

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS



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HIGHLIGHTS OF MIAMI-FORT LAUDERDALE, FL NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY DECEMBER 2002

Workers in the Miami-Fort Lauderdale metropolitan area averaged \$17.03 per hour during December 2002, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin reported that white-collar workers averaged \$21.07 per hour and accounted for 54 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar employees averaged \$12.88 per hour and represented 23 percent of the workforce, while the remaining 23 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$11.10 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 331 firms representing 709,600 workers in the Miami metropolitan area, which includes Broward and Dade Counties in Florida. Seventy-three percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Miami metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 77 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white-collar workers, pharmacists averaged \$39.70 per hour; registered nurses, \$25.70; and secretaries, \$15.18. Blue-collar occupations included electrical power installers and repairers earning \$24.84 per hour, construction laborers at \$12.18, and stock handlers and baggers at \$8.82. In the service occupations, public service police and detectives averaged \$24.82 per hour; cooks, \$11.06; and janitors and cleaners, \$8.58.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 2 and 3.) For example, full-time employees in the Miami area averaged \$17.81 per hour and part-timers earned \$9.08. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$16.86 per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made \$11.18. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$12.42 per hour, while those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$20.44.

The NCS is part of a statistical program that integrates three previously separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work

within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgement, supervision received, and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the <u>Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL National Compensation</u> <u>Survey December 2002</u> (Bulletin 3120-09). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the Atlanta Information Office by calling 404-331-3415. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm. Select survey tables can also be obtained from the Bureau's fax-ondemand service in Atlanta by dialing 404-331-3403 and requesting document 9520.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Atlanta Information Office at 404-331-3415 from 9:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

 Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2002

Occupation ³	Т	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
	\$17.03	2.9	\$15.71	4.0	\$20.57	3.1
All excluding sales	17.30	3.0	15.94	4.3	20.63	3.1
White collar	21.07	2.5	20.49	3.5	22.39	2.9
White collar excluding sales	22.23	2.5	22.08	3.6	22.51	3.0
Professional specialty and technical	27.21	2.9	28.01	4.6	26.09	3.0
Professional specialty	27.36	2.9	28.26	5.6	26.44	2.2
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	26.05	5.8	28.04	1.9	-	-
Mathematical and computer scientists Natural scientists	_	_	_	-	_	_
Health related	27.86	7.3	28.65	7.9	_	
Registered nurses	25.70	1.8	25.95	1.9	_	_
Pharmacists	39.70	3.1	39.70	3.1	-	-
Respiratory therapists	19.49	6.3	17.75	1.7	-	-
Teachers, college and university	45.04	14.6	-	-	-	-
Teachers, except college and university	28.78	1.6	26.01	7.1	28.95	1.7
Elementary school teachers	28.89	1.6	-	-	-	-
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	-	-	-	-	-
Social scientists and urban planners Social, recreation, and religious workers	_ 14.26	2.5	- 15.91	- 8.5	_ 13.39	1.5
Social workers	14.20	4.1	15.31	10.9	13.39	1.5
Lawyers and judges	-	-	-	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technical	26.54	8.6	27.40	9.3	15.27	19.2
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	19.33	3.3	19.33	3.3	-	-
Radiological technicians	20.97	3.2	20.97	3.2	-	-
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	16.26 12.34	1.6 8.1	16.26 12.84	1.6 9.0	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	20.49	7.9	20.49	7.9	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.69	7.3	31.56	10.5	29.08	7.0
Executives, administrators, and managers	37.26	9.3	37.41	11.9	36.79	10.9
Financial managers Administrators, education and related fields	36.25 36.44	8.8	35.30 34.82	7.0 5.9	_	-
Managers, medicine and health	28.90	10.4	28.90	10.4	_	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	18.29	9.0	18.29	9.0	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	45.50	17.1	45.02	19.8	_	_
Management related	22.46	4.4	20.64	5.0	24.35	5.6
Accountants and auditors	23.60	6.3	22.99	7.2	-	-
Other financial officers	23.94	.0	23.94	.0	-	-
Construction inspectors	23.62	4.3	-	-	-	-
Management related, n.e.c.	21.46	10.2	19.29	4.2	-	-
Sales	13.59	9.3	13.68	9.4	_	-
Supervisors, sales	29.29	31.2	29.29	31.2	-	-
Sales, other business services	16.20	13.0	16.20	13.0	-	-
Sales workers, other commodities	10.25	12.0	10.25	12.0	-	-
Sales counter clerks Cashiers	11.92 8.62	37.4 3.8	11.92 8.61	37.4 4.0	-	-
Cashiers	0.02	3.0	0.01	4.0	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	13.48	2.5	13.42	2.5	13.61	6.3
Supervisors, general office	21.96	3.9	21.98	3.9	-	-
Secretaries	15.18	1.8	15.45	2.4	14.90	2.5
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	13.68	14.2	13.68	14.2	-	-
Receptionists Information clerks, n.e.c.	9.75 10.32	5.3 4.7	9.75 -	5.3 -	_	_
Order clerks	10.32	6.0	12.46	6.0	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	14.00	7.8	12.40	9.0	_	
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.96	6.2	13.81	7.7	14.57	3.6
Billing clerks	10.80	5.7	10.80	5.7	-	-
Dispatchers	12.52	12.9	-	_	15.78	8.5
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	16.61	22.8	16.61	22.8	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks	10.52	10.0	9.41	5.6	-	-
Bill and account collectors	12.52	8.0	11.50	5.4	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Occupation ³	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued						
General office clerks	\$12.84	4.9	\$12.81	7.2	\$12.87	6.4
Data entry keyers	11.41	4.7		-	-	-
Administrative support, n.e.c.	13.62	14.0	13.64	17.1	-	-
Blue collar	12.88	3.6	12.25	3.6	15.18	7.0
Provision production craft and repair	16 14	64	15.60	6.4	17.64	15.4
Precision production, craft, and repair Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.14 17.41	6.4 5.3	15.69	6.4	17.64	15.4
Industrial machinery repairers	17.41	4.0	_		_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	15.08	18.2	14.87	26.4	_	
Electrical power installers and repairers	24.84	2.8	-	20.4	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	15.60	9.6	_	_	_	_
Supervisors, production	19.25	7.6	19.25	7.6	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	9.76	21.3	9.76	21.3	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.24	14.8	8.78	6.8	_	_
Welders and cutters	21.01	12.2	_	_	-	-
Assemblers	9.80	8.3	9.80	8.3	-	-
Transportation and material moving	14.46	9.4	14.98	11.3	12.89	2.8
Truck drivers	13.76	10.2	13.63	11.0	-	-
Motor transportation, n.e.c.	19.08	5.0	-	-	-	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	15.13	4.4	15.13	4.4	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.54 10.95	3.6 6.6	9.88 -	4.6 -	12.62 -	4.8 -
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and						
laborers, n.e.c.	14.41	20.3	-	-	-	-
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	8.62	10.2	8.62	10.2	-	-
Construction laborers	12.18	5.3	-	-	-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	8.82	1.2	8.82	1.2	-	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	13.33	15.6	13.58	17.6	-	-
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.73	8.1	8.23	6.6	-	-
Service	11.10	4.1	8.32	4.6	19.81	8.3
Protective service	17.66	9.2	8.52	3.8	23.01	2.2
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	30.46	5.3	-	-	30.46	5.3
Supervisors, police and detectives	34.93	2.8	-	-	34.93	2.8
Firefighting	19.10	.7	-	-	19.10	.7
Police and detectives, public service	24.82	1.4	-		24.82	1.4
Guards and police, except public service	8.36	4.2	8.30	4.6	-	-
Protective service, n.e.c.	13.11	12.5			13.61	11.0
Food service	6.96	6.5	6.98	6.6	-	-
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.74	9.3	3.74	9.3	-	-
Waiters and waitresses	3.19	6.8	3.19	6.8	-	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants Other food service	5.29	18.1 5.2	5.29	18.1 5.0	-	-
Supervisors, food preparation and service	9.10 14.23	5.2 6.6	9.21 14.23	5.0 6.6	_	-
Cooks	14.23	6.6 3.6	14.23	6.6 3.6	-	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.54	3.0 8.4	8.54	3.0 8.4	-	
					—	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	6.95	6.3	7.04	6.5	-	-
Health service Health aides, except nursing	9.10 9.58	3.8	8.83	2.9 8.6	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.58	8.6	9.58	8.6	-	-
NUISING alges, orgenies and attendants	8.91	5.4	8.48	3.7	_	

 Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

 National Compensation Survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2002 — Continued

See footnotes at end of table.

 Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

 National Compensation Survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Cleaning and building service	\$8.12	3.3	\$7.84	2.2	_	
Maids and housemen	6.98	2.2	6.85	1.4	-	-
Janitors and cleaners	8.58	4.0	8.19	3.3	-	-
Personal service	15.35	27.8	16.43	31.7	-	-
Public transportation attendants	38.24	16.6	38.24	16.6	-	-
Service, n.e.c.	8.51	4.3	8.16	1.3	-	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. ² All workers include full-time and part-time workers. ³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

 $^{4}\,$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

	Private industry and State and local government							
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
	Mean							
All occupations	\$17.81	\$9.08	\$21.92	\$15.46	\$16.93	\$20.74		
All excluding sales	17.90	9.61	22.05	15.66	17.29	18.80		
White collar	21.70	12.30	25.97	19.72	21.02	22.34		
White-collar excluding sales	22.31	19.86	26.40	20.92	22.23	22.44		
Professional specialty and technical	27.40	23.53	32.74	24.50	27.21	_		
Professional specialty	27.39	26.84	28.11	26.90	27.36	-		
Technical	27.47	15.86	-	17.24	26.54	-		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	30.69	-	29.11	30.92	30.48	-		
Sales	16.28	7.50	-	13.44	11.41	22.30		
Administrative support, including clerical	13.52	11.95	14.33	13.27	13.44	15.19		
Blue collar	13.24	8.08	16.86	11.18	12.82	15.47		
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.14	-	19.17	14.44	16.07	-		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.24	-	-	8.59	10.24	_		
Transportation and material moving	14.46	-	15.95	13.22	14.50	13.97		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.20	7.96	13.56	9.52	10.53	-		
Service	12.09	6.19	19.46	8.33	11.10	-		
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
All occupations	2.8	5.8	3.6	4.1	3.0	13.8		
All excluding sales	3.0	7.1	3.6	4.4	3.1	5.0		
White collar	2.5	8.3	4.1	3.4	2.3	15.3		
White-collar excluding sales	2.5	8.4	4.2	3.2	2.5	9.8		
Professional specialty and technical	2.9	7.9	2.4	3.8	2.9	_		
Professional specialty	3.0	3.1	.7	4.6	2.9	_		
Technical	8.3	12.8	_	3.3	8.6	_		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	7.3	_	11.0	8.2	7.5	_		
Sales	11.2	2.4	_	10.5	6.5	21.8		
Administrative support, including clerical	2.4	9.4	8.4	2.1	2.6	12.0		
Blue collar	3.7	.9	3.4	3.0	3.7	11.9		
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.4	_	9.0	7.0	6.7	_		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.8	_	_	6.8	14.8	_		
Transportation and material moving	9.5	-	10.9	7.4	9.5	14.1		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.5	1.0	9.8	3.9	3.7	-		
Service	4.5	3.1	8.5	5.5	4.1	_		

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2002

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. ² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.
 ⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses. $^{6}\,$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

	Full-time and part-time workers							
Occupational group	All private industry workers		100 workers or more					
		50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more			
	Mean							
All occupations All excluding sales	\$15.71 15.94	\$12.42 12.44	\$16.62 16.90	\$14.42 14.50	\$20.44 20.79			
White collar	20.49	17.55	21.07	19.09	23.54			
White-collar excluding sales	22.08	19.44	22.55	20.78	24.38			
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	28.01 28.26 27.40	24.87 32.83 16.00	28.38 27.86 29.81	23.20 25.03 17.02	34.08 31.34 40.17			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	31.56	29.91	31.80	35.07	29.28			
Sales Administrative support, including clerical	13.68 13.42	12.21 14.28	14.11 13.22	13.86 13.62	14.96 12.78			
Blue collar	12.25	10.51	13.00	11.70	18.18			
Precision production, craft, and repair	15.69	15.24	15.88	13.13	21.68			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.78	8.62	9.04	8.45	11.87			
Transportation and material moving	14.98	9.30	15.79	15.67	16.45			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.88	8.37	10.29	9.38	15.56			
Service	8.32	6.94	8.77	7.64	11.02			
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)							
All occupations	4.0	7.8	4.7	7.2	3.6			
All excluding sales	4.3	7.3	5.0	7.8	3.8			
White collar	3.5	10.5	4.1	7.6	5.1			
White-collar excluding sales	3.6	11.4	4.1	7.2	5.8			
Professional specialty and technical	4.6	30.6	5.4	5.4	4.5			
Professional specialty	5.6	28.1	6.5	6.1	8.2			
Technical	9.3	17.3	11.3	6.1	7.8			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	10.5	6.7	11.8	21.5	7.3			
Sales	9.4	18.4	14.3	18.7	11.5			
Administrative support, including clerical	2.5	5.0	3.1	6.7	5.7			
Blue collar	3.6	8.7	5.4	8.4	6.3			
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.4	7.2	8.3	11.0	4.0			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.8	11.4	11.2	11.0	11.2			
Transportation and material moving	11.3	8.6	11.6	13.8	16.9			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.6	5.3	5.7	3.6	16.6			
Service	4.6	4.7	5.7	3.1	12.3			

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL, December 2002

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. ² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

 3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

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