South Carolina Disaster

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State and federal damage assessment teams talk with Horry County Residents.

Floyd batters South Carolina

hen Hurricane Floyd brushed South Carolina, leaving massive flooding in its wake, Gov. Jim Hodges requested federal assistance. President Clinton responded by issuing a major disaster declaration for affected counties on Sept. 21.

"We're pleased that the federal government is helping residents cope with this disaster," Gov. Hodges said. "The federal-state partnership provides victims with access to a wide range of disaster recovery assistance."

Programs available to eligible disaster assistance applicants, coordinated at the federal level by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), can include grants to help pay for temporary housing, minor home repairs and other serious disaster-related expenses. Low-interest loans from the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) also are available to cover individual and business property losses that are not fully insured.

FEMA has increased staffing and expanded the operation hours of its toll-free registration line to handle the massive flow of calls for assistance.

"It's hard to be patient when your needs are overwhelming,"FEMA Director James Lee Witt said. "But everyone who has a need will have the chance to register for assistance."

Witt named Larry Bailey to coordinate the federal relief effort. Bailey urged anyone who suffered losses from Hurricane Floyd to call the toll-free number, 1-800-462-9029.

"We want to help people as quickly as possible," Bailey said.

IMPORTANT RECOVERY INFORMATION

■ Register By Phone

People who suffered the effects of Hurricane Floyd and live in a disasterdeclared county are urged to begin the application process by calling 1-800-462-9029 (TTY 1-800- 462-7585 if you are speech- or hearing-impaired).

Disaster Housing Assistance

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) may provide grants to pay for alternate rental housing, essential repairs to make the home habitable or help for those facing eviction or foreclosure because of the storm.

U.S. Small Business Administration

During disasters, the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) provides low-interest, long-term loans to homeowners, renters and businesses of all sizes. (See page 4.)

■ National Flood Insurance

Disaster victims insured with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) are eligible to file claims to repair or replace their damaged property. (See page 2.) Flood insurance can be purchased from your local insurance agent or call 1-800-720-1090 for information. (See page 5.)

Project Impact

Communities can form partnerships among businesses, individuals and government to reduce damage from future storms. (See page 6.)

Apply by Phone **1-800-462-9029** (TTY: 1-800-462-7585) 7 a.m. to midnight Seven Days a Week **TOLL FREE**

A message from PRESIDENT Bill Clinton

y heart goes out to all people in South Carolina who were affected by Hurricane Floyd.

This has been a rough time for residents as you repair damaged roofs, clean up debris and try to preserve your precious keepsakes and belongings. It is hard to do all this. Recovering from hurricanes is a slow and painful process.

A primary responsibility of the federal government is to be there when disaster strikes and to stick by people until they can get back on their feet. I directed that residents of South Carolina be eligible to register for federal disaster assistance by using the toll-free application number listed in this publication. Through the application process, aid programs are quickly available.

I assure you that in the weeks and months to come, your government will continue to support you in your efforts to rebuild your lives and communities. We will be with you, along with our state and local partners, for as long as it takes to help you on the road to recovery.

Our hearts and prayers are with you. I wish all of the people impacted by Hurricane Floyd Godspeed in your recovery.

A message from GOVERNOR Jim Hodges

For the second time in a month, the South Carolina coast has been threatened by a hurricane. Although Hurricane Dennis missed us entirely, Hurricane Floyd was close enough to cause damage. Thankfully, South Carolina was spared the worst of the destruction. But for many South Carolinians, Floyd is not yet a memory. Flooding continues to ravage part of Horry County and clean-up efforts are under way elsewhere throughout the Lowcountry and the Grand Strand.

At my request, President Clinton issued a federal disaster declaration for Horry, Georgetown and Charleston counties, allowing federal funds to be used to speed recovery efforts. Federal assistance will allow coastal residents to receive disaster housing assistance, low-interest loans and individual grants for expenses not covered by other programs. Additionally, federal public assistance funds will help local and state governments restore damaged public facilities in Beaufort, Berkeley, Charleston, Colleton, Georgetown, Horry, Jasper and Marion counties.

We learned some valuable lessons from Hurricane Floyd. We will continue to support you in this hour of need, and will do everything in our power to get South Carolinians back on their feet as soon as possible.

Filing a flood insurance claim

If you have flood insurance, call your insurance agent to report your claim. The agent will prepare a Notice of Loss form and an adjuster will be assigned to assist you.

If possible, photograph the outside of the premises, showing the flooding and the damage. Also, photograph the inside of the premises, showing the damaged property and the height of the water.

Separate damaged from undamaged property. Put damaged property in the best possible order for the adjuster's examination.

Dispose of damaged property which presents a health hazard or which may

hamper clean-up operations. Be sure to describe adequately all discarded items so that when the adjuster examines your losses and your records, these articles are included in the documentation.

Compile a room-by-room inventory of missing or damaged goods and include manufacturers' names, dates and places of purchase and prices. Try to locate receipts or proofs of purchase, especially for large appliances.

When the adjuster visits your property, let him or her know if you need an advance or partial payment of loss. Good records can speed up settlement of your claim.

When you register for disaster aid

If you are eligible for a grant to pay for alternative rental housing, essential repairs to make your home livable or help if you are facing eviction or foreclosure because of the hurricane, you may have the grant deposited directly to your checking account.

Just be sure to have a check from your account to refer to when you register for assistance.

Aid to help you on the road to recovery

Individuals and business owners who suffered losses because of Hurricane Floyd and are located in one of the declared counties may be eligible for the following types of assistance. Designated counties as of Sept. 21 were Horry, Georgetown and Charleston.

DISASTER HOUSING ASSISTANCE

Help is available for renters and homeowners whose primary residences were damaged or destroyed or who face displacement from their homes. Aid can include grants for alternate rental housing, money for emergency repairs to make a home livable or mortgage or rental aid.

HOME/PERSONAL PROPERTY DISASTER LOANS

U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) disaster loans of up to \$200,000 are available to homeowners for real estate repairs. Renters and homeowners may borrow up to \$40,000 to replace personal property losses.

INDIVIDUAL AND FAMILY GRANT PROGRAM

Grants may be made to meet disasterrelated serious needs or necessary expenses not covered by other assistance programs or insurance.

BUSINESS DISASTER LOANS

Businesses of all sizes and nonprofit organizations may borrow up to \$1.5 million from the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) to fund repairs or replacement of real estate, machinery and equipment, inventory and other assets. For small businesses, SBA makes economic-injury loans available for working capital to pay necessary obligations. Eligible businesses can be in the declared as well as contiguous counties.

DISASTER UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE

Weekly benefits may be provided for those out of work due to the disaster, including self-employed persons, farm owners and others not covered by regular unemployment. Apply at your local unemployment office.



CONSUMER SERVICES

Assistance is available to file consumer complaints about disreputable business practices and other problems.

AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANCE

Emergency loans may be available to farmers operating and managing farms or ranches, limited to compensation for actual losses to essential property and/or production capacity. Cost-sharing grants also are available for emergency conservation measures. Contact your local U.S. Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency office.

SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS

Help is provided to speed the delivery of checks delayed by the disaster and to apply for Social Security disability and survivor benefits.

TAX ASSISTANCE

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allows federal income tax deductions for underinsured or uninsured casualty losses on homes, personal property and household goods. Those eligible may file amended returns for the previous year to receive early refunds.

MENTAL HEALTH/STRESS COUNSELING

Referral services and short-term intervention counseling are available for emotional and mental health problems associated with the disaster.

FRAUD PROTECTION AND LEGAL SERVICES

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development can assist in cases of unlawful discrimination in covered housing. Complaints of fraud or other misrepresentation may be filed with the state Department of Consumer Protection. office. Legal assistance and/or referrals may be available by calling the South Carolina Bar Association .

INSURANCE INFORMATION

Assistance is available from the South Carolina Department of Insurance on matters such as expediting settlements, obtaining copies of lost policies, verifying losses and filing claims.

VETERANS BENEFITS

Information is available about benefits, pensions, insurance and VA mortgage loans.

VOLUNTEER AGENCY SERVICES

Volunteer relief agencies such as the American Red Cross, Salvation Army and religious groups offer a wide range of services, from supplying victims with home clean-up kits to financial assistance to meet emergency disastercaused needs.

To help you, FEMA will....

■ Provide you with access to disaster assistance.

■ Provide you with an opportunity to tell your story to a responsive FEMA representative.

■ Treat you with respect and caring.

■ Give you clear, accurate information about available assistance and how to apply for it.

■ Explain clearly what you need to do after registration, what you can expect from government agencies and how long the process should take.

■ If you are eligible, provide you with disaster housing assistance as promptly as possible and give you an estimate of when you will receive assistance.

Advise you on how to protect against future losses.

■ Use your suggestions to improve our service.

Unemployed by the disaster?

f you are self-employed and have lost work or business in the wake of the recent hurricane, you may be eligible for help.

Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), a federal disaster program funded by FEMA and administered by the state, may provide you with a weekly check. The amount of the check is determined by state guidelines.

The program is designed to help those not normally covered by unemployment compensation, such as the self-employed, farm workers, fishermen and tradesmen.

In order to be eligible for DUA benefits you must be out of work, have lost substantial income or exhausted all entitlement to regular unemployment benefits as a direct result of the hurricane.

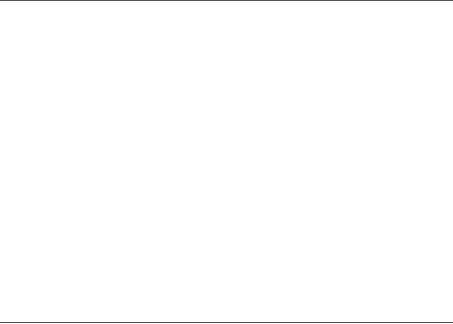
Applicants in disaster-declared counties may file at the local unemployment office.



Make *sure* disaster aid goes to those who deserve it.

FEMA Fraud Hotline **1-800-323-8603**

Disaster recovery assistance is available without regard to race, color, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability or economic status. If you or someone you know has been discriminated against, you should contact the federal or state Equal Rights Officer.



Applicants can receive assistance from FEMA representatives and other specialists at any disaster recovery center.



w-interest loans from the U.S. Small Business Administration are the primary form of federal assistance for long-term recovery for homeowners and renters, as well as businesses of all sizes. These SBA loans fund repairs of damages to homes, businesses and private property that are not fully covered by insurance. By making affordable loans, the SBA disaster program helps disaster victims pay for repairs while keeping costs to the taxpayer reasonable.

SBA disaster loans of up to \$200,000 are available to homeowners for real estate repairs. Homeowners and renters may borrow up to \$40,000 for replacement of disaster-damaged personal property.

SBA analyzes the income and debts of a homeowner or renter and if SBA determines the disaster victim cannot afford an SBA disaster loan, SBA may automatically refer the applicant to the Individual and Family Grant Program.

Businesses of all sizes and private nonprofit organizations may apply for low- interest disaster loans from SBA to repair or replace disaster-damaged real estate, machinery and equipment, inventory and other business assets. Loans up to \$1.5 million are available for losses not fully covered by insurance.

For small businesses only, SBA makes Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDLs) to provide working capital to pay necessary obligations until operations return to normal after the disaster. These working capital loans are available to businesses financially affected by the disaster, even if they had no property damage. Small businesses located in counties contiguous to the declared counties also may apply for these economic injury loans.

If you need help in completing your loan application, you can get help from an SBA representative at all disaster recovery centers.

Call 1-800-359-2227 or visit SBA's website at www.sba.gov.



FEMA Director Witt joins state and local officials to tour flooded areas and meet with residents.

Think about flood insurance

As many residents found out in the aftermath of Hurricane Floyd, home-owner policies do not cover damage from rising waters.

But those who do not have flood insurance can take steps now to protect themselves against future flood losses.

Flood insurance backed by the federal government is available to any homeowner, renter or business owner whose property is in a community that participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). In order to participate, the community must adopt and enforce local floodplain management ordinances designed to reduce the risk of future flood losses.

If you live in such a community, you can purchase flood insurance from any licensed insurance agent or company.

Premiums vary according to the flood risk your property is exposed to, the amount of coverage you purchase, the deductible you select and the type of building you are insuring.

Nationwide, the average premium is about \$300 per year for approximately \$98,000 of coverage. On a single-family home, you may purchase flood insurance coverage up to a maximum of \$250,000 on the structure and up to \$100,000 on the contents. If you are a business owner, the maximum is \$500,000 on the building and another \$500,000 on contents. Renters can purchase up to \$100,000 coverage for personal belongings.

Federal disaster assistance is available only if a disaster is so large and widespread that it warrants a major disaster declaration from the president.

More than 90 percent of disasters are not presidentially declared. In the majority of floods, victims are on their own — unless they have flood insurance. And even for floods that are declared major disasters, most assistance is in the form of loans that must be repaid, with interest.

Even if your neighborhood is not in a floodplain, flood insurance is advisable. Floods occur almost anywhere. Nearly 25 percent of NFIP claims come from properties considered to be in areas at low or moderate risk.

For more information, contact your insurance agent or company or call the NFIP toll-free number, 1-800-720-1090.

MUD, MILDEW? HOW TO GET RID OF IT

Mud in your house and car and mildew on your walls can be challenging when trying to clean up and get your life back to normal.

MUD MAY POSE HAZARDS

The mud left behind by rain and surge waters may contain health hazards. It is important to get rid of this mud as soon as possible and to use care when doing so. Protect your eyes, mouth and hands. Wear rubber gloves and, if possible, a face mask when cleaning. Use a soap containing disinfectants to wash your hands when you are done.

SOLVING MILDEW PROBLEMS

With sunny weather and gentle breezes, mildew problems slowly begin to abate. However, high humidity may contribute to persistent mildew problems which will require aggressive cleaning. A solution of one part household bleach and four parts water will kill surface mildew and, if used as part of a regular maintenance program, will prevent mildew from returning.

A WORD OF CAUTION

When using household cleaners, disinfectants and bleach, always follow the manufacturer's directions. Be sure to read the labels and be aware of any caution or danger warnings. Never mix household bleach with other cleaning agents.

Recovery is published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the South Carolina Emergency Preparedness Division with help from other federal, state and voluntary agencies. It provides timely and accurate information about disaster recovery programs. Comments and inquiries about Recovery may be directed to 1-800-525-0321. Internet/World Wide Web http://www.fema.gov DR 1299 LARRY BAILEY Federal Coordinating Officer STAN McKINNEY State Coordinating Officer GEORGE HADDOW FEMA, Director of Public Affairs AILEEN COOPER FEMA, Managing Editor

Make your community disaster-resistant



Federal, state and voluntary agency staff at the South Carolina Emergency Operations Center respond to immediate disaster needs.

Several South Carolina communities are hoping to be better protected the next time a disaster strikes.

That's why they've joined the nationwide initiative. Project Impact: Building Disaster Resistant Communities. Launched in 1997 by the Federal Energency Management Agency (FEMA), the initiative encourages communities to develop prevention strategies that will minimize loss of life and property in the event of a disaster.

The city of Florence joined the initiative in 1998 as the state's first *Project Impact*-designated community. Since then, Charleston County, including the cities of Charleston and Mount Pleasant, has also become a designated community. There are currently 120 Project Impact communities throughout the country.

In recent years, Florence has taken several agressive steps to lessen the effects of storm-water runoff and flooding. A member of the National Flood Insurance Program since 1981, the city invested a \$125 million capital improvement program funded by its Storm Water Utility Program, which provides ongoing funding to alleviate the area's flooding from storm water runoff.

In the past, Charleston has suffered from numerous hurricanes and a severe earthquake in the late 1800s.

Nearly 200 disaster prevention projects are ongoing under Charleston Area Project Impact initiative. Members of the community, local government, private sectors and nonprofit organizations are all working hard to make the Charleston area disaster resistant.

The city has rebuilt with stronger building codes and has implemented broad education efforts to help citizens and businesses take preventive measures against future storms. These rebuilding efforts proved to be very valuable since Charleston experienced little damage from Hurricane Floyd.

Activities in progress include developing a list of critical facilities, mapping critical facilities and developing evacuation shelters.

For information on FEMA's Project Impact, see the FEMA website, www.fema.gov or call, toll-free 1-800-227-4731 and ask for the Project Impact information packet.

IMPORTANT phone numbers

FEDERAL AGENCIES

STATE AGENCIES

Insurance Information	800-786-3467
Legal Services	803-868-2284
Tax Assistance	803-898-5444
Dept. of Consumer Affairs	800-922-1594
Employment Commission	contact local office
Dept. of Health and Human Services	800-868-9095
Dept. of Health and Human Services Office in Aging	
-	803-898-2850

VOLUNTARY AGENCIES

American	Red Cross	 	 800-306-2029
Salvation	Army	 	 . 800-SAL-ARMY