Federal Building and Fire Safety Investigation of the World Trade Center Disaster

Simulation of the Fires in WTC 1 and 2

October 19, 2004

Kevin McGrattan, Ph.D. Mathematician

Building and Fire Research Laboratory
National Institute of Standards and Technology
U.S. Department of Commerce
kevin.mcgrattan@nist.gov



Overview

- Development and validation of the Fire Dynamics Simulator for use in the WTC investigation is complete
- Numerical simulations of fires in WTC 1 and 2 completed.
 WTC 7 postponed.
- Three fire simulations performed for each building –
 Realistic Case, More Severe Case, Less Severe Case to assess sensitivity to changes in input parameters
- Results passed on to Fire/Structure Interface for analysis of temperature of steel and concrete (Prasad)



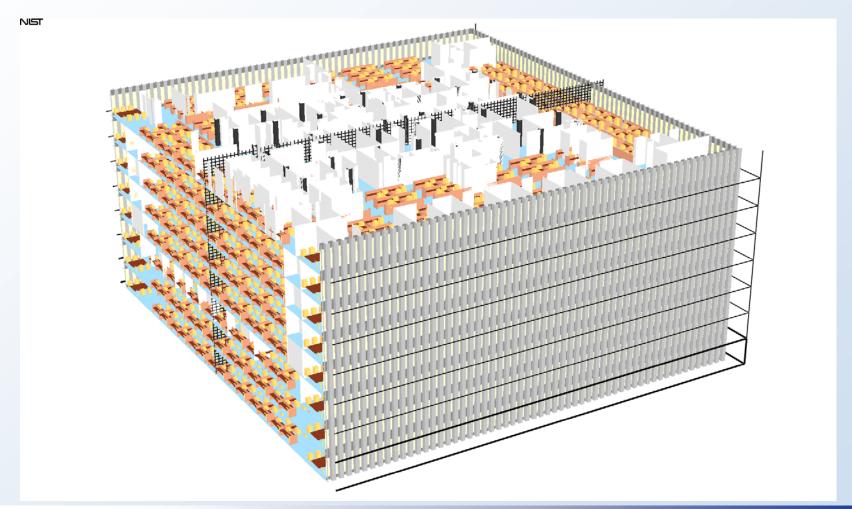
Parameter Variations for Fire Simulations

Less Severe Case	Realistic Case	More Severe Case
Combustibles	Combustibles	Combustibles
15 kg/m ² (3 lb/ft ²)	20 kg/m ² (4 lb/ft ²)	25 kg/m ² (5 lb/ft ²)
Soffits around openings of shafts	Vertical shafts completely open	Soffits around openings of shafts
Rubble throughout	Rubble in aircraft path only	No rubble, airplane debris concentrated



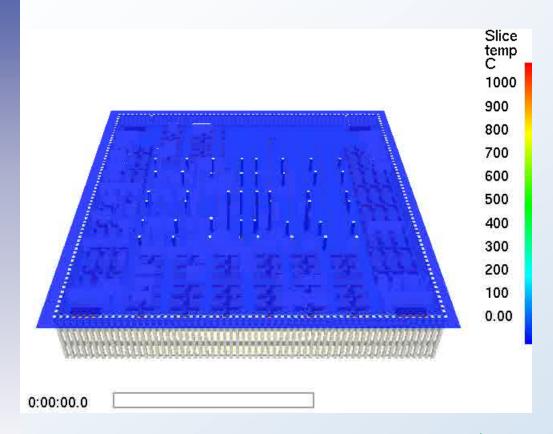
FDS Simulations to Date

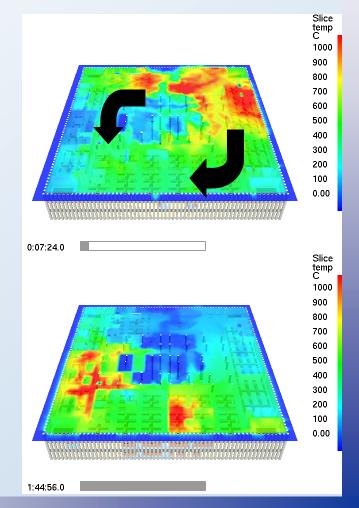
3 for WTC 1, Realistic Case, More/Less Severe – 16 processors per calc 2 for WTC 2, Realistic Case, More Severe – 24 and 48 processors per calc





Upper Layer Temperatures, WTC 1, Floor 94

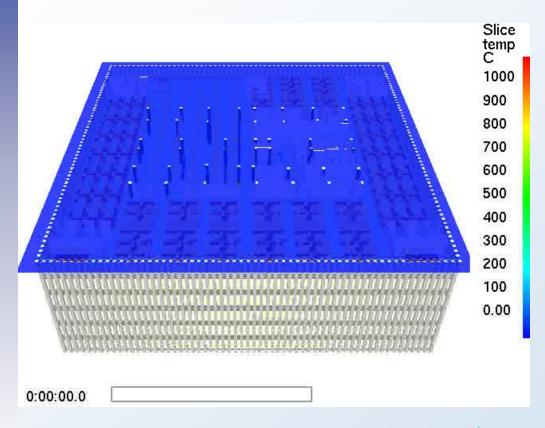


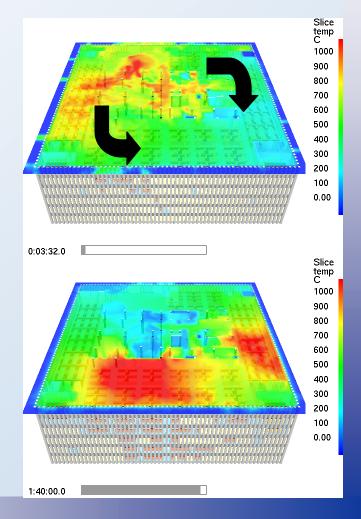






Upper Layer Temperatures, WTC 1, Floor 97

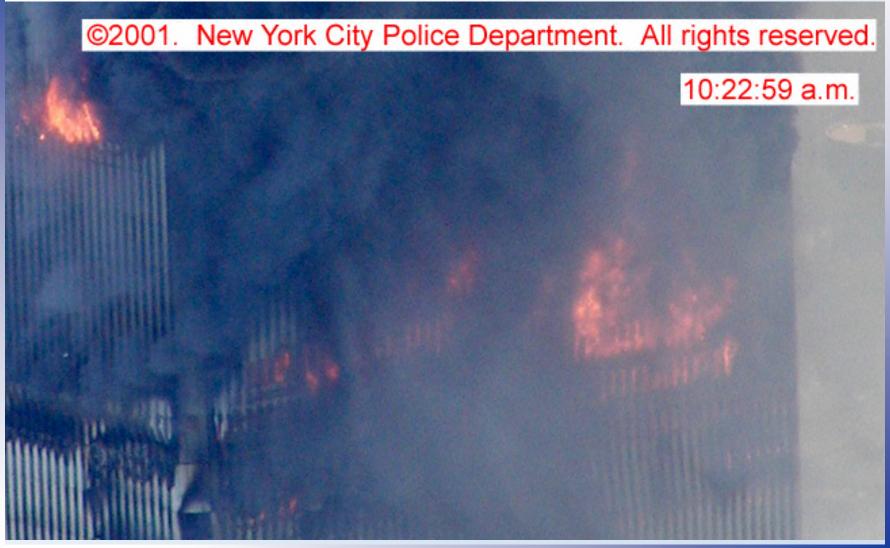








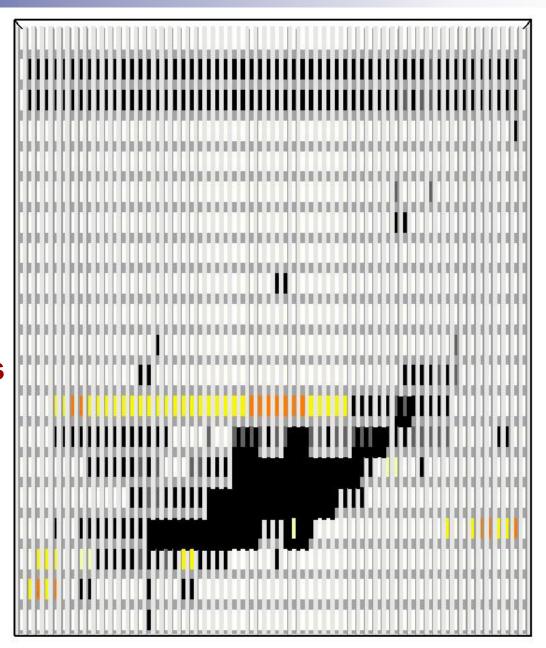
South Face of WTC 1 at 10:23





Summary of Fire Activity WTC 1
North Face

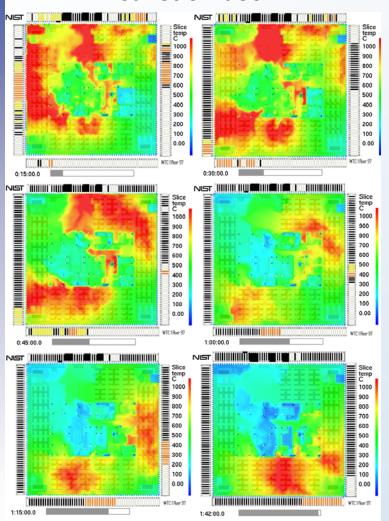
Courtesy Bill Pitts



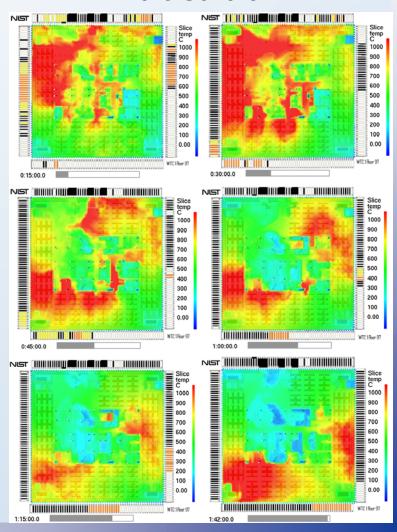


WTC 1, 97th Floor, Sensitivity Analysis

Realistic Case



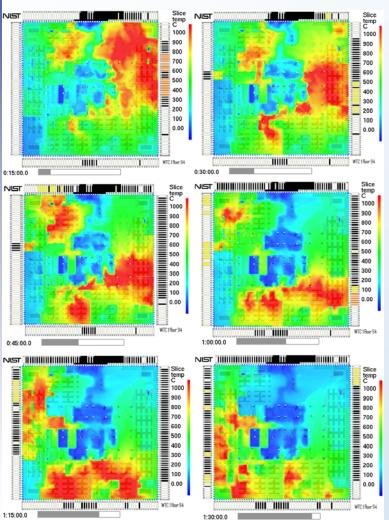
More Severe



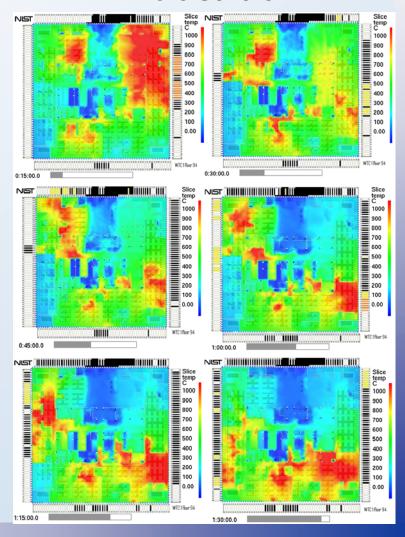


WTC 1, 94th Floor, Sensitivity Analysis





More Severe



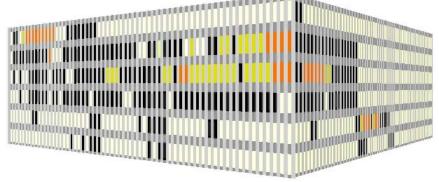




WTC 2
East Face
9:26 am

© Mark Stetler 2001

Fire Activity East/North Face



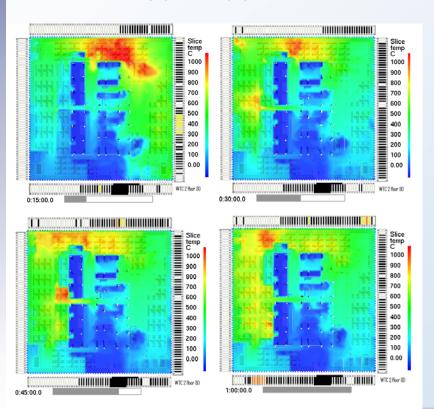
9:03:00.0



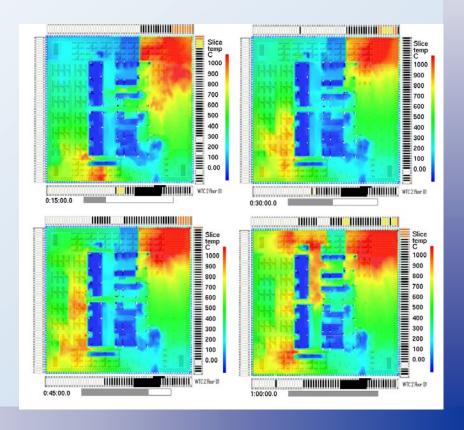
Realistic Case Simulation, WTC 2

Contrasting Fire Behavior on Impact Floors





81st Floor

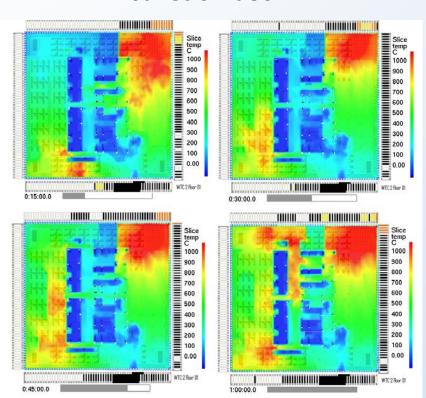




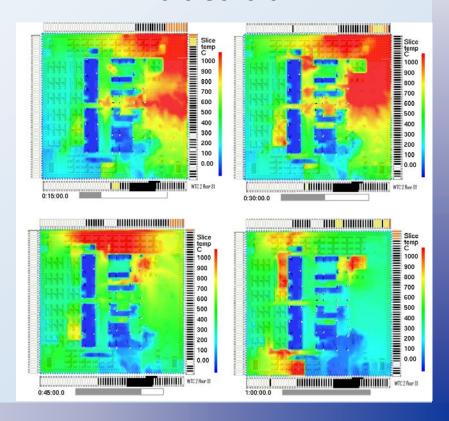
WTC 2, 81st Floor, Sensitivity Analysis

Combustible Load more critical in WTC 2

Realistic Case



More Severe





Summary

- Fire simulations of WTC 1 relatively insensitive to combustibles
- Fire simulations of WTC 2 more sensitive to combustibles, barriers, aircraft damage
- Fires in WTC 1 spread around building more quickly and more predictably than fires in WTC 2
- Fires in WTC 2 confined to impact area increased difficulty for modeling
- 20 kg/m² (4 lb/ft²) combustible load consistent with 1.5 h fire
- Temperature predictions consistent with experiments at NIST and elsewhere



Federal Building and Fire Safety Investigation of the World Trade Center Disaster

Simulation of the Fires in WTC 1 and 2

Thank you

Kevin McGrattan, Ph.D.

Mathematician

kevin.mcgrattan@nist.gov

