National Health Information Infrastructure 2003

Developing a National Action Agenda for NHII

June 30 – July 2, 2003 Washington, DC



National Health Information Infrastructure 2003 (NHII 03)

- Secretary announced:
 - SNOMED
 - IOM/HL7 and electronic health record
 - Quarterly status reports
- Over 500 attendees at conference
- Conference format: eight tracks



NHII 03 Conference Format

Eight Tracks

- 1. Privacy and Confidentiality
- 2. Architecture
- 3. Standards and Vocabulary
- 4. Safety and Quality
- 5. Financial Incentives
- 6. Consumer Health
- 7. Homeland Security
- 8. Research and Population Health



Privacy & Confidentiality

- Establish permanent independent entity to oversee/advise NHII
- Establish an ethical, legal, and social issues (ELSI) program, similar to one in the Human Genome project, to address these issues within the context of a NHII.
- Educate public about HIPAA and NHII
- Evaluate existing infrastructure projects to determine degree of public confidence in potential NHII



Architecture

- NHII Task Force (like IETF)
- Architectural roadmap
- Regional steering committees
- Non-proprietary, standards based
- Interoperable security
- Specify a communications protocol
- Proceed without national identifier
- Fund demonstration projects
- Label data at the source



Standards & Vocabulary

- Current problem: standards are <u>not</u> self improving & standard messages and vocabulary <u>not</u> aligned
- HHS creates a process to update and enhance standards
- Align message formats & vocabulary standards
- Accelerate adoption of NCVHS & CHI recommended standards
- CMS: create financial incentives for providers to use standards
- Certify standards & vocabulary implementations



Safety and Quality

- Cost driven ⇒ quality diven system
- Standards for national quality and safety performance measures (AHRQ funding)
- Redirect research funding (\$1 billion) to research quality & safety & IT
- Fed. Govt: National Quality Database
- Integrated DSS & performance metrics built into information systems
- Need laws for safety/quality reporting
- Clinical informatics training (HHS funding)
- Improve AE detection/reporting
- Exchange stnds. for DSS⇒ shared repository



NHII 03 Recommendations Financial Incentives

- Federal funding for:
 - Standards
 - 40-50 new demonstrations
 - Public-private financing vehicle for IT
- Investments for Local Hils
- Payer reimbursement incentives
- Remove legal barriers to investment
- Educate health professionals and consumers



Consumer Health

- People are the center of U.S. "virtual health system"
- Data elements relevant to consumers
- Consumer representative on NCVHS
- Improve consumer health literacy
- Trustworthy health & disease inform.
- NLM & private sector should improve information access (search tools, linkage)
- AHRQ involve consumers in patient safety
- Progress measures for pers. health record
- Decision support for consumers (alerts/reminders)



Homeland Security (HS)

- Goal: collaboration among federal, local, state and private agencies using coordinated platforms that are interoperable, secure and accessible
- Establish Info. Technology Clearinghouse for transferable, scalable technologies
- Require all govt. agencies participate in NHII; align CDC's PHIN with NHII
- State & local demonstration projects
- All HS funding agencies in unified framework for standards

Research & Population Health

- Goal: Multiple purpose data use; standardized research & pop. health data
- Establish standard set of patient characteristic linker variables
- National registry of data definitions, datasets, metadata for research and population health
- Incentives for data providers to conform to NHII standards & to provide data for research and population health
- Ensure feedback loop from researchers to public to improve personal health decisions