Table 10.4 Solar Thermal Collector Shipments by End Use, Market Sector, and Type, 2002

(Thousand Square Feet)

End Use	Low-Temperature Collectors ¹	Medium-Temperature Collectors ²	High-Temperature Collectors ³	Total
	44.040			444.000
nd-Use Total	11,046	615	2	⁴ 11,663
Pool Heating	11,045	28	0	11,073
Water Heating	1	422	0	423
Space Heating	0	146	0	146
Space Cooling	0	(s)	0	(s)
Combined Space and Water Heating	0	ÌŚ	2	17
Process Heating	0	4	0	4
Electricity Generation	0	0	0	4 0
Other ⁵	0	0	0	0
larket Sector Total	11,046	615	2	⁴ 11,663
Residential	10,519	481	0	11,000
Commercial	524	69	2	595
Industrial ⁶	2	60	0	62
Electric Utility	0	4	0	4 4
Other 7	0	1	0	1

 $^{^{1}}$ Low-temperature collectors are solar thermal collectors that generally operate at temperatures below 110 $^{\circ}$ F.

(s)=Less than 0.5 thousand square feet.

Notes: • Data represent shipments from U.S. manufacturers only. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Page: For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/fuelrenewable.html.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Renewable Energy Annual 2002 (November 2003).

² Medium-temperature collectors are solar thermal collectors that generally operate in the temperature range of 140° F to 180° F but can also operate at temperatures as low as 110° F. Special collectors are included in this category. Special collectors are evacuated tube collectors or concentrating (focusing) collectors. They operate in the temperature range from just above ambient temperature (low concentration for pool heating) to several hundred degrees Fahrenheit (high concentration for air conditioning and specialized industrial processes).

³ High-temperature collectors are solar thermal collectors that generally operate at temperatures above 180° F. These are parabolic dish/trough collectors used primarily by independent power producers to generate electricity for the electric grid.

⁴ Totals include other types of collectors not shown.

⁵ "Other" includes shipments of solar thermal collectors for other uses, such as cooking foods, water pumping, water purification, desalinization, distilling, etc.

⁶ Includes all independent power producers.

^{7 &}quot;Other" includes shipments of solar thermal collectors to other sectors, such as government, including the military but excluding space applications.