	19.5	19.8	20.0
Location of residence ⁴				
Within MSA ⁸	18.8	16.9	17.8	16.7
Outside MSA ⁸	17.4	15.4	16.9	15.8

* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data not shown have a relative standard error of greater than 30 percent.

- - - Data not available.

¹Data starting in 1997 are not strictly comparable with data for earlier years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey.

²Persons who report the emergency department as the place of their usual source of care are defined as having no usual source of care. See Appendix II, Usual source of care.

³Includes all other races not shown separately, unknown poverty status, and unknown health insurance status.

⁴Estimates are for persons 18–64 years of age and are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using three age groups: 18–44 years, 45–54 years, and 55–64 years of age. See Appendix II, Age adjustment.

⁵The race groups, white, black, American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN), Asian, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 2 or more races, include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Starting with data years 1999–2000 race-specific estimates are tabulated according to 1997 Standards for Federal data on Race and Ethnicity and are not strictly comparable with estimates for earlier years. The five single race categories plus multiple race categories shown in the table conform to 1997 Standards. The 1999–2000 race-specific estimates are for persons who reported only one racial group; the category “2 or more races” includes persons who reported more than one racial group. Prior to data years 1999–2000, data were tabulated according to 1977 Standards with four racial groups and the category “Asian only” included Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander. Estimates for single race categories prior to 1999–2000 included persons who reported one race or, if they reported more than one race, identified one race as best representing their race. The effect of the 1997 Standard on the 1999–2000 estimates can be seen by comparing 1999–2000 data tabulated according to the two Standards: Estimates based on the 1977 Standard of the percent of adults under 65 years of age with no usual source of care are: identical for white and black adults; 2.0 percentage points higher for AI/AN adults; and 0.5 percentage points lower for Asian and Pacific Islander adults than estimates based on the 1997 Standards. See Appendix II, Race.

⁶Poor persons are defined as below the poverty threshold. Near poor persons have incomes of 100 percent to less than 200 percent of the poverty threshold. Nonpoor persons have incomes of 200 percent or greater than the poverty threshold. Missing family income data were imputed for 16 percent of adults in 1993–96. Poverty status was unknown for 20 percent of adults under 65 years of age in the sample in 1997–2001. See Appendix II, Family income; Poverty level.

⁷Health insurance categories are mutually exclusive. Persons who reported both Medicaid and private coverage are classified as having private coverage. Medicaid includes other public assistance through 1996. Starting in 1997 Medicaid includes state-sponsored health plans and State Child Health Insurance Program (SCHIP). The category “insured” also includes military, other State, and Medicare coverage. In 1993–96 health insurance coverage was unknown for 8–9 percent of adults in the sample. Beginning in 1997 health insurance coverage was unknown for 1 percent of adults in the sample. See Appendix II, Health insurance coverage.

⁸MSA is metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Some numbers in this table for health insurance estimates were revised and differ from previous editions of *Health, United States*. Data for additional years are available (see Appendix III). For more data on usual source of care see the National Health Interview Survey home page: www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. Standard errors for selected years are available in the spreadsheet version of this table. See www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, access to care and health insurance supplements (1993–96). Starting in 1997 data are from the family core and sample adult questionnaires.