Yellowstone National Park Trip Planner

- 2004
- 1 Safety Tips
- **2** Highlights Visitor Centers Museums
- 3 Activities
- **4** *Map*
- **5** Lodging & Services
- **6** Permits & Regulations
- **7** Camping & Weather

graphic removed for faster loading



1 PLAY IT SAFE

Emergency—dial 911

High Altitude Most of the park is above 7,500 feet (2,275 m). Allow time to acclimate and drink plenty of liquids. Visitors with cardiac or respiratory medical histories should contact a physician prior to their visit.

Weather Yellowstone's weather is unpredictable. Be prepared for changing temperatures, storms, and emergencies. Carry adequate clothing and gear.

Traffic Most roads are busy, narrow, and rough; some are steep with sharp drop-offs. Watch out for pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, wildlife, and road damage. Pull into turnouts to let other cars pass. Always wear your seatbelt.

Bicycling Wear safety gear, including helmet and high visibility clothing. Park roads are narrow and winding with few shoulders. In spring, high snowbanks make travel dangerous. Road elevations range from 5,300 –8,860 feet (1,615–2,700 m); long distances exist between services and facilities.

Falling Trees Avoid areas of dead trees (snags), which may suddenly fall—especially on windy days.

Stream Crossing High water conditions persist well into summer. If your plans include fishing or crossing streams, check at local ranger stations for water conditions.

Theft Lock your vehicle; keep valuables out of sight; label all valuable property with your name, address, or identification number. Report theft or vandalism to a ranger.

CAUTION: Scalding Water

Beautiful but deadly: Yellowstone's hydrothermal features can kill you. Their waters are frequently near or above boiling. The crust surrounding them is thin and breaks easily, and often overlies more scalding water. People have died in these pools. Be safe, be careful—enjoy the hydrothermal areas from a distance.

- You must stay on boardwalks and designated trails. They exist to protect you and to preserve delicate formations.
- Pets are prohibited in hydrothermal areas.
- Swimming or bathing is prohibited in hydrothermal pools or streams where water flows entirely from a hydrothermal spring or pool.
- Where swimming is allowed, swim at your own risk. Hydrothermal waters can harbor organisms that cause a fatal meningitis infection and Legionnaires' disease. Obtain more information at any ranger station or visitor center.

WHERE ARE YOUR CHILDREN?

Your hand and voice may be too far away if your child leaves your side. Keep your children next to you and make sure they understand the hazards of Yellowstone—especially hydrothermal areas and wildlife.

WATCH OUT! WILD ANIMALS ALL AROUND YOU

Yellowstone is not a zoo and the animals are not tame, even though they may seem calm. *Do not approach any wildlife*. View them from the safety of your vehicle. If an animal reacts to your presence, you are too close.

Keep your distance and stay safe, and you will be rewarded by seeing more natural behavior and activity.

Each year park visitors are injured by wildlife when they approach animals too closely. You must stay at least 100 yards (91 m) away from bears and at least 25 yards (23 m) away from all other animals—including bison, elk, bighorn sheep, deer, moose, wolves, and coyotes.

BISON are unpredictable and dangerous, and every year visitors are injured. Bison weigh up to 2,000 pounds (900 kg) and sprint 30 miles per hour (48 kph)—three times faster than you can run.

BEARS may be seen from March through November. Be alert for tracks and sign. Never approach animal carcasses. Report all bear sightings to a ranger.

graphic removed for faster loading

Bull elk sparring. Keep your distance!

NPS photo/Schmidt

COYOTES quickly learn habits like roadside begging. This may lead to aggressive behavior toward humans and can increase the risk of the coyote being poached or hit by a vehicle.

RAVENS have learned to unzip and unsnap packs. Do not allow them access to your food.

Do not feed any wildlife. It's harmful to the animals and it's illegal.

2 HIGHLIGHTS

graphic removed for faster loading

Lower Falls of the Yellowstone River

History

People have been visiting and living in the Yellowstone area for thousands of years. In the mid 1800s, explorers and artists brought Yellowstone's wonders to the attention of the federal government. The park was established in 1872. Visit Mammoth Hot Springs

to walk the self-guiding trail around Fort Yellowstone, which chronicles the U.S. Army's role in protecting the park. Other historic sites include the Norris Geyser Basin Museum, Obsidian Cliff, and the Old Faithful Inn and Historic District.

Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone

This spectacular canyon, including the Upper and Lower Falls of the Yellowstone River, can be seen from the overlooks and trails of the Canyon Village area, and from the Tower Fall and Calcite Springs overlooks south of Tower Junction.

Geysers & Hot Springs

Geysers, hot springs, mudpots, and fumaroles are evidence of ongoing volcanic activity. To see them, visit Mammoth Hot Springs, Norris Geyser Basin, Fountain Paint Pot, Midway Geyser Basin, the Old Faithful area, West Thumb Geyser Basin, and Mud Volcano.

Lake Area

Yellowstone Lake is North America's

largest high-altitude lake. The area is prime habitat for a variety of birds and mammals. You can also enjoy boating, fishing, hiking, and viewing hydrothermal features.

Wildlife

You can see a variety and abundance of wildlife unparalleled in the lower 48 states. The variety of species includes all the large mammals present when Yellowstone became a park: grizzly and black bears, wolves, mountain lions, elk, bison, pronghorn, moose, and bighorn sheep. You'll also see a large variety of birds, including bald eagles. Check at a visitor center or in the park newspaper for the best wildlife viewing locations.

Wildflowers

Magenta and blue—the colors used in this planner—hint at the vibrant wildflowers that brighten Yellowstone in summer.

Read more about these and other highlights on the park's official website: www.nps.gov/yell

Open All Year Albright Visitor Center, Mammoth

Information, bookstore, and exhibits on wildlife and history. Films on the national park idea, Yellowstone, and artist Thomas Moran.

Open April-November & Winter Old Faithful Visitor Center Mid April-early November

Information, bookstore, and geyser eruption predictions. Film about hydrothermal features. Also open late December through early March. Access only via oversnow vehicle.

West Yellowstone Chamber of Commerce, Public Lands Desk Late April-early November

Information and publications. Also open mid December through early March.

VISITOR CENTERS & MUSEUMS

Open late May- late September

Fishing Bridge Visitor Center

Information, bookstore, and exhibits on the park's birds and other wildlife.

Grant Visitor Center

Information, bookstore, exhibit and video on the role of fire in Yellowstone.

West Thumb Information Station Information and bookstore.

Museum of the National Park Ranger, Norris

Exhibits at this historic soldier station (photo at right) trace the development of the park ranger profession.

Open late May-early October

Canyon Visitor Center Information and publications.

Madison Information Station Information and bookstore.

Norris Geyser Basin Museum

Information, bookstore, and exhibits on the hydrothermal features of Yellowstone.

graphic removed for faster loading

PS photo/Pea

PROGRAMS & Tours

graphic removed for faster loading

Interpretive Park Ranger Programs

Rangers lead activities and programs—from short walks to evening campfire programs—during the summer and winter seasons. They also rove through major park feature areas to answer your questions and help you understand the many wonders of Yellowstone.

Junior Rangers

Yellowstone's Junior Ranger Program, for young people ages 5-12, promotes involvement in and understanding of Yellowstone; ask at visitor centers for more information.

Yellowstone Association Institute

The Institute is a non-profit field school operated in partnership with the National Park Service, offering almost 300 short courses annually on Yellowstone's wildlife, natural wonders and history. Course participants stay at the Institute's residential facility or in park hotels. Call 307-344-2294 or visit www.YellowstoneAssociation.org.

Other Activities

Motorcoach tours, boat rentals and tours, fishing trips, cookouts, horseback and stagecoach rides, and special excursions are offered by Xanterra Parks and Resorts. Call 307-344-7311 or visit www.TravelYellowstone.com

On Your Own

Bicycling is permitted on public roads, parking areas, and designated routes. Bikes are prohibited on backcountry trails and boardwalks.

Boating is allowed on most of Yellowstone Lake and on Lewis Lake. Only non-motorized boating is allowed on most other lakes and one river: the Lewis River between Lewis and Shoshone Lakes. All boating requires a permit.

Climbing isn't recommended due to loose, crumbly rock; it's illegal in the Grand Canyon. Contact the backcountry office for information.

Fishing is allowed in certain areas and with permits. See "Permits" for more information.

DRIVING THE PARK

The Grand Loop Drive to major features on this narrow, winding road. Allow plenty of time for driving from place to place. **NOTE** *Part of the upper loop—Dunraven Pass—is closed for construction*.

Summer Park roads are generally open for travel, barring accidents, rock/mud slides, or road construction.

Autumn Storms may cause temporary restrictions (chain or snow tire requirements) or closures of roads. Park roads close on the first Monday of November, except the road from

Road construction occurs each year; check at a visitor center upon arrival.

Gardiner to Cooke City, MT, which is open all year.

Winter All roads and entrances, with one exception, are closed to motor vehicle travel and are groomed for oversnow vehicles. The exception is the North Entrance road from Gardiner to Cooke City, MT, which is open only to wheeled vehicles. Plowing stops at Cooke City, so you must return to the North Entrance to leave the park.

Spring Park roads open by sections beginning the third Friday in April. *Storms may cause restrictions or closures on some roads.*

Hiking takes you away from the roads and crowds. Seek advice on trail conditions from visitor centers or ranger stations.

Picnic areas usually have pit toilets, but no drinking water. Fires are legal only in areas with fire grates: Bridge Bay, Nez Perce, Snake River, Grant Village, Yellowstone River, Cascade, Norris Meadows, Spring Creek, and the east parking lot of Old Faithful.

Self-Guiding Trails explore Mammoth Hot Springs, Fort Yellowstone, Norris Geyser Basin, Fountain Paint Pot, Upper Geyser Basin, Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone, West Thumb Geyser Basin, and Mud Volcano.

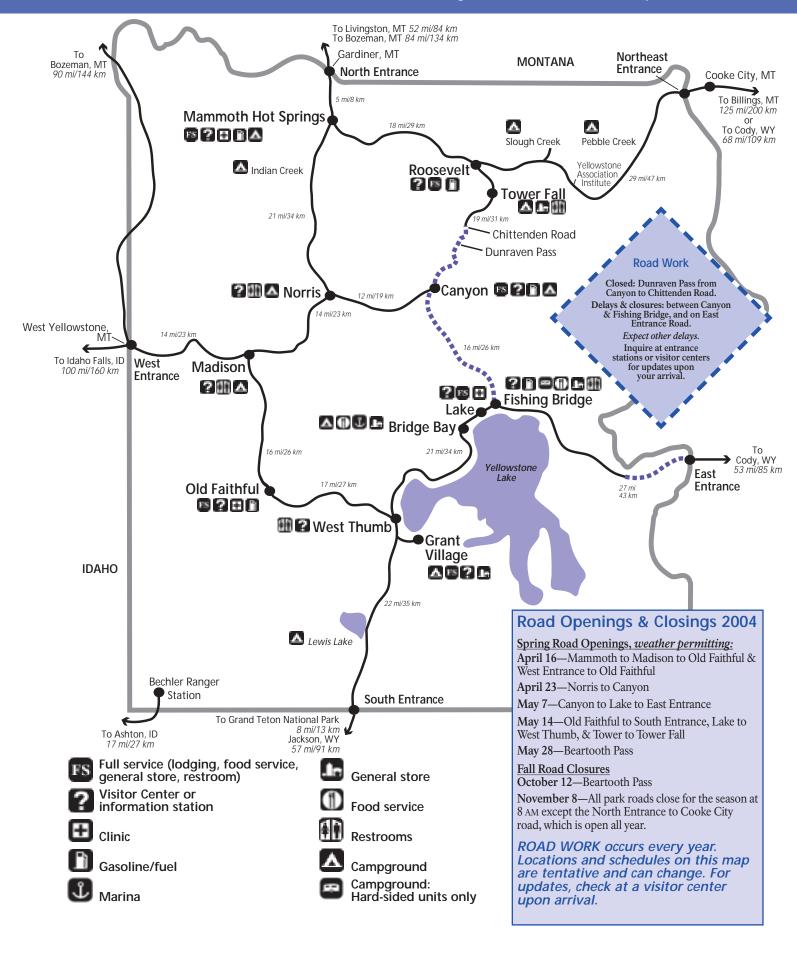
Stock use depends on trail conditions. Contact the back-country office for information.

Swimming, bathing, and wading are discouraged due to extremely cold water. They are illegal in hydrothermal features or streams flowing from hydrothermal features.

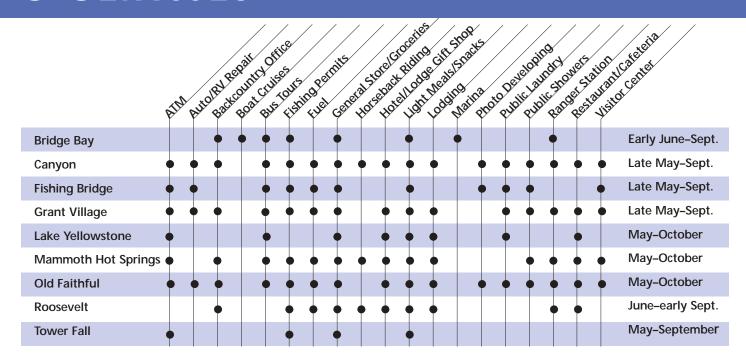
Yellowstone's monthly temperature and precipitation

	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
Average maximum temperature (°F)	27	33	41	49	58	68	75	76	67	53	35	27
Average minimum temperature (°F)	0	4	12	21	29	36	39	37	29	22	10	1
Average precipitation (inches)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.7

4 MAP



5 SERVICES



Dates and hours of operation vary and are subject to change. For more information, see "Useful Phone Numbers and Websites" below.

OTHER SERVICES

Medical Services

In the summer season, outpatient medical services are offered at Lake, Mammoth, and Old Faithful. Ambulances, 24–hour emergency service, laboratory, pharmacy, and radiology services are available. Mammoth Clinic open year-round.

Worship Services

Worship services take place in the park and in communities adjacent to the park, and include most major denominations and interdenominational services during the summer months. Check at visitor centers for more information.

Accessibility

Visitors Guide to Accessible Features in Yellowstone National Park, available free at entrance stations

and visitor centers in the park, describes facilities judged to be negotiable for wheelchair users. Additional facilities are being made accessible as quickly as possible within funding limitations. For more information, write to:

Park Accessibility Coordinator P.O. Box 168, Yellowstone National Park, WY 82190 TDD only: 307-344-2017

Emergency: 911

Nearby Parks, Forests, & Chambers of Commerce

National Parks Montana Chambers of Commerce	Montana Chambers of Commerce				
Grand Teton NP Big Sky 406-995	-3000				
307-739-3300 Billings 406-245	-4111				
	406-586-5421				
406-888-7800 Gardiner 406-848	-7971				
Livingston 406-222	-0850				
National Forests West Yellowstone 406-646	-7701				
Shoshone Cooke City–Silver Gate 406-838	-2495				
307-527-6241 Red Lodge 406-446	-1718				
Gallatin Wyoming Chambers of Commerce	Wyoming Chambers of Commerce				
406-587-6701 Cody 307-587	-2297				
Bridger-Teton Jackson 307-733	-3316				
307-739-5500 Dubois 307-455	-2556				
Caribou-Targhee E. Yellowstone/Wapiti Valley 307-587	-9595				
208-624-3151 Idaho Chambers of Commerce	Idaho Chambers of Commerce				
Custer Idaho Falls 208-523	-1010				
406-657-6200 Eastern Idaho Visitor Info 800-634	-3246				

Useful Phone Numbers & Websites

- Yellowstone National Park: 307-344-7381; TDD 307-344-2386; www.nps.gov/yell
- Lodging & activities: 307-344-7311; TDD 307-344-5395; www.TravelYellowstone.com
- Yellowstone Association (maps, books, classes): 307-344-2293; www.YellowstoneAssociation.org

6 You should know about . . .

REGULATIONS

Bicycling is permitted only on established public roads, parking areas, and designated routes. It is not permitted on boardwalks and backcountry trails.

Boaters must have a Coast Guard approved "wearable" personal flotation device for each person boating.

Calling to attract wildlife—bugling to elk, howling to wolves, etc.—is illegal.

Disturbing park features—

possessing, collecting, removing, defacing, or destroying any natural or archeological objects or plants, animals, or minerals—is prohibited.

Driving while intoxicated or under the influence is illegal.

Feeding wildlife is against the law.

FireS are permitted only in designated campgrounds, in picnic areas with fire grates, and in some backcountry campsites. Any dead-anddown material may be used as firewood, but chainsaws are prohibited. Thoroughly extinguish all fires.

Fishing tackle must be non-toxic. Leaded split-shot sinkers, soft lead-weighted ribbon for nymph fishing, and other toxic tackle are not allowed.

Food must be attended at all times while not in storage. *Never* leave food outside your vehicle or around your campsite—*not even inside a cooler*—when you are away or asleep.

Littering is illegal, unsightly, and destroys hydrothermal features and injures wildlife.

Motorcycles, motor scooters, and motor bikes are not allowed off-road or on trails. Operators must carry a valid state driver's license and vehicles must display valid state license plates.

Pets must be leashed. They are prohibited on any trails, in the backcountry, and in hydrothermal basins. Pets are not allowed more than 100 feet from a road or parking area. Leaving a

pet unattended and/or tied to an object is prohibited.

Seat belts must be worn by all occupants when the vehicle is in motion.

Service animals are allowed on trails and boardwalks in major areas; they require permits in the backcountry (see below).

Slow-moving vehicles must pull over to let others pass. Never stop or pause in the middle of the road—use pullouts.

Speed limit is 45 mph (73 kph) *or less*. **Spotlighting**—viewing animals with artificial light—is illegal.

Weapons and firearms, including state-permitted concealed weapons, are not allowed in Yellowstone. *Unloaded* firearms may be transported in a vehicle when the weapon is cased, broken down or rendered inoperable, and kept out of sight. Ammunition must be placed in a separate compartment of the vehicle.

PERMITS

Anglers ages 12-15 need a non-fee permit; 16 and older must purchase a permit. Anglers 11 years and younger may fish without a permit but must be supervised by an adult who has a park fishing permit. No state fishing license required. Obtain permits and regulations from ranger stations, visitor centers, and general stores.

Fishing season generally begins on the Saturday of Memorial Day weekend (usually the last weekend in May) and continues through the first Sunday of November. Fishing season opens later around Yellowstone Lake and between the

lake and the Grand Canyon. For additional information, check park fishing regulations or the www.nps.gov/yell/planvisit/todo/fishing.

Motorized boats require permits: purchase at South Entrance, Lewis Lake Campground, Grant Village backcountry office, Bridge Bay Marina, and Bridge Bay Ranger Station.

Non-motorized boats & float tubes require permits: purchase at Old Faithful, Mammoth, and Canyon backcountry offices, Bechler Ranger Station, West and

Northeast entrances, and the West Yellowstone

Chamber of Commerce, Public Lands Desk.

Overnight backcountry camping requires a permit, free 48 hours or less in advance or for a fee by mail beginning April 1. For more information, request a backcountry trip planner from the Backcountry Office, Box 168, Yellowstone National Park, WY 82190.

Service animals are allowed in the backcountry, but must have permits. Contact the Backcountry Office (address above) for more information.

information.

ENTRANCE FEES

Private, noncommercial automobile	\$20 (7 days, both Yellowstone and Grand Teton)				
Motorcycle	\$15 (7 days, both parks)				
Single entry (foot, bike, ski, etc.)	\$10 (7 days, both parks)				
Annual Pass, both parks	\$40 (valid one year from date of purchase)				
National Parks Pass	\$50 (valid one year from date of purchase for entrance fees at National Park Service areas)				
Golden Eagle Pass	\$65 (valid one year from date of purchase at most federal fee collection areas)				
Golden Age Pass	\$10 (lifetime pass for citizens or permanent residents of the U.S. 62 years of age and older)				
Golden Access Pass	Free (available to those citizens or permanent residents of the U.S. who have been determined to be blind or permanently disabled)				

The National Parks Pass (\$50, shown on the back cover) admits you to all National Park Service areas for one year. Buy it here, and 70% of the fee supports projects here; the rest supports projects in other national parks. Purchase your pass at park entrance stations or West Yellowstone Chamber of Commerce (Public Lands Desk), or call 888-GO-Parks (888-467-2757), or visit www.nationalparks.org. Upgrade to a Golden Eagle Pass for \$15 more and gain admission to all federal fee areas.

7 CAMPING

	Dates	Fees	Sites	Elev (ft)	Features
Bridge Bay*	5/28-9/19	\$17	429	7,800	A, F, DS, G
Canyon*	6/11-9/12	\$17	271	7,900	A, F, S/L, G
Fishing Bridge RV*	5/21-10/3	\$31	340	7,800	F, S/L, DS, G
Grant Village*	6/21-10/3	\$17	425	7,800	A, F, S/L, DS, G
Madison*	5/7-10/31	\$17	280	6,800	A, F, G, DS
Indian Creek	6/11-9/20	\$12	75	7,300	V
Lewis Lake	6/18–11/7	\$12	85	7,800	V
Mammoth	All year	\$14	85	6,200	A, F, G
Norris	5/21-9/27	\$14	116	7,500	F, G
Pebble Creek	6/4-9/27	\$12	36	6,900	V
Slough Creek	5/28-10/31	\$12	29	6,250	V
Tower Fall	5/21-9/27	\$12	32	6,600	٧

^{*} Reserve these sites by calling Xanterra Parks and Resorts: 307-344-7311 or TDD 307-344-5395.

Holders of Golden Age and Golden Access passes receive approximately 50% discount on camping fees, except at Fishing Bridge RV Park.

How Long Can You Camp?

14 days between June 15 and September 15; 30 days the rest of the year. No limit at Fishing Bridge.

Group Camping

Available at Madison, Grant, and Bridge Bay campgrounds for large organized groups with a designated leader such as youth groups or educational groups. \$47–\$77 per night, depending on group size. Reservations are required. Contact Xanterra Parks and Resorts: P.O. Box 165, Yellowstone National Park, WY 82190; 307-344-7311.

Attention RV Drivers

Few campsites exist in the park to accommodate RVs longer than 30 feet. Reservations recommended for these large sites at Fishing Bridge RV Park, and in campgrounds outside the park (map on center pages).

V Vault toilets

Α

S/L Showers/laundry nearby

Accessible sites available

DS Dump station

Flush toilets

G Generators OK 8 AM-8 PM

WEATHER

Spring

Cold and snow linger into June, although temperatures gradually climb. Early in spring, daytime temperatures average in the 40s and 50s; by late May and June, they may reach the 60s and 70s. Nighttime lows fall below freezing.

Summer

Daytime temperatures are usually in the 70s, occasionally the 80s in the lower elevations. Nights are cool—temperatures may drop into the 40s and 30s, sometimes even the 20s. June can be cool and rainy; July and August tend to be somewhat drier, although afternoon thunder showers are common.

Autumn

Weather can be pleasant, although temperatures average 10–20 degrees lower than summer readings. Nighttime lows can fall into the teens and lower. Snowstorms increase in frequency and intensity as the weeks go by.

Winter

Temperatures often hover near zero throughout the day, occasionally reaching highs in the 20s. Subzero nighttime lows are common. Annual snowfall averages nearly 150 inches in most of the park. At higher elevations, 200–400 inches of snow have been recorded.

WINTER IN YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK

Visit Yellowstone's winter wonderland. The *Winter Trip Planner* provides details for a safe and enjoyable trip, and describes the park's Winter Use Plan. View it at www.nps.gov/yell or call 307-344-2116 to obtain a free copy.

TRIP CHECKLIST

- Plan itinerary around road construction.
- ☐ Make lodging reservations early.
- Reserve campsites or plan to secure campsite early in the day.
- Review park safety, regulations, and permit information.
- Pack clothes you can layer; be prepared for rain or snow, cool conditions, heat.
- Prepare day packs with snacks, water bottles, maps, sunscreen, compass.
- Call ahead for up-to-date road and weather information.
- ☐ For more trip planning materials or to plan to take a class, visit www. YellowstoneAssociation.org.

You might also want:

binoculars • camera & film • notebook • field guides

You can find in the park:

Everything listed above, plus basic camping gear, other books, groceries, souvenir clothing.

Yellowstone Trip Planner

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
National Park Service
P.O. Box 168
Yellowstone National Park
Wyoming 82190

Official Business Penalty for Private Use: \$300

graphic removed for faster loading