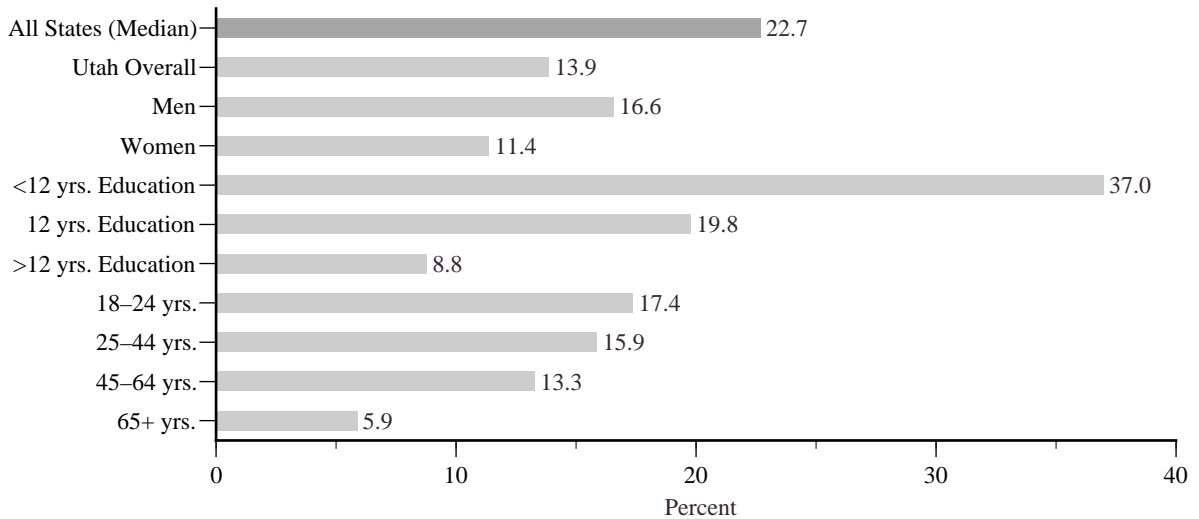


Number of Utah youth projected to die prematurely from their smoking: 34,843

Adult Tobacco Use in Utah

Current Cigarette Smoking Among Adults Aged 18 and Older, 1999



Youth Tobacco Use

GRADES 6-8		GRADES 9-12	
Current Cigarette Smoking	Current Any Tobacco Use	Current Cigarette Smoking	Current Any Tobacco Use
National*	9.2%	28.5%	34.8%
UT†	12.8%	11.9%	14.5%
Boys†	Data are not available		16.2%
Girls†	Data are not available		12.2%

Current Cigarette Smoking = smoked cigarettes on ≥1 of the 30 days preceding the survey.

Current Any Tobacco Use = current use of cigarettes or smokeless tobacco or pipes or bidis or cigars or kreteks on ≥1 of the 30 days preceding the survey.

*Source: National Youth Tobacco Survey, 1999.

†Source: Utah Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1999.

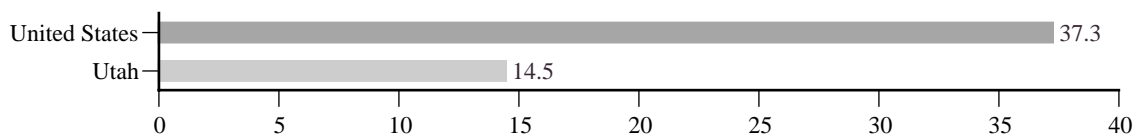
Health Impact and Costs

AVERAGE ANNUAL DEATHS RELATED TO SMOKING, 1990-1994		AVERAGE ANNUAL YEARS OF POTENTIAL LIFE LOST,* 1990-1994	MEDICAL COSTS RELATED TO SMOKING, 1993	
Overall	1,133	15,158 years or an average of 13.4 years for each death due to smoking. *Calculated to life expectancy	Ambulatory	\$40,590,000
Men	834		Hospital	\$59,430,000
Women	298		Nursing Home†	\$39,630,000
Death Rate	188/100,000		Drug	\$13,660,000
Rank (No. 1 is lowest death rate)	1		Other	\$28,450,000
			Total	\$181,760,000

Smoking-attributable Medicaid expenditures, Utah, fiscal year 1993: \$34,211,000

†Preliminary estimates

Lung Cancer Death Rate*



*1997 deaths per 100,000 population, adjusted to the 1970 total U.S. population.

Utah



Scheduled 2001 settlement payment to Utah: \$30,802,455.97

Tobacco Control Funding, 2001

At 10% of the CDC Best Practices recommended lower estimate funding level, Utah ranks 43rd (No. 1 is the highest) for tobacco control funding. Utah ranks 1st (No. 1 is the lowest death rate) for average annual deaths related to smoking.

<i>FUNDING SOURCE</i>	<i>FY01 AMOUNT</i>	<i>FUNDING CYCLE</i>
State Appropriation—Settlement (Tobacco Only)	\$0	
State Appropriation—Excise Tax Revenue	\$250,000	7/00–6/01
State Appropriation—Other	\$0	
Subtotal: State Appropriation	\$250,000	
Federal—CDC Office on Smoking and Health	\$1,170,949	6/00–5/01
Federal—SAMHSA	n/a	
Non-Government Source—American Legacy Foundation	\$80,555	10/00–9/01
Non-Government Source—RWJF/AMA	n/a	
Subtotal: Federal/National Sources	\$1,251,504	
Total	\$1,501,504	
Per Capita Funding	\$0.67	

An additional \$4,000,000 was appropriated to the Department of Health for alcohol, tobacco, and other drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote a unified message and make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and television.

Funding as a Percentage of CDC Best Practices Recommendations

	<i>RECOMMENDED FOR TOTAL PROGRAM ANNUAL COST</i>	<i>RECOMMENDED PER CAPITA FUNDING LEVEL</i>	<i>PERCENT OF CDC BEST PRACTICES RECOMMENDATIONS</i>
Lower Estimate	\$15,230,000	\$7.40	10%
Upper Estimate	\$33,383,000	\$16.21	4%

Excise Tax

Cigarette tax per pack	51.5¢
Rank = 18 (No. 1 is highest tax)	
Number of packages of cigarettes sold and taxed, per capita, 199943.9
Rank = 2 (No. 1 is lowest cigarette sales)	
Federal and state taxes as a percentage of retail price	24.1%
Annual gross tax revenue from cigarettes	\$47,440,834
Smokeless tobacco tax35% of manufacturer's sales price