

**Industries with the highest nonfatal total cases incidence rates for injuries only, private industry, 1995**

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1995 Annual average employment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Incidence rate <sup>4</sup>	
			1994	1995
Truck trailers .....	3715	39.3	24.7	28.8
Ship building and repairing .....	3731	104.3	27.6	28.3
Gray and ductile iron foundries .....	3321	83.3	27.8	26.5
Steel foundries, n.e.c. ....	3325	27.1	21.7	24.5
Malleable iron foundries .....	3322	4.3	18.7	24.2
Secondary nonferrous metals .....	334	15.8	15.4	24.2
Mobile homes .....	2451	61.5	28.9	23.9
Meat packing plants .....	2011	143.5	22.4	22.7
Motor vehicles and car bodies .....	3711	358.9	21.9	21.1
Structural wood members, n.e.c. ....	2439	34.9	20.5	20.8
Prefabricated wood buildings .....	2452	19.1	20.3	20.8
Travel trailers and campers .....	3792	22.2	21.0	20.7
Truck and bus bodies .....	3713	38.3	19.6	20.5
Hoists, cranes, and monorails .....	3536	8.0	13.4	20.3
Aluminum foundries .....	3365	23.8	-	19.9
Aluminum die-castings .....	3363	36.4	20.1	19.8
Prefabricated metal buildings .....	3448	26.2	12.6	19.2
Automotive stampings .....	3465	115.3	21.2	19.2
Bottled and canned soft drinks .....	2086	91.7	16.8	18.8
Iron and steel forgings .....	3462	30.9	21.4	18.8
Fabricated structural metal .....	3441	73.0	17.3	18.7
Raw cane sugar .....	2061	5.5	15.8	18.1
Cold finishing of steel shapes .....	3316	16.9	11.4	18.0
Nursing and personal care facilities .....	805	1,692.5	16.5	17.8
Nonferrous die-castings, except aluminum .....	3364	10.9	13.3	17.4
Mattresses and bedsprings .....	2515	31.2	17.4	17.3
Metal barrels, drums, and pails .....	3412	7.7	21.8	17.2
Flat glass .....	321	15.3	17.3	17.0
Prepared flour mixes and doughs .....	2045	13.5	15.4	17.0
Metal stampings, n.e.c. ....	3469	93.5	14.7	16.8
Fluid milk .....	2026	65.2	15.6	16.8
<b>Private industry <sup>5</sup></b> .....		96,886.0	7.7	7.5

<sup>1</sup> High rate industries were those having the 25 highest total cases incidence rates for injuries at the most detailed or lowest SIC level at which rates are calculated and published. Generally, manufacturing industries were calculated at the 4-digit code level and the remaining industries at the 3-digit level based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

<sup>2</sup> *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

<sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>4</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:  $(N/EH) \times 200,000$ , where

N = number of injuries  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year  
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>5</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.  
 - Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor March 1997