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FOR RELEASE: IMMEDIATE<br>JANUARY 23, 2004

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## HIGHLIGHTS OF OCALA, FL NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY AUGUST 2003

Workers in the Ocala, Florida, metropolitan area averaged $\$ 14.87$ per hour during August 2003, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin reported that white-collar employees averaged $\$ 17.65$ per hour and accounted for 46 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar workers averaged $\$ 12.81$ per hour and represented 33 percent of the workforce, while the remaining 21 percent worked in service occupations and earned $\$ 11.93$ per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covers 65 firms representing 34,800 workers in the Ocala metropolitan area, which is comprised of Marion County in Florida. Seventy-eight percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Ocala metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 10 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white-collar workers, registered nurses averaged $\$ 23.77$ per hour; secretaries, $\$ 10.02$; and cashiers, $\$ 7.60$. Blue-collar occupations included stock handlers and baggers earning $\$ 7.96$ per hour. In the service occupations, janitors and cleaners averaged $\$ 7.95$ per hour.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 2 and 3.) For example, full-time employees in the Ocala area averaged $\$ 15.60$ per hour and part timers earned $\$ 8.44$. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged $\$ 16.48$ per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made $\$ 12.61$. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged $\$ 12.41$ per hour and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned $\$ 17.72$.

The NCS is part of a statistical program that integrates three previously separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgement, supervision received, and other factors required on the job.

## Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the Ocala, FL National Compensation Survey August 2003 (Bulletin 3120-39). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the Atlanta Information Office by calling 404-331-3415. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm. Select survey tables can also be obtained from the Bureau's fax-on-demand service in Atlanta by dialing 404-331-3403 and requesting document 9528.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Atlanta Information Office at 404-331-3415 from 9:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings, ${ }^{1}$ all workers: ${ }^{2}$ Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Ocala, FL, August 2003

| Occupation ${ }^{3}$ | Total |  | Private industry |  | State and local government |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{4}$ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{4}$ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{4}$ (percent) |
| All | \$14.87 | 4.8 | \$14.55 | 6.3 | - | - |
| All excluding sales ..................................................... | 15.36 | 5.6 | 15.12 | 7.5 | - | - |
| White collar | 17.65 | 8.3 | 18.06 | 10.3 | - | - |
| White collar excluding sales .................................. | 19.77 | 9.8 | 21.07 | 12.7 | - | - |
| Professional specialty and technical ......................... | 21.80 | 6.4 | 22.44 | 5.1 | - | - |
| Professional specialty .......................................... | 24.41 | 10.0 | 25.42 | 6.5 | - | - |
| Engineers, architects, and surveyors .... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mathematical and computer scientists ................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Natural scientists . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health related .... | 26.86 | 5.2 | 27.89 | 3.5 | - | - |
| Registered nurses | 23.77 | 7.6 | 24.77 | 6.8 | - | - |
| Teachers, except college and university ................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Social, recreation, and religious workers ................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lawyers and judges ...................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Technical ............................................................................ | 15.92 | 6.6 | 14.65 | 3.2 | _ | _ |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 37.43 | 30.3 | 40.88 | 30.9 | - | - |
| Executives, administrators, and managers .............. | 47.23 | 33.4 | 49.77 | 35.3 | - | - |
| Managers and administrators, n.e.c. .................. | 22.00 | 18.7 | 22.00 | 18.7 | - | - |
| Management related ........................................... | 21.75 | 14.2 | - | - | - | - |
| Sales | 11.05 | 15.8 | 11.04 | 16.6 | - | - |
| Sales workers, other commodities ...................... | 9.45 | 13.2 | 9.45 | 13.2 | - | - |
| Cashiers ....................................................... | 7.60 | 5.6 | 7.29 | 5.1 | - | - |
| Administrative support, including clerical .................. | 11.22 | 2.3 | 11.42 | 2.9 | - | - |
| Secretaries .................................................... | 10.02 | 3.3 | - | - | - | - |
| Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks ...... | 11.19 | 5.6 | 11.19 | 5.6 | - | - |
| Administrative support, n.e.c. ............................ | 10.47 | 4.1 | 9.37 | 9.8 | - | - |
| Blue collar ................................................................. | 12.81 | 3.5 | 12.69 | 3.9 | - | - |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ...................... | 16.25 | 4.6 | 16.30 | 5.1 | - | - |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ........ | 10.89 | 2.3 | 10.89 | 2.3 | - | - |
| Assemblers .................................................... | 12.67 | 12.7 | 12.67 | 12.7 | - | - |
| Transportation and material moving ......................... | 13.24 | 9.9 | 13.06 | 12.1 | - | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 10.74 | 9.0 | 10.59 | 10.1 | - | - |
| Stock handlers and baggers ............................. | 7.96 | 4.4 | 7.96 | 4.4 | - | - |
| Service | 11.93 | 8.1 | 8.28 | 8.2 | - | - |
| Protective service | 16.86 | 2.4 | - | - | - | - |
| Food service ....... | 6.28 | 21.4 | 6.28 | 21.4 | - | - |
| Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other food service ........................................... | 8.07 | 3.3 | 8.07 | 3.3 | - | - |
| Health service .................................................. | 9.36 | 3.1 | 9.36 | 3.1 | - | - |
| Cleaning and building service ............................... | 7.95 | 1.3 | - | - | - | - |
| Janitors and cleaners ...................................... | 7.95 | 1.3 | - | - | - | - |
| Personal service ................................................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^0][^1]Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings ${ }^{1}$ by occupational group, ${ }^{2}$ National Compensation Survey, Ocala, FL, August 2003

| Occupational group | Private industry and State and local government |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full-time workers ${ }^{3}$ | Part-time workers ${ }^{3}$ | Union ${ }^{4}$ | Nonunion ${ }^{4}$ | Time ${ }^{5}$ | Incentive ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | Mean |  |  |  |  |  |
| All occupations | \$15.60 | \$8.44 | \$15.57 | \$14.84 | \$14.35 | \$23.51 |
| All excluding sales ................................................. | 15.86 | 9.10 | 15.57 | 15.35 | 14.93 | 26.71 |
| White collar | 18.48 | 10.50 | - | 17.65 | 17.03 | 25.41 |
| White-collar excluding sales .................................... | 19.78 | 19.53 | - | 19.79 | 19.18 | - |
| Professional specialty and technical | 21.46 | 28.61 | - | 21.80 | 21.80 | - |
| Professional specialty .............................................. | 24.10 | 28.61 | - | 24.41 | 24.41 | - |
| Technical ............................................................. | 15.92 | - | _ | 15.92 | 15.92 | - |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial ..................... | 37.43 | - | - | 37.43 | 35.42 | - |
| Sales . | 12.79 | 7.24 | - | 11.05 | 8.77 | 19.30 |
| Administrative support, including clerical ....................... | 11.33 | 8.47 | - | 11.11 | 11.05 | - |
| Blue collar ................................................................. | 13.29 | 6.89 | 16.48 | 12.61 | 12.24 | 20.63 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ........................... | 16.25 | - | 19.38 | 15.83 | 15.45 | - |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............. | 10.92 | - | - | 10.78 | 10.61 | - |
| Transportation and material moving ............................. | 13.37 | - | - | 13.24 | 13.18 | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ...... | 11.96 | 6.92 | - | 10.74 | 9.93 | - |
| Service | 12.82 | 6.27 | - | 11.46 | 11.93 | - |
|  | Relative error ${ }^{6}$ (percent) |  |  |  |  |  |
| All occupations | 5.0 | 8.3 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 9.3 |
| All excluding sales ................................................. | 5.6 | 12.5 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 8.8 |
| White collar | 8.8 | 11.4 | - | 8.4 | 9.2 | 10.0 |
| White-collar excluding sales .................................... | 10.4 | 20.4 | - | 9.9 | 10.0 | - |
| Professional specialty and technical .............................. | 6.8 | 5.1 | - | 6.4 | 6.4 | - |
| Professional specialty | 10.7 | 5.1 | - | 10.0 | 10.0 | - |
| Technical | 6.6 | - | - | 6.6 | 6.6 | - |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial ..................... | 30.3 | - | - | 30.3 | 35.9 | - |
| Sales ....................................................................... | 20.4 | 5.6 | - | 15.8 | 13.6 | 37.8 |
| Administrative support, including clerical ....................... | 2.6 | 8.9 | - | 2.3 | 1.9 | - |
| Blue collar .................................................................. | 3.5 | 2.7 | 8.7 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 9.2 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ........................... | 4.6 | - | 6.0 | 5.9 | 3.6 | - |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............. | 2.2 | - | - | 2.1 | 4.7 | - |
| Transportation and material moving ............................. | 9.8 | - | - | 9.9 | 10.0 | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ...... | 12.2 | 2.9 | - | 9.0 | 6.9 | - |
| Service ........................................................................ | 8.3 | 26.9 | - | 9.0 | 8.1 | - |

[^2]4 Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings ${ }^{1}$ by occupational group, ${ }^{2}$ private industry, National Compensation Survey, Ocala, FL, August 2003

| Occupational group | Full-time and part-time workers |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All private industry workers | $\begin{gathered} 50-99 \\ \text { workers }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | 100 workers or more |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | 100-499 workers | 500 workers or more |
| All occupations $\qquad$ <br> All excluding sales $\qquad$ | Mean |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$14.55 | \$12.41 | \$15.30 | \$13.16 | \$17.72 |
|  | 15.12 | 13.29 | 15.74 | 12.96 | 18.52 |
| White collar | 18.06 | 14.81 | 18.99 | 14.68 | 22.20 |
| White-collar excluding sales .................................... | 21.07 | 19.59 | 21.42 | 15.23 | 24.27 |
| Professional specialty and technical .............................. | 22.44 | - | 23.02 | 22.14 | 23.26 |
| Professional specialty ............................................. | 25.42 | - | 26.82 | 24.76 | 27.37 |
| Technical | 14.65 | - | 14.65 | - | - |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 40.88 | - | 41.31 | - | 49.58 |
| Sales ................................................... | 11.04 | 7.92 | 12.39 | 14.04 | - |
| Administrative support, including clerical ........................ | 11.42 | 12.13 | 11.20 | 10.95 | 11.41 |
| Blue collar | 12.69 | 12.21 | 12.89 | 13.26 | 12.20 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 16.30 | 18.25 | 15.62 | 15.97 | - |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............. | 10.89 | 14.50 | 10.55 | 10.24 | 10.74 |
| Transportation and material moving ............................. | 13.06 | - | - | - | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ...... | 10.59 | 10.39 | 10.82 | 10.46 | - |
| Service ....................................................................... | 8.28 | 7.23 | 8.73 | 8.79 | - |
|  | Relative error ${ }^{4}$ (percent) |  |  |  |  |
| All occupations $\qquad$ <br> All excluding sales $\qquad$ | 6.3 | 14.9 | 8.2 | 6.8 | 13.8 |
|  | 7.5 | 18.9 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 13.7 |
| White collar | 10.3 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 7.5 | 20.6 |
| White-collar excluding sales ................................... | 12.7 | 20.5 | 15.1 | 6.9 | 20.0 |
| Professional specialty and technical .............................. | 5.1 | - | 4.1 | 9.4 | 4.8 |
| Professional specialty ............................................ | 6.5 | - | 4.0 | 9.9 | 3.5 |
| Technical ............................................................. | 3.2 | - | 3.2 | - | - |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial ..................... | 30.9 | - | 38.5 | - | 39.1 |
| Sales ...................... | 16.6 | 9.0 | 16.3 | 12.5 | - |
| Administrative support, including clerical ....................... | 2.9 | 7.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 4.3 |
| Blue collar .................................................................. | 3.9 | 9.0 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 3.6 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ........................... | 5.1 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 9.8 | - |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............. | 2.3 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 8.5 |
| Transportation and material moving ............................. | 12.1 | - | - | - | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ...... | 10.1 | 12.6 | 19.2 | 23.5 | - |
| Service ....................................................................... | 8.2 | 24.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 | - |

1 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain
establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.


[^0]:    1 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

    2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers
    3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy

[^1]:    4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

    NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overal occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

[^2]:    1 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

    2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

    3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35 -hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40 -hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

