Farm Service Agency



Fact Sheet March 2002

Commodity Operations

Background

The Farm Service Agency's (FSA) Commodity Operations mission area handles the acquisition, procurement, storage, disposition, and distribution of commodities, and the administration of the U.S. Warehouse Act (USWA). It helps achieve domestic farm program price support objectives, produces a uniform regulatory system for the storage of agricultural products. and ensures the timely provision of food products for domestic and international food assistance programs and market development programs.

Basic Responsibilities

The office of the Deputy
Administrator for Commodity
Operations (DACO) is responsible
for delivering quality products and
customer service in storage,
handling, and final distribution of
agricultural products. DACO
personnel are involved in the
storage, management, and
disposition of the Bill Emerson
Humanitarian Trust that is used to
meet humanitarian needs abroad.

Commercial warehouse operators, either regulated by USWA or who store commodities pledged as collateral for Commodity Credit Corporation's (CCC) price marketing assistance loans or owned by CCC, are required to meet certain financial standards

and maintain physical warehouse facilities capable of handling and storing agricultural products. These warehouses are periodically examined to ensure that requirements are fulfilled.

The merchandising staff located in the Kansas City Commodity Office (KCCO) provides price discovery mechanisms for commodity operations in bulk grains, cotton, oilseeds, and rice. Each business day, the commodity office tracks 20 commodities in 30 terminal market locations. These terminal market prices are then "backed-off" using a system of localized market differentials to over 3,000 locations nationwide to provide marketing loan repayment rates for each of 20 supported commodities.

Commodity Procurement

Commodity procurement includes supplying food assistance through domestic and foreign food aid programs. In fiscal year 2001, approximately 5.4 million metric tons of commodities valued at approximately \$1.1 billion were procured and distributed to improve the nutritional welfare of adults and children worldwide.

Commodity Operations is responsible for the procurement, transportation, and disposition of food commodities to fulfill USDA and U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) program

commitments. Private industry works in partnership with USDA and other Government agencies to supply the various programs with high-quality, nutritious products that meet program requirements. Commodity Operations' employees are called upon to quickly distribute food from Government warehouses and sometimes make special purchases of food as part of disaster relief efforts. Commodity Operations' employees also provide administrative support to USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) for processing shipment information and making payments to vendors for commodities procured by that agency.

Under the National School Lunch
Act and the Emergency Food
Assistance Act of 1983, Commodity
Operations' employees help to
provide nutritious foods to school
children, and others in the U. S.
Commodity Operations procures
commodities such as dairy
products, processed grain
products, peanut products, and
vegetable oil for domestic food
distribution programs.

When surplus commodities are available, agency personnel aid in the donation of Government-owned commodities for use in feeding programs using CCC Charter Act authority and the procurement, distribution, and invoicing of commodities on behalf of USDA's Food and Nutrition Service (FNS)

and the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS).

FNS administers domestic food distribution programs that include: the National School Lunch Program; elderly, disaster, and emergency feeding programs; food aid to Native Americans living on reservations; and other programs that help individuals in need.

Foreign Humanitarian and Development Assistance Programs

Commodity Operations procures commodities on behalf of the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and FAS for overseas humanitarian and developmental use.

Program Descriptions

Title II, P.L. 480 — Provides for the donation of agricultural commodities to meet emergency and nonemergency food needs.

Title III, P.L. 480 — Provides for government-to-government grants to support long-term growth in agriculture and related activities in lesser developed countries.

Food for Progress — Provides commodities to support countries that have made commitments to expand free enterprise in their agricultural economies.

Section 416(b) — Permits donations of food commodities owned by CCC for humanitarian assistance overseas.

Dairy Price Support Program

Under the authority of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, national policies and procedures are formulated and administered through the Dairy Price Support Program. In order to stabilize domestic dairy prices as required by law, dairy products are purchased at announced prices under this program. Commodity Operations arranges for warehouse storage, transportation, handling, and inspection of the dairy products until the commodities are used in domestic or foreign feeding programs or sold by CCC.

Contract Management and Technical Support Projects

Commodity Operations works closely with other agency, private sector, and academia groups to develop product specifications that provide domestic and export program recipients with safe, wholesome, nutritious foods equivalent to the best in the industry. In addition, Commodity Operations works closely with academia and the packaging industry to ensure that types of packaging systems used are cost effective and adequate for the types of handling expected to occur.

U.S. Warehouse Act

The USWA provides depositors with reliable protection; produces a uniform regulatory system for storage of agricultural products; provides for warehouse receipts that are evidence of ownership and can be used as loan collateral; and

requires warehouse operators to accept agricultural products for storage and without discrimination.

To qualify for a Federal USWA license, a warehouse operator must have a suitable and properly maintained warehouse; have a good business reputation and a minimum net worth; furnish an acceptable bond or other acceptable financial instrument; and employ qualified personnel to weigh, sample, inspect, and grade agricultural products stored or handled in the licensed warehouse.

Warehouse/Commodity Examination Operations

Commodity Operations personnel, under the authority of the USWA and the CCC Charter Act. administer and examine warehouses licensed under the USWA, as well as State-licensed and nonlicensed warehouses storing CCC-owned commodities or producer-owned commodities that are pledged as loan collateral to CCC. These examiners periodically make unannounced examinations of the storage facilities, commodities stored, and the warehouse operator's records to ensure protection of all depositors, including the U.S. Government, against potential losses in the stored agricultural products and to ensure compliance with the USWA and any CCC storage agreements. These onsite examinations provide the foundation for industrywide confidence in the integrity of USWA warehouse receipts and facilitate the orderly marketing of agricultural products.

The examination functions are supported by fees collected from the warehousing industry and CCC.

In addition, because of the integrity of the Federal licensing and examinations programs, USWA-approved warehouse receipts issued to depositors are widely accepted at all major commodity exchanges, such as the Chicago Board of Trade and the Kansas City Board of Trade. In fiscal year 2001, Commodity Operations' warehouse examiners performed over 2,600 warehouse or other types of examinations protecting the assets of CCC and private depositors across the United States.

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