Los Alamos National Laboratory Community Leader Survey September 1999

i

Los Alamos National Laboratory Community Leaders Table of Contents

I. Introduction	5
METHODOLOGY	
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
II. Major Problems Facing the Community	
Major Problem Facing Community	3
Major Educational Problems Facing Community	4
Major Economic Problems Facing Community	6
Major Social Problems Facing Community	7
III. Los Alamos National Laboratory	
Impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory	10
Evaluation of LANL as a Corporate Citizen in Community	10
Reasons Underlying Evaluation of LANL as a Corporate Citizen	12
Evaluation of Specific LANL Attributes	
Evaluation of Educational Programs Offered by LANL	
Evaluation of Efforts in Encouraging New Business to Relocate	16
Evaluation of Efforts to Purchase More Goods/Services From Businesses in Northern New Mexico Communities	
Evaluation of Efforts to Provide Equal Employment Opportunities For Qualified Residents of Northern New Mexico	
Evaluation of Efforts to Listen to Community Concerns	
Evaluation of Efforts to Respond to Community Concerns	
Evaluation of Overall Impact on the Economy of Community	21
Evaluation of Efforts Towards Community Involvement/Regional Economic Development	22
IV. Awareness/Satisfaction with Specific Programs	
Awareness of LANL Foundation	
Satisfaction with Efforts of LANL Foundation	
Awareness of Technology Commercialization Program	
Satisfaction with Technology Commercialization Program	
V. Additional Comments/Suggestions	
VI. Demographics	42
VII. Questionnaire	45

I. Introduction

METHODOLOGY

This tracking study was commissioned by Los Alamos National Laboratory. The objective of the study was to measure the University of California/Los Alamos National Laboratory's perceived progress in responding to the needs of communities in northern New Mexico. The study also measures changes in Community Leaders' awareness and satisfaction levels of specific Laboratory programs and activities over the past year. In addition, the results of the research will help to better shape and direct the UC and Laboratory's contributions to the region for the near and long-term future.

The Interview

The survey instrument was designed in collaboration with the UC, LANL and the Department of Energy officials. Research & Polling refined the survey instrument, conducted the interviews and compiled the results. Respondents were interviewed on the telephone. John Browne, Director at Los Alamos National Laboratory, sent a letter to Community Leaders whose names appeared on the list provided by LANL to inform them of the research objectives and to request their participation in the study. This letter also advised respondents that Research & Polling, Inc. would be contacting them in the near future. In many instances, Research & Polling scheduled a specific date and time to conduct the interview. The interviews were conducted in August and early September of 1999. The benchmark study was conducted in June of 1998.

Sample

A list of Community Leaders was provided by Los Alamos National Laboratory. The Community Leaders were grouped into six sectors: Government, Economic/Business, Education, Tribal, Special Interest Group and the Department of Energy. The table below shows the sample distribution and the response rates for each sector. In last year's study, nine Tribal Leaders were interviewed. For the current study, a conscious effort was made to increase the number of interviews among Tribal Leaders. This was done to more accurately gauge the attitudes and opinions of Tribal Leaders. In order to make comparisons to the previous study, this year's sample was weighted at the organizational sector level to the same proportions as the 1998 study. This was also done to avoid any skewing of the results that would have resulted based on the oversampling of Tribal Leaders.

1998									
Sector	Number of Names Provided	Number of Completed Interviews	Response Rate						
Special Interest Group	8	8	100%						
Tribal	32	9	28%						
Education	43	18	42%						
Government	44	22	50%						
Department of Energy	25	19	76%						
Economic/Business	67	47	70%						
Total	219	123	56%						

	Number of Names Provided	Number of Completed Interviews	Response Rate
Special Interest Group	6	5	83%
Tribal	83	24	29%
Education	37	16	43%
Government	50	26	52%
Department of Energy	24	21	89%
Economic/Business	80	50	63%
Total	280	142	51%

The Report

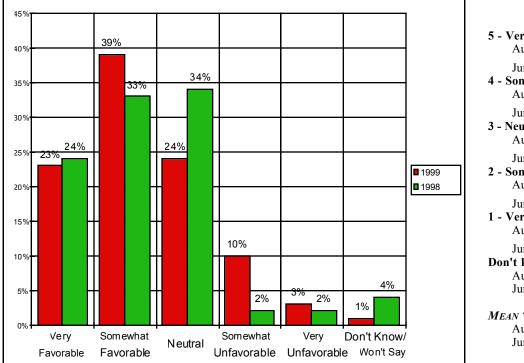
The report summarizes results for each question and reports on any variances in attitude or perception where significant among the demographic subgroups. The demographic subgroups highlighted for this study include: organizational sectors, region and gender. All respondents will receive an aggregate report showing how Community Leaders responded to the survey. The report also discusses any changes in attitude or perception over the past year. Due to the small sample size at the subgroup level, caution must be taken when comparing the results of the two studies.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Overall, Community Leaders' impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory appears to have improved slightly over the past year, particularly when it comes to corporate citizenship. Currently, 68% of the Leaders feel LANL is either a *good* or *excellent* corporate citizen compared to 51% observed last year. It appears as though LANL's efforts to be more involved in the community is being recognized by many of the Community Leaders. In fact, when asked to give the reasons underlying their opinion of LANL, the plurality of Leaders mention that LANL is working at being a better corporate citizen. While there has been a slight improvement in LANL's image over the past year, some Community Leaders remain critical.

While most Leaders have a favorable opinion of LANL, there is a perception among some Leaders that LANL does not follow through on promises. This is evidenced by the fact that while 79% of Leaders feel UC and LANL listen to the concerns of the community, 60% feel they are responsive to community needs. As one Leader put it, "They talk the talk, but do not walk the walk." Another recurring theme is that LANL does not do enough for the outlying communities in North Central New Mexico. In short, it looks as though most Community Leaders recognize that LANL is making efforts to be a better corporate citizen, but needs to keep up or even expand the good work that has been undertaken. This sentiment is illustrated by one of the Leaders who said, "The Lab is trying to improve their community involvement but need to go that extra mile. Don't stop now!" It should be noted that Tribal Leaders and Leaders in Rio Arriba tend to be more critical of LANL, specifically when it comes to economic issues such as purchasing goods and services from local businesses and in the Lab's employment practices. These are areas that LANL may want to focus more attention, either in doing more to resolve these issues or in educating the Leaders on the Lab's specific programs and policies.

One of the areas that LANL may want to focus its energy on is economic development. There is great concern about the lack of economic diversity in the area and the lack of good paying jobs. Economic development is essential to the local communities, and as the major economic force in the area, LANL should be at the forefront in helping regional Community Leaders find ways to stimulate economic growth. The educational programs sponsored by LANL are helpful in this capacity, but more still needs to be done to work with the community to create business opportunities. By playing a leading role in helping to find ways to spur economic growth in the area, LANL would go a long way in enhancing its image among the Community Leaders. It may also be helpful to educate Leaders on the programs that are already in place. In addition to the economic development, LANL may want to focus attention on the problem of substance abuse, particularly in Rio Arriba, where illegal drug use is perceived to be a serious problem. Since Community Leaders in Rio Arriba tend to be more critical of LANL compared to others, it may be all the more beneficial that LANL shows an interest in helping Community Leaders find ways to deal with this difficult problem.



Impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory

IMPRESSION OF LANL AS A CORPORATE CITIZEN IN COMMUNITY (BY ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR)

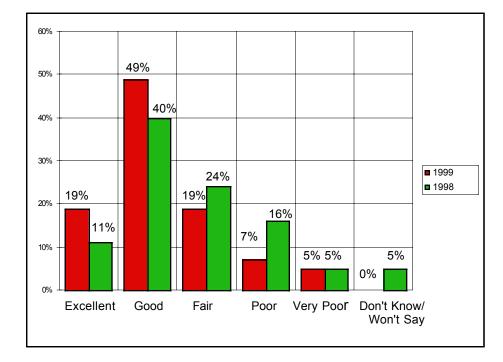
23%	23%	24%	31%	4%	20%	21%
24%	36%	23%	28%	-	13%	21%
39%	31%	50%	38%	23%	-	47%
33%	9%	49%	44%	11%	13%	32%
24%	31%	20%	13%	50%	40%	21%
34%	45%	21%	28%	56%	50%	42%
10%	15%	6%	6%	15%	20%	11%
2%	5%	2%	-	-	-	5%
3%	-	-	6%	4%	20%	-
2%	-	-	-	11%	25%	-
1%	-	-	6%	4%	-	-
4%	5%	4%	-	22%	-	-
37	36	39	$4\ 0$	32	28	3.8
3.8	3.8	4.0	4.0	2.9	2.9	3.7
	SAMPLE 23% 24% 39% 33% 24% 34% 10% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 2% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3%	SAMPLE MENT 23% 23% 24% 36% 39% 31% 33% 9% 24% 31% 34% 45% 10% 15% 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3% - 2% 5% 3.7 3.6	SAMPLE MENT BUSINESS 23% 23% 24% 24% 36% 23% 39% 31% 50% 39% 31% 50% 33% 9% 49% 24% 31% 20% 34% 45% 21% 10% 15% 6% 2% 5% 2% 3% - - 2% 5% 2% 3% - - 1% - - 4% 5% 4% 3.7 3.6 3.9	SAMPLE MENT BUSINESS TIONAL 23% 23% 24% 31% 24% 36% 23% 28% 39% 31% 50% 38% 39% 31% 50% 38% 33% 9% 49% 44% 24% 31% 20% 13% 34% 45% 21% 28% 10% 15% 6% 6% 2% 5% 2% $ 3\%$ $ 6\%$ 2% $ 3\%$ $ 6\%$ 2% $ 3\%$ $ 6\%$ 2% $ 10\%$ $ 10\%$ $ 10\%$ $ -$ <	SAMPLEMENTBUSINESSTIONAL TRIBAL23%23%24% 31% 4%24%36%23%28%-39%31%50%38%23%33%9%49%44%11%24%31%20%13%50%34%45%21%28%56%10%15%6%6%15%2%5%2%3%6%4%2%11%1%6%4%4%5%4%-22%3.73.63.94.03.2	SAMPLEMENTBUSINESSTIONAL TRIBALGROUP23%23%24% 31% 4%20%24%36%23%28%-13%39%31%50%38%23%-33%9%49%44%11%13%24%31%20%13%50%40%34%45%21%28%56%50%10%15%6%6%15%20%2%5%2%3%6%4%20%2%11%25%1%6%4%-4%5%4%-22%-3.73.63.94.03.22.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the five-point scale. The <u>very favorable</u> response is assigned a value of 5, the <u>very unfavorable</u> response is assigned a value of 1, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory

Community Leaders were asked to rate their impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory using a 5-point scale, where 5 is *very favorable* and 1 is *very unfavorable*. As shown above, the majority (62%) of Community Leaders have a favorable impression of the Laboratory, giving a score of 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale. Twenty-three percent have a *very favorable* impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory. Thirteen percent of the Leaders indicate they have an unfavorable impression of the Lab (a score of 1 or 2), while 24% have a neutral opinion. These results are similar to those observed last year. Community Leaders are now slightly more inclined to say they have a favorable opinion of the Lab (62% and 57%, respectively), though more Leaders also have an unfavorable opinion than they did last year (13% and 4%, respectively).

Looking at the differences within the organizational sectors, it is observed that 74% of the Economic/Business Leaders have a favorable impression compared to just 20% of the Special Interest Group Leaders and 27% of the Tribal Leaders (see previous page). These results are similar to those observed last year, though we do find a small increase in favorability ratings among the Tribal Leaders. Although Special Interest Group Leaders show lower levels of favorability, caution must be taken when comparing these results due to the fact that relatively few of these Leaders were surveyed in either study.



Evaluation of LANL as a Corporate Citizen

EVALUATION OF LANL AS A CORPORATE CITIZEN IN COMMUNITY (BY ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR)

	TOTAL (SAMPLE	GOVERN MENT	-ECONOMIC BUSINESS		1	SPECIAL NTEREST GROUP	Г
5 - Excellent	<u> </u>						
August 1999 (N = 142)	19%	19%	16%	31%	4%	20%	21%
June 1998 ($N = 123$) 4 - Good	11%	14%	17%	-	-	13%	11%
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	49%	38%	58%	44%	27%	40%	58%
June 1998 (N = 123) 3 - Fair	40%	32%	38%	61%	33%	13%	47%
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	19%	23%	16%	13%	42%	20%	16%
June 1998 ($N = 123$) 2 - Poor	24%	18%	19%	28%	22%	50%	26%
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	7%	8%	6%	-	23%	20%	5%
June 1998 <i>(N = 123)</i> 1 - Very poor	16%	23%	23%	11%	-	-	11%
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	5%	12%	4%	13%	-	-	-
June 1998 (N = 123) Don't know/won't say	4%	5%	-	-	22%	25%	-
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
June 1998 ($N = 123$)	5%	9%	2%	-	22%	-	5%
Mean *Ü							
August 1999 ($N = 142$)	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.1	3.6	3.9
June 1998 ($N = 123$)	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.5	2.9	2.9	3.6

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the five-point scale. The <u>excellent</u> response is assigned a value of 5, the <u>good</u> response is assigned a value of 4, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

As shown above, two-thirds of the Community Leaders feel Los Alamos National Laboratory is either a *good* (49%) or *excellent* (19%) corporate citizen, while 19% give a *fair* rating. Twelve percent of the Leaders feel LANL is either a *poor* (7%) or *very poor* (5%) corporate citizen. Community Leaders' perception of LANL's corporate citizenship has improved markedly in the past year as the ratings of *good* and *excellent* have increased from 51% to 68% currently.

1

In terms of organizational sectors, we find that the majority of Leaders in each sector give LANL a *good* or *excellent* rating with the exception of Tribal Leaders, where only 31% give a positive evaluation. As shown on the preceding page, we find the biggest improvements among Economic/Business Leaders and Educational Leaders. Last year 55% of the Economic/Business Leaders gave ratings of *good/excellent* compared to 74% currently. Among Educational Leaders, 31% now give an *excellent* rating, whereas none of the Educational Leaders gave an *excellent* rating last year.

EVALUATION OF SPECIFIC LANL ATTRIBUTES Ranked By Highest Percentage "Very Satisfied" (1999)

TOTAL SAMPLE

	VERY SATISFIED 4	SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3	SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 2	VERY DISSATISFIED 1	DON'T KNOW/ WON'T SAY	MEAN *
The overall impact on the economy in your community (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	40% 40%	38% 34%	11% 11%	7% 5%	4% 10%	3.2 3.2
The community involvement/regional economic development efforts (UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	28% 23%	37% 36%	8% 15%	9% 2%	19% 24%	3.0 3.0
Effort to listen to concerns of your community (LANL /UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	26% 25%	53% 46%	14% 15%	5% 7%	2% 7%	3.0 3.0
Efforts to purchase more goods/services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	25% 22%	39% 41%	13% 20%	11% 2%	12% 14%	2.9 3.0
Educational programs offered (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	24% 20%	36% 37%	8% 12%	5% 1%	28% 29%	3.1 3.1
Encouraging new business to relocate to northern New Mexico (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	21% 31%	47% 37%	12% 16%	8% 3%	12% 13%	2.9 3.1
Effort to respond to concerns of your community (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	20% 12%	40% 52%	25% 20%	10% 9%	5% 7%	2.7 2.7
Efforts to provide equal opportunities for employment for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	20% 20%	38% 37%	15% 17%	8% 9%	18% 17%	2.9 2.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Community Leaders were read various statements relating to LANL's community involvement and for each asked to rate their level of satisfaction. As shown on the preceding page, the large majority of Leaders express satisfaction with each of the items listed, particularly when it comes to the Lab's impact on the local economy as 40% are *very satisfied* and 38% are *somewhat satisfied*. Furthermore, approximately two-thirds are either *somewhat satisfied* (37%) or *very satisfied* (28%) with the University of California Northern New Mexico Office for its community involvement and regional economic development. Along these same lines, approximately two-thirds of the Leaders express satisfaction with the Lab's efforts in encouraging new business to relocate to northern New Mexico (68%) and the Lab's efforts to purchase more goods and services from businesses in northern New Mexico (64%).

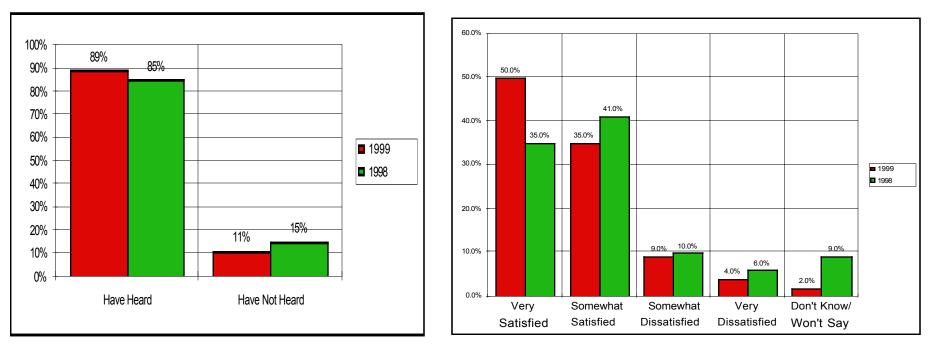
Approximately four-fifths (79%) of the Leaders are satisfied with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to listen to the concerns of their community. However, significantly fewer Leaders (60%) are satisfied with the efforts to respond to these concerns. More than one-third (35%) express dissatisfaction with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts in responding to their community.

Three-fifths of the Leaders are satisfied with the educational programs offered at LANL and just under three-fifths (58%) are satisfied with the equal employment opportunities that are offered at Los Alamos National Laboratory. However, it should be noted 28% are unaware of the educational programs and 18% are unable to evaluate the equality of employment opportunities. As was observed last year, Leaders of the Economic/Business and Education sectors tend to express the highest levels of satisfaction with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory, while Tribal and Special Interest Group Leaders tend to be the most critical.

Overall, there have been only slight changes in satisfaction with the University of California and LANL for the items listed. The biggest shift in opinion is observed for encouraging new businesses to relocate to northern New Mexico as 31% were *very satisfied* in the previous study compared to 21% observed currently. Within the various sectors we do find some differences from results observed last year. For example, Government Leaders express higher levels of satisfaction with the efforts of UC and Los Alamos National Laboratory to purchase more goods and services from local businesses. However, Government Leaders are now more inclined to be dissatisfied with efforts to respond to the concerns of the community. There is a general trend in that Tribal Leaders are slightly more complimentary than was observed last year.

AWARENESS OF LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL FOUNDATION PROGRAM

SATISFACTION WITH EFFORTS OF LANL FOUNDATION PROGRAM



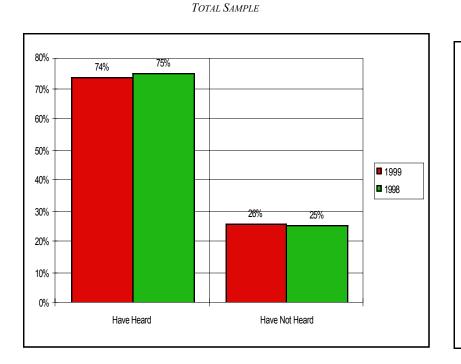
Total Sample

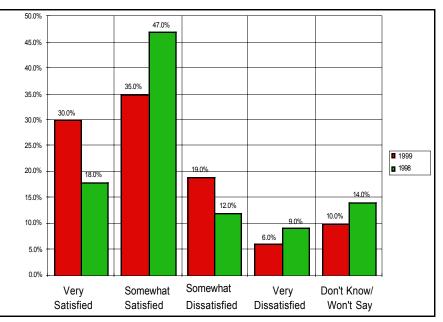
AMONG THOSE AWARE OF LANL FOUNDATION PROGRAM

The vast majority (89%) of Community Leaders say they have heard or read about the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation. This is up slightly from the 85% awareness level observed last year. Economic/Business Leaders (82%) are the least inclined to be aware of the Foundation. Awareness among Tribal Leaders has doubled from the 44% observed last year to 88% currently.

More than four-fifths of those who are aware of the Foundation are either *very satisfied* (50%) or *somewhat satisfied* (35%) with its efforts, though 9% are *somewhat dissatisfied* and 4% are *very dissatisfied*. Satisfaction with the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation has improved over the past year as 50% of the Leaders now say they are *very* satisfied, compared to 35% observed in the previous study. It should be noted that satisfaction with the Foundation among Tribal Leaders has increased from 25% last year to 74% currently.

AWARENESS OF TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION PROGRAM SATISFACTION WITH TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION PROGRAM





AMONG THOSE AWARE OF TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION PROGRAM

Three-quarters (74%) of Community Leaders say they have heard or read about the Technology Commercialization Program, which is virtually identical to the results observed last year. Awareness of the Technology Commercialization Program is highest among Economic/Business Leaders (86%) and DOE Leaders (79%) and is lowest among Tribal Leaders (46%).

Approximately two-thirds of those who are aware of the Technology Commercialization Program are either *somewhat satisfied* (35%) or *very satisfied* (30%) with it. However, one-in-four of the Leaders express dissatisfaction with the program. Overall, it is observed that Community Leaders are now more inclined to say they are *very satisfied* with the Technology Commercialization program than they were last year (30% and 18%, respectively).

II. Major Problems Facing the Community

Major Problem Facing Community (UNAIDED RESPONSES)

Question 1: What would you say is the single, biggest problem facing your community today?

	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)
Economy Non-availability of good jobs Lack of economic opportunities Economic diversification Availability of affordable homes Community not self sufficient Poverty/low incomes Cost of housing is high/unreasonable DOE funding Cost of living is high/unreasonable	44% 12% 6% 6% 5% 4% 2% 1% 1% 1%	Social/Cultural Illegal drug use Crime rate is high Leadership bends too easy to vocal few Lack of information or communication Domestic violence/family problems Diversify from Lab/yet work w/effective Youth problems Protection of tribal sovereignty	21% 10% 5% 2% * * *	Education Educational system is poor Dropout rate Lack of training for good jobs Poor student social skills Financial aid to college students Labor force/skilled labor unavailable UNM student perceive environment/hostile No support/tribal officials/education	11% 5% * * * *
Retail leakage to Santa Fe/Albuquerque U of C not paying taxes Economic liability Budget cuts/response to spy scandal Local government budget deficit Too dependent on DOE funding Economic instability Maintain services without DOE funds Lack of DOE assistance payments	* * * * * * * *	Infrastructure/Land Use Lack of infrastructure Land shortage/lack of for development Lack of water infrastructure Failing infrastructure Growing too big/too fast Land development out of control Lack of shopping Lack of mass transit Telecommunications Lack of parking downtown Telecommunications problems Master planning	19% 5% 4% * * * * * * *	Environmental Not knowing what testing being done Environmental impact Water shortage Water quality Nothing/don't know/won't say * Less than one percent reported.	* * *

When asked to name the single biggest problem facing the community today, the plurality (44%) of Community Leaders mention something related to the economy, with the non-availability of good jobs being the most frequently mentioned economic issue (12%). Approximately one-fifth (21%) of the Leaders mention an issue related to social or cultural problems such as illegal drug use or the crime rate and 19% mention issues related to the infrastructure or land use.

Region: Twenty-eight percent of Rio Arriba Leaders mention the non-availability of good jobs as the biggest problem facing their community, while 27% say illegal drug use is the biggest problem.

Major Educational Problems Facing Community (UNAIDED RESPONSES)

Question 2: Focusing specifically on education, what do you consider to be the most important educational problems facing your community today?

A	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		UGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)
Dropout rate is high	18%	Curriculum/Quality Issues (continued) Need mentorship programs	68% 1%	Facilities/Equipment Renovation of school facilities	15% 5%
Curriculum/Quality Issues	68%	Need academic prep. for college	1%	Quality of school facilities	4%
Continuation of higher education	12%	Respect for children w/different ability	1%	Need computers in schools	1%
Poor quality of teachers	5%	Bad writing skills	*	Lack of teaching materials	1%
Education is poor	5%	Need to learn practical skills	*	Middle school not complete	1%
Raising test scores/educational standard	5%	Need for distance learning	*	Student overcrowding	1%
Lack of technology education	5%	č		Lack of school buildings	1%
Increase student-at-work/apprentice program	n 4%	Eurdina	32%	Failing school infrastructure	1%
Improve vocational programs	4%	<u>Funding</u>		Lack of equipment	*
Orient work force to stay in community	3%	Lack of money/present	11%		
Lack of interest in literacy component	2%	Lack of money/future Low teacher salaries	6% 5%	Non-Funding Support/Leadership	12%
High GED rate/too easy to get GED	2%	Need to maintain funding	5% 4%	Lack of parental involvement	7%
Lack of alternative for special students	2%	Decline in DOE funding for schools	3%	Declining school population	2%
Lack of school to career programs	1%	Lack of funding for extracurricular programs	3% 1%	Administration not doing a good job	2%
Lack of pre-school programs	1%	Students don't have funds/higher education	1%	Lack of cooperation - parents/teachers	270 1%
Shortage of teachers	1%	Lack of financial support	1%	Outreach in "less favorable" areas	1%
Lack of good educ. skills - lower grades	1%	Lack of economic resources	*	Dysfunction of families	1%
Need better employee skills	1%	Lack of economic resources		Political interference	1%
Retain the quality	1%			Lack of incentives to go to college	1%
Cannot attract new teachers	1%	<u>School Environment</u>	19%	Lack of accountability	1%
Educ. quality - public schools nationwide	1%	Drugs	5%	No jobs awaiting graduating students	1%
Advanced education H.S. students	1%	Student apathy	3%	Role models for Native Americans	*
Lack of trade schools	1%	Lack of educational stability	2%	Lack of role models/mentorship	*
Lack of basics programs	1%	Violence prevention/safety	2%	Need to be educated about the Lab	*
Lack of four-year college	1%	Lack of discipline	2%		
Passing students barely making it	1% 1%	Communication between students/teachers	2%		
Disparity between educational levels Performance standard needs evaluation	1%	Poor school attendance	1%	No problems	1%
	1%	Isolation from the rest of the world	1%	Don't know/won't say	9%
Ability to attract quality teachers	170	Students' angry attitude	1%	2	

* Less than one percent reported.

Note: The sum of the percentages exceeds one hundred percent due to multiple responses.

When asked in an unaided, open-ended manner what they consider to be the most important educational problems facing their community, the single most frequently mentioned problem is the dropout rate (18%). While the dropout rate is the single most frequently mentioned problem, approximately two-thirds (68%) of the Leaders mentioned something related to quality, curriculum or programmatic issues such as the continuation of education or the poor quality of teachers. Approximately one-third (32%) of the Leaders mentioned something related to educational funding such as the lack of money currently present and the lack of future funding. Nineteen percent of the Leaders mentioned issues involving the school environment such as drugs and violence and 15% mentioned issues related to the lack of or poor quality of facilities and equipment.

Region: Twenty-seven percent of the Leaders in Rio Arriba and Santa Fe say the dropout rate is one of the most important educational problems facing their community compared to 8% of Leaders in Los Alamos.

Major Economic Problems Facing Community (UNAIDED RESPONSES)

Question 3: Focusing specifically on the economy, what do you consider to be the most important economic problems facing your community today?

	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		UGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)
<u>Jobs/Labor</u>	54%	Resource/Development	29%	<u>Other</u>	11%
Non-availability of good jobs	18%	Lack of infrastructure	12%	Difficult to work with Lab	2%
Lack of training for good jobs	8%	Lack of land/land shortage	3%	Casinos	1%
Lack of opportunity to develop skills	6%	Lack of planning/management	3%	No communication tribes/local governmen	it 1%
Lack of training for unemployed	5%	Lack of economic resources	2%	Racial class division	1%
Skilled labor unavailable	5%	Need more money/lack of capital	2%	Attitudes of some members of county	1%
Salary levels	5%	Budget cuts with respect to spy scandal	2%	Gross receipts tax/inadequate	1%
Unskilled labor unavailable	3%	Lack of transportation	1%	Welfare reform	1%
High unemployment	1%	Available capital for sm. business/investmen	it 1%	U of C tax burden	1%
Lack of semi-skilled jobs/job diversity	*	Poverty	1%	Termination of assistance agreement w/DOI	E 1%
Youth not interested in continuing educat	ion *	DOE funding	1%	Environmentalists vs. ranchers/farmers	1%
Jobs for students at college level	*	Lack of county/state support	*	Need better respect for agriculture	*
Lack of ambition	*	Lack of telecommunications	*		
Business	51%	Cost of Living/Housing/Office Space	11%	Don't know/won't say	8%
Lack of diversification	17%	Cost of living high/unreasonable	4%	* Less than one percent reported.	
Economy is too dependent on LANL	8%	Availability of affordable housing	3%		
Lack of economic development	7%	Cost of housing is high/unreasonable	2%	Note: The sum of the percentages exceeds of	one hundred
Lack of high tech industries/not LANL	4%	High cost of space/individual business	1%	percent due to multiple responses.	
Lack of shopping/retail	4%	Lab owns buildings/can't afford rent	1%		
Governmental dependency	3%				
Not enough private businesses	3%				
Stability for small business	1%				
Attract new business	1%				
Lack of affordable business facilities	1%				
Not enough contracts from LANL	1%				

Lack of entertainment industry

When asked what they consider to be the most important economic problems facing their community today, the majority (54%) of Leaders mentioned issues pertaining to jobs or the labor force. For instance, 18% mentioned the non-availability of good jobs while 8% cited the lack of training for good jobs. Just over half (51%) of the Leaders cited issues related to business in the area with the lack of diversification being mentioned most frequently (17%). More than one-quarter (29%) mentioned resource and development issues such as the lack of infrastructure (12%). Housing, cost of living and cost of retail or office space is mentioned by 11% of the Community Leaders.

1%

Major Social Problems Facing Community (UNAIDED RESPONSES)

Log manos manonal Lagoratory, community Loudors - 1 age

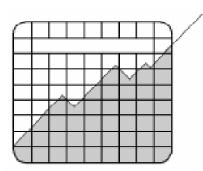
Question 4: Focusing specifically on social problems, what do you consider to be the most important social problems facing your community today?

	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)
Substance Abuse Drugs Alcoholism System/Structural Issues Elitism/disparity of income Poverty Diversity/acceptance Lack of affordable housing Racism Lack of planning Isolation Low income Lack of employment Politics Welfare system Lack of affordable housing Affordable labor Widening income gaps between rich/poor Cooperation between small businesses Past reputation Inequality in Espanola Valley to LANL Gambling Aging demographics	41% 32% 9% 36% 4% 4% 4% 3% 2% 2% 2% 2% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	System/Structural Issues (continued) Intrusion from outside world Quality of life based on economy No communication Los Alamos/Valley Jealousy over successful people No money for socializing Outside influences have negative impact Youth Lack of after school/youth activities School dropout rate Youth problems Lack of guidance/youth assistance Teen pregnancy Identify with cultural values People's inability to resolve conflict Apathy Creating opportunity to keep youth here Youth need good examples Lack of career counseling/youth Youth have no future plans A negative peer influence Need mentorship in social skills	36% 1% * * * * 32% 9% 7% 5% 2% 2% 2% 2% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	Families & ValuesDecline of family valuesLack of emphasis on educationDomestic violence/family problemsSingle parent familiesLack of day care/affordable day careDecreasing service to communityLack of ambitionLack of health servicesLack of Activities/ServicesNothing for people to doLack of activities for all agesAffordable health-careLack of transportationCrimeCrime (general)Gangs/gang violence	23% 7% 4% 4% 3% 2% 1% 1% 1% 1% 2% 2% 2% 1% 1% 1% 5% 2%
Aging demographics	170			Don't know/won't say	10%

* Less than one percent reported.

Note: The sum of the percentages exceeds one hundred percent due to multiple responses.

When asked specifically what are the most important social problems facing their community today, substance abuse of drugs (32%) or alcohol (9%) are mentioned most frequently. Over one-third (36%) of the Leaders mentioned issues pertaining to system or structural issues such as elitism/disparity of income (4%), poverty (4%) or acceptance of diversity (4%). Approximately one-third (32%) of the Leaders mentioned youth problems such as the lack of after school activities and school dropout rate and 23% of the Leaders mentioned issues related to families and values. Thirteen percent mentioned the lack of services available in their community and 7% mentioned crime related issues. It should be noted that approximately three-fifths (57%) of Leaders in Rio Arriba mentioned drugs as the most important social problem facing the area, while 18% mentioned the decline of family values. One-fifth of the Leaders in Los Alamos mentioned drugs and the lack of after school activities.



III. Los Alamos National Laboratory

Impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory

Question 5: Generally, what is your impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory? Using a 5-point scale in which 5 is very favorable and 1 is very unfavorable, what is your impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

05 1141105 114110141 Lucoratory Continuity Louders - 1 age

			REGION				ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR					GENDER			
	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)	JUNE 1998 (N = 123)	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- <u>STATE</u>	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	TRIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
5 - Very favorable	23%	24%	19%	30%	16%	11%	51%	23%	24%	31%	4%	20%	21%	24%	22%
4	39%	33%	56%	18%	49%	41%	24%	31%	50%	38%	23%	-	47%	38%	41%
3	24%	34%	17%	36%	19%	22%	25%	31%	20%	13%	50%	40%	21%	22%	28%
2	10%	2%	5%	13%	5%	24%	-	15%	6%	6%	15%	20%	11%	12%	6%
1 - Very unfavorable	3%	2%	3%	-	9%	2%	-	-	-	6%	4%	20%	-	4%	1%
Don't know/won't say	1%	4%	-	3%	2%	-	-	-	-	6%	4%	-	-	-	3%
MEAN *	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.4	4.3	3.6	3.9	4.0	3.2	2.8	3.8	3.7	3.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the five-point scale. The <u>very favorable</u> response is assigned a value of 5, the <u>very unfavorable</u> response is assigned a value of 1, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Community Leaders were asked to rate their impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory using a 5-point scale where 5 is *very favorable* and 1 is *very unfavorable*. Overall, the majority (62%) of Community Leaders have a favorable impression of the Laboratory, giving a score of 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale. Twenty-three percent have a *very favorable* impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory. Thirteen percent of the Leaders indicate they have an unfavorable impression of the Lab (a score of 1 or 2), while 24% have a neutral opinion (a score of 3).

Comparison to Previous Study: Overall, these results are similar to those observed last year. Community Leaders are now slightly more inclined to say they have a favorable opinion of the Lab (62% and 57%, respectively), though more Leaders also have an unfavorable opinion than they did last year (13% and 4%, respectively).

Region: Three-quarters of Leaders in Los Alamos and 65% of Santa Fe Leaders say they have a favorable impression of LANL compared to 48% of Leaders in Rio Arriba.

Organization Sector: Leaders in the Economic/Business sector and Educational sector are the most inclined to have a favorable impression of LANL, whereas Tribal Leaders and those in Special Interest Groups are the most critical.

Evaluation of LANL as a Corporate Citizen in Community

Question 6: Companies, like individuals, can be members of the community. How would you rate Los Alamos National Laboratory as a corporate citizen in your community? Would you rate Los Alamos National Laboratory as excellent, good, fair, poor, or very poor?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

			REGION			ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR					Gender		
	AUGUST JUNE 1999 1998 (N = 142) (N = 123	LOS RIO) <u>Alamos arrii</u>		OTHER OTHER N.M. OUT-OF REGION STATE	- GOVERN-		EDUCA- <u>TIONAL</u>	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE	
5 - Excellent	19% 11%	15% 17%	6 27%	17% 38%	19%	16%	31%	4%	20%	21%	23%	13%	
4 - Good	49% 40%	56% 46%	6 53%	36% 49%	38%	58%	44%	27%	40%	58%	45%	56%	
3 - Fair	19% 24%	15% 25%	6 10%	27% 12%	23%	16%	13%	42%	20%	16%	15%	25%	
2 - Poor	7% 16%	5% 10%	6 11%	8% -	8%	6%	-	23%	20%	5%	8%	6%	
1 - Very poor	5% 5%	10% 2%		10% -	12%	4%	13%	-	-	-	9%	-	
MEAN *	3.7 3.4	3.6 3.7	3.9	3.4 4.3	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.8	

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the five-point scale. The <u>excellent</u> response is assigned a value of 5, the <u>good</u> response is assigned a value of 4, etc. The "don't know/won't say' responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Two-thirds of the Community Leaders characterize Los Alamos National Laboratory as being either a *good* (49%) or *excellent* (19%) corporate citizen, while 19% give a *fair* rating. Twelve percent of the Leaders feel LANL is either a *poor* (7%) or *very poor* (5%) corporate citizen.

Comparison to Previous Study: Community Leaders' perception of LANL as a good corporate citizen has improved markedly in the past year. Currently, 19% give an *excellent* rating compared to 11% last year. Furthermore, the ratings of *good* has increased from 40% last year to 49% currently.

Region: Eighty percent of Leaders from Santa Fe give ratings of *good* or *excellent* compared to 71% of Leaders from Los Alamos and 63% of Leaders from Rio Arriba.

Organizational Sector: The majority of Leaders in each sector give LANL a good or excellent rating with the exception of Tribal Leaders where only 31% give a positive evaluation.

Question 7: Why is that, why do you give Los Alamos National Laboratory a rating of (answer from Question 6) overall?

Comments primarily associated	AUGUST 1999	Comments primarily associated	AUGUST 1999	Comments primarily associated	AUGUST 1999
with Good/Excellent ratings	(N = 142)	with <i>Fair</i> ratings	(N = 142)	with <i>Poor/Very Poor</i> ratings	(N = 142)
Lab is making an effort/working on it	30%	Can always improve/could do more	14%	Mostly lip service/not really involved	8%
Involved in the community	21%	Pay more attention to outlying areas	1%	No community involvement	6%
Foundation programs are good	8%	Efforts made have not been successful	1%	Have not reached out to community problem	4%
Have made significant changes	7%	Lab has tendency to "take over"	1%	Lack of involvement in northern NM	4%
Outreach programs	6%	Internal communication of Lab stinks	1%	Need to be a better corporate citizen	2%
Training/education programs	5%	Look down on people of Espanola	1%	Procurement should be local	2%
Communication needed	5%	Outreach program needs improvement	1%	Does not exist in Santa Fe	1%
Good for local economy	4%	Need more jobs for Taos County	*	Needs to motivate higher education	1%
Job/local employment	2%	Region too dependent/LANL/economically	*	Do not pay fair share of taxes	1%
Needs to get youth involved	2%	Change has only happened recently	*	Unattached to problems they create	1%
Involved in business community	2%	There is no community/P.R.	*	Elitism/disparity of income	1%
Good publicity/improve image	2%	Lab acts/poor comm. does not exist	*	Have not done very good job of it	1%
Only/major economy of the community	1%	Need interaction w/people not "on hill"	*	Environmental prob. not addressed/N. NM	1%
Good interaction with representatives	1%	Need to share technology	*	Management problems at the Lab	1%
Really cares/listens to community needs	1%	Lack of employment for community itself	*	No separation/too much involvement	1%
Contract of U of C	1%	Youth need incentive for Lab employment	*	Arrogance of LANL	1%
Should be involved in all aspects of comm.	1%	Patronizing attitudes	*	Native American employees/low level	*
Have worked there/am familiar with	1%	0		1 2	
Good mentorship programs	*			No/don't know/won't say	1%
Need more follow up	*			······································	
·····				* Less than one percent reported.	

Note: The sum of the percentages exceeds one hundred percent due to multiple responses.

S THANGS THATOTHE DADOTHOT IT COMMUNITY DOMOTS - 1 420 1.

Leaders were asked in an unaided, open-ended manner to give the reasons underlying their rating of Los Alamos National Laboratory as a corporate citizen. The primary reasons why Community Leaders say they gave ratings of *good* or *excellent* include the efforts the Lab is making to be a good neighbor, the Labís involvement with the community, the Foundation programs and the changes the Lab has made.

The plurality of those who give LANL a *fair* rating mentioned the efforts that have been made to be a good neighbor, while others say the Lab can always improve.

The large majority of Leaders who give a *poor* or *very poor* rating say LANL is mostly paying lip service and is really not involved in the community. Other common complaints include the lack of community outreach to help with problems affecting the area and the lack of involvement in northern New Mexico.

Evaluation of Specific LANL Attributes

Ranked By Highest Percentage "Very Satisfied" (1999)

Questions 8-15: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied.

TOTAL SAMPLE

	Very Satisfied 4	Somewhat Satisfied 3	Somewhat Dissatisfied 2	Very Dissatisfied 1	Don't Know/ Won't Say	Mean Ü
The overall impact on the economy in your community (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	40% 40%	38% 34%	11% 11%	7% 5%	4% 10%	3.2 3.2
The community involvement/regional economic development efforts (UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	28% 23%	37% 36%	8% 15%	9% 2%	19% 24%	3.0 3.0
Effort to listen to concerns of your community (LANL /UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	26% 25%	53% 46%	14% 15%	5% 7%	2% 7%	3.0 3.0
Efforts to purchase more goods/services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	25% 22%	39% 41%	13% 20%	11% 2%	12% 14%	2.9 3.0
Educational programs offered (LANL) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	24% 20%	36% 37%	8% 12%	5% 1%	28% 29%	3.1 3.1
Encouraging new business to relocate to northern New Mexico (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	21% 31%	47% 37%	12% 16%	8% 3%	12% 13%	2.9 3.1
Effort to respond to concerns of your community (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	20% 12%	40% 52%	25% 20%	10% 9%	5% 7%	2.7 2.7
Efforts to provide equal opportunities for employment for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico (LANL/UC) August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	20% 20%	38% 37%	15% 17%	8% 9%	18% 17%	2.9 2.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. "The don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Approximately four-fifths of the Leaders are either *somewhat satisfied* (53%) or *very satisfied* (26%) with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to listen to the concerns of their community. However, while 79% are satisfied with the efforts to listen to community concerns, significantly fewer Leaders (60%) are satisfied with the efforts to respond to these concerns. More than one-third (35%) express dissatisfaction with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts in responding to their community.

Mexico (64%).

Three-fifths of the Leaders are satisfied with the educational programs offered at LANL and just under three-fifths (58%) are satisfied with the equal employment opportunities that are offered at Los Alamos National Laboratory. However, it should be noted that 28% are unaware of the educational programs and 18% are unable to evaluate the equality of the employment opportunities. This would suggest that more needs to be done to inform area residents and Leaders of LANL's efforts in these areas.

Comparison to Previous Study: Overall, there have been only slight changes in satisfaction with the University of California and LANL for the items listed. The biggest shift in opinion is observed for encouraging new businesses to relocate to northern New Mexico as 31% were very satisfied in the previous study compared to 21% observed currently. Given the importance of economic development in the area, LANL should focus more on working with area Leaders in promoting new business development.

Organizational Sectors: Leaders of the Economic/Business and Education sectors tend to express the highest levels of satisfaction with the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory, while Tribal and Special Interest Group Leaders tend to be the most critical. Within the various sectors we do find some differences from results observed last year For example, Government Leaders express higher levels of satisfaction with the efforts of UC and Los Alamos National Laboratory to purchase more goods and services from local businesses. Tribal Leaders tend to be slightly more complimentary than was observed in the past.

Evaluation of Educational Programs Offered by LANL

Question 8: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [the educational programs offered by Los Alamos National Laboratory]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

				REGION				Organi	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	R		GEN	NDER
	AUGUST JUN 1999 199 (N = 142) (N = 1	8 LOS	RIO ARRIBA	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>T</u> RIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST <u>GROUP</u>	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	24% 20% 36% 37% 8% 1% 5% 1% 28% 29%	6 39% 5% 4%	29% 26% 16% 10% 20%	18% 46% 5% 	14% 43% 3% 6% 33%	27% 23% - 50%	15% 38% 15% 12% 19%	26% 38% 4% 4% 28%	50% 31% - 6% 13%	15% 38% 27% 8% 12%	20% 20% 20% -	11% 37% - 53%	23% 39% 11% 5% 23%	26% 29% 2% 5% 37%
MEAN *	3.1 3.1	3.2	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.5	2.7	3.2	3.4	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.2

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

As previously noted, 24% of the Community Leaders are *very satisfied* and 36% are *somewhat satisfied* with the educational programs offered by LANL.

Region: Although the majority (55%) of Leaders in Rio Arriba express satisfaction with the educational programs offered by LANL, 26% express dissatisfaction.

Organizational Sector: Four-fifths of the Educational Leaders are either *very satisfied* (50%) or *somewhat satisfied* (31%) with the educational programs offered by LANL. Conversely, over one-third (35%) of the Tribal Leaders express dissatisfaction with the educational programs.

Evaluation of Efforts in Encouraging New Business to Relocate

Question 9: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [the efforts of the University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory during the last year in encouraging new business to relocate to northern New Mexico]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

IOS THUNDHUL EUCOTUNOT J. COMMUNITY ECUNOTS - 1 USC 10

					REGION				ORGANI	ZATIONAI	L SECTOF	ł		Gen	NDER
	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)	JUNE 1998 (N = 123)	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ <u>BUSINESS</u>	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>T</u> RIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	21% 47% 12% 8% 12%	31% 37% 16% 3% 13%	10% 61% 14% 7% 7%	27% 41% 14% 11% 7%	18% 48% 17% - 17%	22% 40% 5% 12% 20%	50% 25% - 25%	15% 50% 15% 12% 8%	24% 56% 12% 4% 4%	19% 56% - 13% 13%	12% 35% 19% 12% 23%	20% 40% 20% 20%	26% 42% 5% - 26%	25% 47% 11% 9% 8%	14% 48% 14% 5% 19%
MEAN *	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.7	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.3	3.3	2.9	2.9

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Approximately two-thirds of the Community Leaders are either *very satisfied* (21%) or *somewhat satisfied* (47%) with the efforts of the University of California and LANL during the last year in encouraging new businesses to locate to northern New Mexico. However, one-in-five leaders are dissatisfied with these efforts.

Organizational Sector: Four-fifths of the Economic/Business Leaders express satisfaction with the efforts of the University of California and LANL in encouraging new businesses to relocate in the area compared to 47% of the Tribal Leaders.

Evaluation of Efforts to Purchase More Goods/Services From Businesses in Northern New Mexico Communities

Question 10: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with **[Los Alamos National Laboratory's effort to purchase more goods and services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities]?**

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

					REGION				ORGANI	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	R		Gen	NDER
	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)	JUNE 1998 (N = 123)	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>T</u> RIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	25% 39% 13% 11% 12%	22% 41% 20% 2% 14%	29% 34% 23% 9% 5%	20% 39% 14% 19% 8%	14% 67% 7% - 13%	21% 35% 3% 12% 29%	63% 12% - 25%	23% 46% 19% 8% 4%	22% 46% 12% 16% 4%	25% 44% 19% 6% 6%	8% 35% 15% 15% 27%	20% 20% 20% 20% 20%	42% 21% - 37%	27% 35% 15% 11% 12%	20% 47% 10% 11% 11%
MEAN *	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.9	3.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.5	2.5	3.7	2.9	2.9

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Approximately two-thirds of the Leaders are either *somewhat satisfied* (39%) or *very satisfied* (25%) with LANL's efforts to purchase more goods and services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities, though 13% are *somewhat dissatisfied* and 11% are *very dissatisfied* with these efforts.

Region: Community Leaders in Santa Fe (81%) are more inclined than those in Los Alamos (63%) and Rio Arriba (59%) to be satisfied with LANL's efforts to purchase more goods and services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities. One-third of the Los Alamos and Rio Arriba Leaders express dissatisfaction with LANL's efforts to purchase more local goods and services.

Organizational Sectors: Approximately two-thirds of the Government, Economic/Business and Educational Leaders are satisfied with LANLís efforts to buy more goods from local businesses compared to 43% of the Tribal and 40% Special Interest Group Leaders.

Evaluation of Efforts to Provide Equal Employment Opportunities For Qualified Residents of Northern New Mexico

Question 11: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to provide equal opportunities for employment for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico in the last year]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

			REGION			ORGANIZ	ZATIONAI	L SECTO	R		GEN	NDER
	AUGUST JUNE 1999 1998 (N = 142) (N = 123	LOS RIO <u>Alamos arrib</u> z	OTHEI N.M. <u>SANTA FE REGIO</u>	OUT-OF-	GOVERN <u>MENT</u>	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST <u>GROUP</u>	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20\% & 20\% \\ 38\% & 37\% \\ 15\% & 17\% \\ 8\% & 9\% \\ 18\% & 17\% \end{array}$	35% 7% 40% 36% 12% 24% 4% 20% 9% 12%	12% 14% 3% -	-	23% 31% 15% 15% 15%	32% 44% 10% 4% 10%	19% 50% 19% 6% 6%	8% 15% 46% 19% 12%	40% 20% 20% 20%	5% 32% 11% - 53%	23% 39% 16% 8% 15%	17% 38% 15% 7% 24%
MEAN *	2.9 2.8	<i>3.2 2.3</i>	<i>3.1 2.8</i>	3.6	2.7	3.2	2.9	2.1	2.3	2.9	2.9	2.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say' responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

The majority of Community Leaders are either *very satisfied* (20%) or *somewhat satisfied* (38%) with the University of California and LANL's efforts to provide equal opportunities for employment for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico, though nearly one-quarter (23%) express dissatisfaction. Eighteen percent of the Leaders have not formed an opinion on the issue.

Region: Three-quarters of the Leaders in Los Alamos and 68% of the Leaders in Santa Fe express satisfaction with the efforts to provide equal employment opportunities for all qualified residents compared to 43% of Leaders in Rio Arriba. Forty-four percent of the Leaders in Rio Arriba Leaders are dissatisfied with the opportunities for employment.

Organizational Sector: Two-thirds of the Tribal Leaders are either somewhat dissatisfied (46%) or very dissatisfied (19%) with the University of California and LANL's efforts to provide equal employment opportunities for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico.

Evaluation of Efforts to Listen to Community Concerns

Question 12: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to listen to the concerns of your community]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

					REGION				ORGANI	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	ł		Gen	IDER
	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142) (1	JUNE 1998 (N = 123)	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	TRIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	26% 53% 14% 5% 2%	25% 46% 15% 7% 7%	19% 52% 20% 7% 3%	13% 66% 16% 6%	42% 45% 11% 2%	26% 52% 9% 8% 5%	88% 12% - -	27% 46% 19% 8%	28% 54% 12% 6%	38% 44% 13% 6%	4% 62% 23% 12%	60% 40% -	32% 58% - 11%	26% 49% 15% 7% 3%	26% 59% 13% 3%
MEAN *	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.0	3.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.6	2.6	3.4	3.0	3.1

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Approximately four-fifths of the Leaders are either very satisfied (26%) or somewhat satisfied (53%) with the University of California and LANLis efforts to listen to the concerns of their community, though 19% express dissatisfaction.

Region: Forty-two percent of the Leaders in Santa Fe are *very satisfied* with the University of California and LANL's efforts to listen to the concerns of their community compared to 19% of Los Alamos Leaders and 13% of Rio Arriba Leaders.

Organizational Sector: Just 4% of the Tribal Leaders say they are very satisfied with the University of California and LANL's efforts to listen to the concerns of their community.

Evaluation of Efforts to Respond to Community Concerns

Question 13: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to respond to the concerns of your community]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

INTINO INTINO DI LACOTATOLY COMMUNITY LOUNOIS I ALC 1.

			REGION			ORGANI	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	λ		GEN	NDER
	AUGUST JUNE 1999 1998 (N = 142) (N = 123	LOS RIO <u>Alamos arriba</u>	OTI N. <u>SANTA FE REG</u>	M. OUT-OF-	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- <u>TIONAL</u>	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20\% & 12\% \\ 40\% & 52\% \\ 25\% & 20\% \\ 10\% & 9\% \\ 5\% & 7\% \end{array}$	19% 20% 41% 30% 27% 33% 11% 16% 3% 1%	$\begin{array}{cccc} 60\% & 48\\ 14\% & 24\\ 3\% & 99\end{array}$	% 25% % -	12% 27% 38% 23%	24% 46% 24% 6%	25% 38% 19% 6% 13%	4% 31% 35% 23% 8%	20% 20% 40% 20%	21% 58% 5% - 16%	24% 35% 23% 14% 4%	13% 50% 28% 3% 6%
MEAN *	2.7 2.7	2.7 2.5	2.9 2.	6 3.8	2.3	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.4	3.2	2.7	2.8

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Three-fifths of the Community Leaders are either *somewhat satisfied* (40%) or *very satisfied* (20%) with the University of California and LANLis efforts to respond to the concerns of their community. More than one-third of the Leaders are *somewhat dissatisfied* (25%) or *very dissatisfied* (10%) with the University of California and LANL's response to their community's concerns.

Region: Community Leaders in Rio Arriba are polarized as half are satisfied with the University of California and LANLis efforts to respond to the concerns of their community, while the other half are dissatisfied with these efforts.

Organizational Sector: Approximately three-fifths of the Tribal Leaders say they are either somewhat dissatisfied (35%) or very dissatisfied (23%) with University of California and LANL's efforts to respond to the concerns of their community.

Evaluation of Overall Impact on the Economy of Community

Question 14: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [the overall impact University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory has had on the economy in your community]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

				REGION				Organi	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	R		Gen	NDER
	1999 19	UNE 998 LOS = 123) <u>ALAMO</u>	RIO IS <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- <u>STATE</u>	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>T</u> RIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	38% 34 11% 11 7% 5	0% 50% 4% 28% 1% 14% 5% 5% 0% 3%	48%	41% 40% 19%	29% 43% 2% 19% 8%	51% 25% - 24%	46% 42% 8% 4%	50% 34% 8% 6% 2%	31% 44% 13% 13%	19% 38% 23% 8% 12%	20% 20% 40% 20%	37% 47% - 16%	41% 35% 9% 9% 6%	40% 44% 13% 3% 1%
MEAN *	3.2 3	3.2 3.3	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.7	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.4	3.4	3.1	3.2

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Two-fifths of the Leaders are very satisfied (40%) and another 38% are somewhat satisfied with the overall impact the University of California and LANL has had on the economy in their community, though 11% are somewhat dissatisfied and 7% are very dissatisfied.

Evaluation of Efforts Towards Community Involvement/Regional Economic Development

Question 15: I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with [the community involvement and regional economic development efforts of the new University of California Northern New Mexico Office in Los Alamos]?

1999 DEMOGRAPHIC SAMPLE

unonai Eucoraiory, community Ecanors - 1 age 21

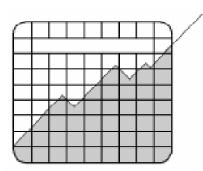
					REGION				ORGANI	ZATIONAI	SECTOR	ĸ		Gen	NDER
	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)	JUNE 1998 (N = 123)	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO ARRIBA	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ <u>BUSINESS</u>	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	FEMALE
 4 - Very satisfied 3 - Somewhat satisfied 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied 1 - Very dissatisfied Don't know/won't say 	28% 37% 8% 9% 19%	23% 36% 15% 2% 24%	21% 54% 5% 5% 15%	32% 30% 10% 14% 14%	20% 40% 12% 5% 22%	37% 16% 9% 8% 30%	37% 24% - 14% 25%	27% 35% 8% 15% 15%	28% 46% 6% 6% 14%	25% 44% 6% 13% 13%	12% 15% 27% 8% 38%	20% 20% 20% 20% 20%	42% 26% - 32%	29% 34% 12% 10% 15%	26% 41% 1% 7% 26%
MEAN *	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.5	3.6	3.0	3.1

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>somewhat satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 3, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

The large majority of Community Leaders say they are either *somewhat satisfied* (37%) or *very satisfied* (28%) with the community involvement and regional economic development efforts of the University of California Northern New Mexico Office in Los Alamos.

Region: Three-quarters of the Leaders in Los Alamos are satisfied with the community involvement and regional economic development efforts of the University of California Northern New Mexico Office compared to 62% of Rio Arriba Leaders, 60% of the Leaders in Santa Fe and 53% of those in other regions of the state.

Organizational Sector: Approximately three-quarters (74%) of the Economic/Business Leaders express satisfaction with the University of California Northern New Mexico Office compared to 27% of the Tribal Leaders, though it should be noted that 38% of the Tribal Leaders have not formed an opinion of the office.



IV. Awareness/Satisfaction with Specific Programs

Awareness of LANL Foundation

Los manos manonar Lacorarory, community Leavers - 1 age 20

Question 16: Have you heard or read about the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation which promotes and funds a broad range of educational and public service activities throughout northern New Mexico?

				REGION				Organi	ZATIONAI	L SECTOR	R		Gen	NDER
	TOTAL <u>SAMPLE</u>	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO ARRIBA	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- <u>STATE</u>	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST <u>GROUP</u>	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
Yes, have heard August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	89% 85%	92% 98%	89% 67%	93% 83%	91% 95%	63% 67%	92% 77%	82% 89%	100% 83%	88% 44%	100% 100%	89% 95%	92% 85%	85% 83%
No, have not heard August 1999 $(N = 142)$ June 1998 $(N = 123)$	11% 15%	8% 2%	11% 33%	7% 17%	9% 5%	37% 33%	8% 23%	18% 11%	- 17%	12% 56%	-	11% 5%	8% 15%	15% 17%

The vast majority (89%) of Community Leaders say they have heard or read about the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation. This is up slightly from the 85% awareness level observed last year.

Organizational Sector: Awareness among Tribal Leaders has doubled from the observed 44% last year to 88% currently.

Satisfaction with Efforts of LANL Foundation

Question 17: How satisfied are you with the efforts of the new Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation? Are you very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied?

	REGION						ORGANI	ZATIONAI	SECTO	R		Gen	NDER	
4 - Very satisfied August 1999 ($N = 127$)	<i>TOTAL <u>RESPONSES</u> 50%</i>	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u> 52%	<i>RIO</i> <u>ARRIBA</u> 41%	<u>SANTA FE</u> 57%	OTHER N.M. <u>REGION</u> 47%	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE 80%	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS 54%	EDUCA- <u>TIONAL</u> 63%	<u>TRIBAL</u> 39%	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP 40%	<i>DOE</i> 59%	<u>MALE</u> 50%	<u>FEMALE</u> 49%
June 1998 ($N = 104$) 3 - Somewhat satisfied	35%	38%	32%	25%	33%	75%	24%	33%	47%	-	25%	50%	36%	31%
August 1999 ($N = 127$) June 1998 ($N = 104$)	35% 41%	32% 48%	48% 27%	11% 55%	43% 33%	20% 25%	50% 53%	37% 50%	19% 40%	35% 25%	20% 25%	35% 22%	31% 37%	42% 52%
2 - Somewhat dissatisfied August 1999 ($N = 127$)	9%	7%	6%	25%	4%	-	4%	7%	6%	22%	40%	-	10%	6%
June 1998 $(N = 104)$ 1 - Very dissatisfied August 1999 $(N = 127)$	10% 4%	8% 3%	18% 5%	10% 5%	6% 7%	-	12% 8%	10% 2%	- 13%	- 25%	- 25%	-	12% 6%	3% 2%
June 1998 ($N = 104$) Don't know/won't say	6%	3%	18%	-	6%	-	12%	2%	7%	25%	13%	-	5%	7%
August 1999 ($N = 127$) June 1998 ($N = 104$)	2% 9%	5% 5%	- 5%	10%	22%	-	4% -	- 5%	- 7%	4% 25%	- 13%	6% 22%	3% 9%	- 7%
MEAN * August 1999 (N = 127) June 1998 (N = 104)	3.3 3.1	3.4 3.3	3.2 2.8	3.2 3.2	3.3 3.2	3.8 3.8	3.1 2.9	3.4 3.2	3.3 3.4	3.2 2.0	3.0 2.7	3.6 3.6	3.3 3.1	3.4 3.1

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>very dissatisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 1, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

More than four-fifths of those who are aware of the Foundation are either very satisfied (50%) or somewhat satisfied (35%) with its efforts, though 9% are somewhat dissatisfied and 4% are very dissatisfied.

Comparison to Previous Study: Satisfaction with the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation has improved over the past year as 50% of the Leaders now say they are *very satisfied*, compared to 35% observed in the previous study.

Organizational Sector: Though a majority of Special Interest Group and Tribal Leaders express satisfaction with the Foundation, their overall levels of satisfaction are comparatively lower when compared to the other sectors. Satisfaction with the Foundation among Tribal Leaders has increased from 25% last year to 74% currently.

Region: Eighty-nine percent of Leaders in Rio Arriba express satisfaction with the Foundation, up from 59% observed last year.

Awareness of Technology Commercialization Program

, типноэ типония Биоогиюту, сонянинну Беййегэ — 1 450 20

Question 18: Have you heard or read about the Technology Commercialization program which develops ways to use emerging Lab technologies to stimulate new high-tech business start-ups in northern New Mexico?

		REGION					ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR						Gender		
	TOTAL <u>SAMPLE</u>	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	<u>SANTA FE</u>	OTHER N.M. <u>REGION</u>	OTHER/ OUT-OF- <u>S</u> TATE	GOVERN- MENT	ECONOMIC/ <u>BUSINESS</u>	EDUCA- TIONAL	<u>T</u> RIBAL	SPECIAL INTEREST <u>GROUP</u>	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>	
Yes, have heard August 1999 (N = 142)	74%	78%	66%	79%	79%	75%	62%	86%	75%	46%	60%	79%	81%	63%	
June 1998 ($N = 123$) No, have not heard	75%	80%	61%	79%	79%	83%	73%	89%	50%	22%	63%	95%	77%	69%	
August 1999 ($N = 142$) June 1998 ($N = 123$)	26% 25%	23% 20%	34% 39%	21% 21%	21% 21%	25% 17%	38% 27%	14% 11%	25% 50%	54% 78%	40% 38%	21% 5%	19% 23%	37% 31%	

Three-quarters (74%) of Community Leaders say they have heard or read about the Technology Commercialization Program, which is virtually identical to the results observed last year.

Organization Sector: Awareness of the Technology Commercialization Program is highest among Economic/Business Leaders (86%) and DOE Leaders (79%) and is lowest among Tribal Leaders (46%). Awareness of the Technology Commercialization Program has doubled among Tribal Leaders and risen from 50% to 75% among Educational Leaders.

Satisfaction with Technology Commercialization Program AMONG THOSE AWARE OF TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION PROGRAM

Question 19: How satisfied are you with the Technology Commercialization program? Are you very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied?

	REGION					ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR						Gender		
4 - Very satisfied	TOTAL <u>RESPONSES</u>	LOS <u>ALAMOS</u>	RIO <u>ARRIBA</u>	SANTA FE	OTHER N.M. REGION	OTHER/ OUT-OF- STATE	MENT	ECONOMIC/ BUSINESS	TIONAL	<u>TRIBAL</u>	SPECIAL INTEREST GROUP	DOE	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>
August 1999 ($N = 105$)	30%	29%	25%	37%	21%	50%	25%	37%	17%	25%	67%	13%	26%	37%
June 1998 ($N = 92$) 3 - Somewhat satisfied	18%	12%	15%	26%	20%	40%	25%	26%	-	-	-	11%	15%	29%
August 1999 ($N = 105$)	35%	31%	39%	40%	45%	-	31%	30%	58%	17%	-	47%	38%	28%
June 1998 ($N = 92$) 2 - Somewhat dissatisfied	47%	58%	45%	47%	33%	20%	38%	48%	89%	50%	40%	33%	49%	42%
August 1999 (N = 105)	19%	21%	22%	14%	10%	33%	25%	19%	8%	17%	33%	20%	25%	7%
June 1998 ($N = 92$) 1 - Very dissatisfied	12%	18%	10%	11%	7%	-	25%	12%	-	-	20%	6%	15%	4%
August 1999 ($N = 105$)	6%	15%	4%	-	-	-	13%	7%	8%	-	-	-	6%	7%
June 1998 ($N = 92$) Don't know/won't say	9%	9%	15%	5%	7%	-	6%	12%	-	-	-	11%	9%	8%
August 1999 ($N = 105$) June 1998 ($N = 92$)	10% 14%	3% 3%	10% 15%	10% 11%	24% 33%	17% 40%	6% 6%	7% 2%	8% 11%	42% 50%	40%	20% 39%	5% 13%	22% 17%
MEAN *														
August 1999 ($N = 105$) June 1998 ($N = 92$)	3.0 2.9	2.8 2.8	3.0 2.7	3.3 3.1	3.2 3.0	3.2 3.7	2.7 2.9	3.0 2.9	2.9 3.0	3.1 3.0	3.3 2.7	2.9 2.7	2.9 2.8	3.2 3.1

* The mean score is derived by taking the average score based on the four-point scale. The <u>very satisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 4, the <u>very dissatisfied</u> response is assigned a value of 1, etc. The "don't know/won't say" responses are excluded from the calculation of the mean.

Approximately two-thirds of those who are aware of the Technology Commercialization program are either *somewhat satisfied* (35%) or *very satisfied* (30%) with it. However, one-in-four of the Leaders express dissatisfaction with the program.

Comparison to Previous Study: Community Leaders are now more inclined to say they are *very satisfied* with the Technology Commercialization Program than they were last year (30% and 18%, respectively).

Organizational Sector: Special Interest Group Leaders and Economic/Business Leaders are most inclined to be very satisfied with the Technology Commercialization Program.

V. Additional Comments/Suggestions

Additional Comments/Suggestions

Question 20: Do you have any other comments or suggestions that you would like to make to the University of California or Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts in improving community involvement, regional economic development, or education outreach efforts?

AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

The Lab's attempt to outreach in community, nothing is successful all the time and that is OK.

Their current efforts in the community are extremely important. They need to stay involved at that high level.

They are on the right track.

Difference from years ago when it was zero efforts.

Great director, Suzanne Herrera, but is overpowered by a dominating board. They have a long way to go.

They are improving. It will take time.

Very pleased Lab has provided contractors. By requiring employees to work with us to maintain, expand and improve will help improve their image. If other groups would buy into these programs, it would be beneficial to Lab and community.

Their support in our community and other communities.

LANL is working toward being a good partner. I think very highly of their efforts.

Recent effort in last two years has been outstanding. They have a ways to go.

Have made great strides in last two years but there is room for improvement.

Albert Jiron is my source of information. He is very eager to educate and help. Olivia Martinez is very helpful to us with outreach program.

Overall they are a very good neighbor. Have had tremendous impact on the economy. In last few years, they have become very Northern New Mexico friendly.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT (continued)

If mhappy that they dedicate people for outreach program, but I think they are overburdened with their jobs plus the outreach program. Just continue their efforts.

They are doing good except they are taking more business especially small business outside of Northern New Mexico.

LANL has made excellent stride in above areas, but it is a fragmented community so it is hard to evaluate the results.

The outreach efforts seem to be working.

Community Leaders in the surrounding area need to get more involved to help with economic development.

LANL has to make a sincere effort to help with the drug and poverty problems in New Mexico. It is getting out of hand and needs some serious outreach efforts.

He is impressed with LANL's efforts to attract new businesses to Northern New Mexico. He is willing to help out in any way possible.

Good job last two years. Need to continue to do better.

Entering into proper relations with regional economic development entities will help the Lab.

University of California bring more money into Northern New Mexico.

Last year was the first year enormous progress has continued. Would like to see progress continue in light of recent security issues.

They are making improvements in the last three years. Need to continue and expand on what they are doing.

Look at corporate structure, if they were downsized money could be spent on economic development, technical commercialization and the foundation.

In terms of retail business sustainability, opportunity exists to provide retail with a marketing vehicle to Lab employees.

Keep it up. They are trying hard.

They have a tough job. Unfair to impose on LANL. The right way is to pay taxes and be a business.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT (continued)

Doing a very good job and have improved in last 5 to 6 years.

LANL is trying, e.g. Scholarships. Their efforts are equal to if not better than last year.

LANL has been changing for the last 3 years and need to continue to improve. Keep it going.

Focus on community with private sector more. Affordable housing made available to teachers. It's difficult for them to live in Los Alamos on their pay scale.

LANL needs to align and reward system within the Lab with the public stance aiding economic development, so partnerships need to exist within the Lab to work together for existence and communication with ICO and SDO.

A good effort is being made to improve in all three areas. They just need to keep it up.

Continue to be a good corporate citizen for the entire community, not just Los Alamos.

Doing a very good job in Northern New Mexico but don't forget town of Los Alamos!

The youth in the community need to be shown alternatives such as Lab work (in any aspect) instead of the negativity that they now feel.

Lab still needs to improve and simplify the ability for local business and surrounding areas to do business with Lab, now it's too difficult and complex.

Programs are fundamentally good. They need a bit of work to strengthen them.

Doing a good job but need to maintain integrity and policy.

Lab is trying to improve their community involvement but need to go that extra mile. Don't stop now!

Outreach programs are great but need to be coordinated in a better manner.

CRITICISMS & CONCERNS

1 HUMOS HUMONUL LUCOTUOT IT COMMUNITY LOUVERS - 1 420 J

There is an underlying attitude of high ups.

To genuinely get involved in impact that they have in Los Alamos. They make a half hearted effort only.

The Lab needs to do a better job coordinating so as not to duplicate their efforts, which will cut down on cost.

Senior managers have the will to correct the problems it is the line managers that are not doing their job. They don't work well with businesses here in town.

It is deceptive for U of C to give the public the false impression that money they spend is from their private coffers, when in fact the money is reimbursed by the DOE.

They can improve all areas I rated dissatisfied. Follow through is poor.

More opportunity for people in Lab Foundation to visit Espanola area to see what we do.

No presence of LANL in our community of Mora.

They should honor information and stop stone-walling. Lab has long been isolated, interested in research and production. What they are doing now is window dressing.

They have made some attempts to help the community and surrounding communities but have not done that good of a job.

They are trying to solve social instead of economic issues.

Lab could do more. People don't know of economic impact of Northern New Mexico.

Too political to be hired. You can't get in with what you know, it's who you know that gets you in.

Should educate businesses in Northern New Mexico so they can become better and bigger business. They can't achieve this by bringing outside people to man their programs.

They should not duplicate cafeteria and travel agency business because we cannot flourish.

LANL needs to do more to move Northern New Mexico communities into Y2K. LANL does not understand community needs.

CRITICISMS & CONCERNS (continued)

Employees cannot speak out with out fear of retribution. There is too much secretiveness surrounding the Lab atmosphere.

LANL is federally funded and their job is to manage the Lab so questions arise as to how far can they go with programs such as ioutreach.i

CIO is doing an inadequate job in the "outreach efforts."

Need to follow through with what they say they are going to do. They "talk the talk" but do not "walk the walk!" Northern New Mexico feels very left out of LANL.

Economic development efforts are being made but there is a need to follow up.

LANL tends to pay too much attention to areas outside of the "host community."

The "outreach" programs are not reaching Northern New Mexico (outlying areas) at all. People in Northern New Mexico feel ignored, left out and they are upset LANL is ignoring them.

The outlying areas in New Mexico need more attention; they feel ignored and abandoned.

Recommend continuing to make the public aware. Lack of continuity and contact with tribal governments. Need to continue to make efforts.

Need to listen more and walk the walk that they talk.

Do more responding; listen more actively.

Bring more business into Northern New Mexico. Haven't done what they were supposed to do. Very dissatisfied with LANL at a standstill on trying to get stuff going.

Focus more on community; need action not lip service.

Try to cut red tape to get things done.

They do not pay attention to the poorer people in the community.

More involvement with the community like OJT with small community like Espanola.

CRITICISMS & CONCERNS (continued)

Education outreach efforts are fine and good but we don't see much results; just talk.

What's the big secret! Lab needs to quit denying what's happening on the hill.

Need to be more involved in all three areas.

Lab needs to show improvement overall for the community.

Labs should not be so secretive. We all know it's top secret but we can still be communicated with to a certain extent. Just talk to us!

There seems to be a lack of understanding of Indian culture on Labs part. Need to listen to us and follow through.

LANL needs to follow through with what they say!

The Valley area needs to be heard and no one seems to be listening.

They "talk the talk" but don't "walk the walk."

Need to listen to all communities and take action. Not just talk about it.

Need to consolidate management of efforts under one office. At this point, it is too fragmented.

Feels community is being ignored by LANL.

The infrastructure is shaky and needs to be fixed, maybe with Lab assistance.

EDUCATION/OUTREACH PROGRAMS

Scholarships in New Mexico.

College to at least four year degree.

LANL supports a lot of educational initiatives.

They are improving in educational efforts.

Continue supporting adult education programs.

Their outreach and educational programs.

More involvement in the school. An increase of programs already in place.

With Albert Jiron and Olivia Martinezís efforts, I am very, very satisfied with the outreach program.

Very pleased with effort to help Native Americans gain knowledge and experience in math, engineering and science. Much thanks to programs supported by Barbara Grimes and Mr. Sandoval.

He is very pleased with Northern New Mexico Community College. JCI building and the people are great.

Los Alamos has not been doing a good job on outreach to the youth. Long distance learning programs.

Education efforts need to be made more public. E.D. needs to work on dealings with tribal government to consolidate their efforts.

Foundation does a good job for social service types of things but they need to broaden vision, e.g. Don't fund true specific workforces development project. Money needs to go into the classrooms not discretionary funds.

The Lab is making an excellent educational outreach effort. Keep it up.

They need to pay attention to college bound students and assist in any way possible.

EDUCATION/OUTREACH PROGRAMS (continued)

Dos mantos manonar Davor aror y Community Deaders - 1 age 55

The Lab needs to get the surrounding communities involved through educational outreach and not just talk about it.

Education outreach efforts sound good but need to do more.

Education is the key and needs to addressed by LANL by work/study programs as an example.

Need to reach kids and get them to understand importance of education. Lab could help out more.

COMMUNICATION

LANLís Public Relations Department should play a more pro-active role on negative image of anti-nuclear action in area.

The Lab's Speakers Bureau could be more open with public with information on scientific data.

LANL needs to "toot their horn better." Outreach foundation is working and the Lab needs to get this info out to the public.

Have done a good job promoting what they are doing. They need to increase efforts to publicize the image. Need a good public relations company to let public know what LANL is doing in the tri county area.

Los munos munonar Lucorarory, community Leavers - 1 age 5

Hiring practices have improved since 1967 when they hired one Hispanic and one Indian.

They need to make an effort to recruit people. The people are there, but go elsewhere and leave the area for employment because they are unaware of LANL's programs and employment.

LANL needs to get the focus "off the hill" and into the valley where the major employment pool is located.

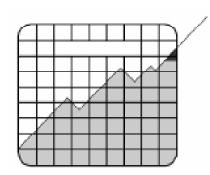
Stay the course and lighten up security with employers.

Continue because LANL is a major employer.

Does LANL have an unemployment program?

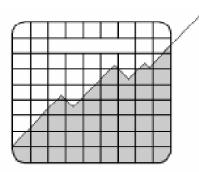
Need to hire local people to fill jobs instead of importing from other states.

VI. Demographics



Demographics of Sample (UNWEIGHTED)

	AUGUST 1999 (N = 142)		AUGUST 1999
<u>Gender</u> Male	65%		(N = 142)
Female	35%	Organizational Sector	
		Economic/business	35%
<u>County</u>		Governmental	18%
Los Alamos	30%	Tribal	18%
Rio Arriba	30%	DOE	13%
Santa Fe	16%	Education Special Interest Group	11% 4%
Other New Mexico	19%	Special interest Gloup	478
Other out-of-state	6%		



VII. Questionnaire Los Alamos National Laboratory Community Leaders AUGUST 1999 FINAL N = 281 (Possible)

"Hello, may I speak to (name on list)?" (If unavailable, ask for a good time to call back or schedule an appointment with the secretary)

"Hello. My name is <u>YOUR NAME</u> from Research & Polling, Inc., New Mexico's largest public opinion research company. We are conducting a survey of community leaders, such as yourself, on behalf of Los Alamos National Laboratory. As a leader in the Northern New Mexico region, the Laboratory would appreciate your opinions on some key issues. Perhaps you recall receiving a letter from the Laboratory recently about this study."

A. NOTE TO POLLER: WHICH COUNTY IS THIS?

- 1. Los Alamos
- 2. Rio Arriba
- 3. Santa Fe
- 4. Other New Mexico
- 5. Other Out-of-State

B. NOTE TO POLLER: WHICH ORGANIZATIONAL SECTOR IS THIS?

- 1. Governmental
- 2. Economic/business
- 3. Education
- 4. Tribal
- 5. Special Interest Groups
- 6. DOE

1. "What would you say is the single, biggest problem facing your community today?" (do <u>not</u> read categories) (one response only)

<u>Crime</u>

- 01. Illegal drug use
- 02. Crime rate is high
- 03 Gangs
- 04. Graffiti
- 05. DWI rate high
- 06. Police/legal system
- 07. Violent crime

<u>Social</u>

- 08. Alcoholism
- 09. Youth problems
- 10. Lack of career counseling for youth
- 11. Lack of guidance/assistance for youth
- 12. Domestic violence/family problems
- 13. Affluent people are indifferent

<u>Culture</u>

- 14. Too few cultural events
- 15. Decline of family values

Economy

- 16. Labor force/skilled labor unavailable
- 17. Local government budget deficit
- 18. Non-availability of good jobs
- 19. Lack of training for good jobs
- 20. Lack of training for unemployed
- 21. Taxes are high/unreasonable
- 22. Cost of housing is high/unreasonable
- 23. Availability of low income/affordable homes
- 24. Cost of living is high/unreasonable
- 25. Cutbacks at LANL
- 26. Not enough private businesses
- 27. Lack of economic opportunities
- 28. Sustain community without LANL
- 29. Economic diversification

- 30. Growing too big/too fast
- 31. Disparity of wealth
- 32. Community not self sufficient
- 33. Retail leakage to Santa Fe/Albuquerque
- 34. Economic instability
- 35. LANL lack of accountability

Land Community Leaders Survey Tage II

August 1999

Education

- 36. Educational system is poor
- 37. Quality of school facilities
- 38. Future school funding
- 39. Lack of science/math
- 40. Affordable day care
- 41. Lack of services for the disabled
- 42. Lack of services for elderly
- 43. Environment/polluted air/water
- 44. Gambling/lottery
- 45. Government/political leadership is incompetent
- 46. Gun control
- 47. Healthcare reform
- 48. Homeless
- 49. Illiteracy
- 50. Immigration of foreigners
- 51. Land development out of control
- 52. Master planning
- 53. Military presence

Other (specify)

- 54. Nuclear waste transport
- 55. Lack of shopping
- 56. Protection of tribal sovereignty
- 57. Shortage of recreational activities for children
- 58. Sewers/drains
- 59. Taxes are high/unreasonable
- 60. Tourism is ruining the area

<u>Traffic</u>

- 61. Noise
- 62. Congestion
- 63. Roads/streets/highways are bad
- 64. Orange barrels/constant street maintenance
- 65. Lack of mass transit

<u>Water</u>

- 66. Shortage
- 67. Don't have city water utilities
- 68. Welfare reform
- 69. Decline of workplace values
- 99. Nothing in particular/don't know/won't say

2. "Focusing specifically on education, what do you consider to be the most important educational problems facing your community today?" (do <u>not</u> read categories) (take up to 3 responses)

Quality	
01.	Dropout rate is high
02.	Poor quality of teachers
03.	Lack of educational stability
04.	Raising test scores/educational standard
05.	Education is poor
06.	Lack of discipline
07.	Drugs
08.	Violence prevention/safety
<u>Progran</u>	nming/Curricula
09.	Lack of technological education
10.	Lack of interest in literacy component
11.	Continuation of higher education
12.	Lack of alternatives for students with learning difficulties
13.	Improve vocational programs
14.	Retain traditional language
15.	Program/teach youth history/their people
16.	Increase student-at-work and apprentice programs

Funding

<u>Fun</u>	ding
17.	Lack of money/present
18.	Lack of money/future
19.	Low teacher salaries
20.	Orient work force to stay in community
21.	Need to maintain funding
<u>Non</u>	-funding support/leadership
22.	Lack of parental involvement
23.	Administration not doing a good job
24.	Outreach in iless favorableî areas
<u>Faci</u>	<u>lities/equipment</u>
25.	Quality of school facilities
26.	Student overcrowding
27.	Lack of teaching materials
28.	Need computers in schools
29.	Renovation of school facilities
99.	Donit know/wonit say

August 1999

3. "Focusing specifically on the economy, what do you consider to be the most important economic problems facing your community today?" (do <u>not</u> read categories) (take up to 3 responses)

Business

01.	Not enough private businesses
02.	Lack of diversification
03.	Economy is too dependent on LANL
04.	Cutbacks at LANL
05.	Casinos
06.	Lack of shopping/retail
07.	Lack of high tech industries/not LANL
<u>Jobs/l</u>	<u>abor</u>
08.	Non-availability of good jobs
09.	Lack of training for good jobs
10.	Lack of training for unemployed
11.	Labor force/skilled labor unavailable
12.	Labor force/unskilled labor unavailable
13.	Lack of opportunity to develop skills
14.	Salary levels
15.	Lack of semi-skilled jobs/job diversity
<u>Housi</u>	ng
16. Av	vailability of low income/affordable housing
17.	Cost of housing is high/unreasonable

Resource/development

- 18. Lack of infrastructure
- 19. Limit land restrictions
- 20. Growing/growth
- 21. Lack of transportation
- 22. Lack of economic development
- 23. Lack of planning/management
- 24. Need more money/lack of capital
- 25. Lack of economic resources
- 26. Easy access/borrow money for economic development

<u>Taxes</u>

- 27. Taxes high/unreasonable
- 28. Gross receipts tax/inadequate

<u>Other</u>

- 29. Cost of living high/unreasonable
- 30. Too elite of a population
- 31. Cooperation/community projects
- 32. Governmental dependency
- 99. Don't know/won't say

Other (specify)

4... "Focusing specifically on social problems, what do you consider to be the most important social problems facing your community today?" (do not read categories) (take up to 3 responses)

Substance use/abuse

- 01. Drugs
- 02. Alcoholism

<u>Youth</u>

- 03. Youth problems
- 04. Lack of guidance/assistance for youth
- 05. Lack youth activities/after school programs
- 06. Lack of career counseling/youth
- 07. School dropout rate
- 08. Lack of importance on education

System/structural

- 09. Elitism/disparity of income
- 10. Racism
- 11. Diversity/acceptance
- 12. Identify with cultural values
- 13. Ethnic tension
- 14. Aging demographics
- 15. Gambling
- 16. Intrusion from outside world
- 17. Lack of planning
- 18. Need more buildings
- 19. Need more roads
- 20. Business base needed

August	1999 es/values	30.	Lack of affordable housing
21.	Decline of family values	31.	Lack of employment
22.	Domestic violence/family problems	32.	Nothing for people to do
23.	Single parent families	<u>Crime</u>	
24.	More family programs	33.	Crime (general)
25.	Decreasing obligation to serve the community	34.	Gangs/gang violence
Lack o	<u>of services</u>	<u>Labor</u> :	atory
26.	Lack of day care/affordable day care	35.	Hard feelings about recent layoffs
27.	Illiteracy	36.	Hire people from the outside for LANL
28.	Affordable health care	37.	Lab needs more minorities in management
29.	Lack of opportunities for those seeking higher education	99.	Don't know/won't say

Other (specify)

5."Generally, what is your impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory? Using a 5-point scale in which 5 is *very favorable* and 1 is *very unfavorable*, what is your impression of Los Alamos National Laboratory?î

VERY		VERY	DON	'T KNOW/
FAVORABLE		UNFAVORABLE	WO	N'T SAY
5 4	3	2	1	6

6."Companies, like individuals, can be members of the community. How would you rate Los Alamos National Laboratory as a corporate citizen in your community? Would you rate Los Alamos National Laboratory as *excellent, good, fair, poor, or very poor*?"

5.	Excellent	2.	Poor
4.	Good	1.	Very poor
3.	Fair	6.	Don't know/won't say (skip to question 8)

7.. "Why is that, why do you give Los Alamos National Laboratory a rating of (answer from above) overall?" (do not read categories) (take up to 3 responses)

Positive

01.	Involved in the community
02.	Lab is making an effort/working on it
03.	Really cares/listens to community needs
04.	Job/local employment
05.	Good for local economy
06.	Good publicity/improve image
07.	Only/major economy of the community
08.	Training/education programs
09.	Needs to get youth involved
10.	Involved in business community
11.	Need more jobs for Taos County
12.	Foundation programs are good
13.	Have made significant improvements

14. Region too dependent/LANL/economically 15. Have not reached out to community problems 16. Change has only happened recently 17. No money to get involved in community 18. Communication needed 19. Procurement should be local 20. Efforts made have not been successful 21. Mostly lip service/not really involved 22. No community involvement Do not pay fair share of taxes 23. Can always improve/could do more 24. 25. Bad reputation

Negative

- 26. Needs to motivate higher education
- 27. Does not exist in Santa Fe
- 28. Efforts to integrate Santa Fe Prep
- 99. No/don't know/won't say

Other (specify)

"I'm going to read you a list of items about the Los Alamos National Laboratory and have you rate how satisfied you are with each one. Please tell me if you are very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied. How satisfied are you with:"

	Very Satisfied	SOMEWHAT SATISFIED	Somewhat Dissatisfied	VERY DISSATISFIED	Don't Know/ Won't Say
8."The educational programs offered by Los Alamos National Laboratory"	4	3	2	1	5
9."The efforts of the University of California and Los Alam National Laboratory during the last year in encouraging new business to relocate to northern New Mexico"	os 4	3	2	1	5
10."Los Alamos National Laboratory's effort to purchase more goods and services from businesses in northern New Mexico communities"	4	3	2	1	5
11. "University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts to provide equal opportunities for employment for all qualified residents of northern New Mexico in the last year"	4	3	2	1	5
12."University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratoryís efforts to listen to the concerns of your community"	4	3	2	1	5
13."University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratoryís efforts to respond to the concerns of your community"	4	3	2	1	5
14."The overall impact University of California and Los Alamos National Laboratory has had on the economy of your community"	4	3	2	1	5
15."The community involvement and regional economic development efforts of the new University of California Northern New Mexico Office in Los Alamos"	2	4 3	2 1	. 5	

16."Have you heard or read about the Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation which promotes and funds a broad range of educational and public service activities throughout northern New Mexico?"

- 1. Yes, have heard
- 2. No, have not heard *(skip to question 18)*
- 3. Donít know/wonít say *(skip to question 18)*

17."How satisfied are you with the efforts of the new Los Alamos National Laboratory Foundation? Are you very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied?"

August 1999

- 4.Very satisfied1.Very dissatisfied3.Somewhat satisfied5.Donít know/wonít say
- 2. Somewhat dissatisfied

18."Have you heard or read about the Technology Commercialization program which develops ways to use emerging Lab technologies to stimulate new high-tech business start-ups in northern New Mexico?"

- 1. Yes, have heard
- 2. No, have not heard *(skip to question 20)*
- 3. Donít know/wonít say (skip to question 20)

19. "How satisfied are you with the Technology Commercialization program? Are you very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, or very dissatisfied?"

- Very satisfied
 Somewhat satisfied
 Somewhat satisfied
- 2. Somewhat dissatisfied

20."Do you have any other comments or suggestions that you would like to make on the University of California or Los Alamos National Laboratory's efforts in improving community involvement, regional economic development, or education outreach efforts?"

"THIS CONCLUDES OUR SURVEY. THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME. HAVE A GOOD DAY."

NOTE TO POLLER, WAS RESPONDENT:

- 1. Male
- 2. Female

Respondent's Phone Number

Poller Name

Poller Code

confirmed by									
confirmation a	late			time	e				
accuracy 10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
courtesy 10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
complete 10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1