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## Japan

## Fresh Deciduous Fruit

## Annual

2003

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## Report Highlights:

Japanese table grape production in 2003 is estimated at 230,000 tons, down approximately 1 percent from the previous year. Good packaging and handling practices by California growers and shippers have improved fruit quality and extended shelf life, giving California Red Globes an excellent reputation for quality in Japan. Japanese apple production in 2003 is estimated at 891,700 tons, down approximately 4 percent from the previous year. Japanese apple imports were only 108 tons in 2002, a significant decline from the previous year. Western pear production in Japan was up approximately 10 percent from the previous year in 2002.

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The 2003 J apanese Table Grape Production Expected to Decline 1 Percent


Japanese table grape production has been declining for over 10 years. Production is estimated at 230,000 metric tons in 2003, down approximately 1 percent from the previous year, according to the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF). Japan experienced fairly good weather when table grapes were flowering and pollinating in the spring and grapes. Kyoho, large and dark purple colored grapes, is the most commonly grown variety in Japan, accounting for approximately 34 percent of Japan's grape production. Kyoho is followed by the following varieties; Delaware (19\%), Pione (9\%), Muscat (6\%), Campbell-Early (6\%), Koshu (4\%), and Kaiji (2\%). Production of both Kyoho and Pione increased 3 percent from the previous year, while Delaware declined 7 percent. Production declines are mostly a result of Japan's aging farm population leaving farming and taking harvest area out of production. Japan's harvest area is estimated at 19,500 hectares in 2003, a decline of approximately 1 percent from the previous season.

In mid-September, Tokyo supermarkets sold a cluster of Kyoho grapes ( 362 grams) for $\$ 2.86$ ( 318 yen), Kaiji grapes ( 304 grams) for $\$ 2.68$ ( 298 yen), and Muscat ( 668 grams) for $\$ 7.71$ ( 856 yen). Kaiji grapes are similar to California Red Globes.

California Red Globes Established An Excellent Reputation for Quality in Japan


The quality of California table grapes is fairly stable throughout the season, with high Brix levels, according to Tokyo traders. The arrival fruit quality is reportedly excellent and the fruit has a long shelf-life to market. Grape clusters are individually wrapped with a sheet of paper and carefully packaged in a 9kilogram box. California table grapes are shipped in temperature-controlled containers. Good packaging and handling practices by California growers and shippers have significantly improved fruit quality and extended shelf life.

Peak sales of California Red Globes start in mid-October, at the end of the domestic season. The quality of J apanese table grapes was irregular this season due to the cool weather in July and August. Sales of California table grapes are expected to do well this fall, according to Tokyo traders.

California table grapes have a strong competitive advantage in the Japanese market, according to retail specialists. Japanese retailers can sell California Red Globes at less than half the price of J apan's best selling Kyoho variety. In a drastic change from past years, consumers are looking for value in their food purchases.

Tokyo's major supermarkets sold California Red Globes for $\$ 2.68$ (298 yen) a cluster of 700 800 grams, while domestic table grapes sold for $\$ 3.58$ (398 yen) for a cluster of 350 - 400 grams. Tokyo supermarket buyers usually estimate that California Red Globes can sell for $\$ 0.35-\$ 0.40$ ( $39-45$ yen) per 100 grams and will sometimes sell for $\$ 0.26$ ( 29 yen) per 100 grams as a sales item. California Thomson Seedless will sell for $\$ 0.52$ ( 58 yen) per 100 grams, slightly higher than Red Globes because shipment is only by airfreight. The 2003 crop of California Red Globes arrived in Japan in early-September, and was traded at \$34.23 ( 3,800 yen) for a $9-\mathrm{KG}$ case at Tokyo Ohta Wholesale Market.

In 2002, Japan imported 3,224 metric tons of California table grapes (mainly Red Globes and Thomson Seedless), valued at $\$ 5.42$ million (CIF).

## Chilean Red Globes Continue to Sell Well in Japan

In the 2003 season (January-June), Chile exported 8,797 metric tons of table grapes to Japan, up 6.0 percent from the previous season, valued at $\$ 11.66$ million (CIF). The quality of Chilean table grapes was unstable due to transportation problems, according to Tokyo traders. Chile does not compete with California in the table grape market.

## J apanese Apple Production in 2003 Expected to Decline 4 Percent



Japanese apple production in 2003 is estimated at 891,700 metric tons, down approximately 4 percent from the previous year, according to the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF). In the spring, the Japanese apple industry conducted a fruit-thinning program in order to improve the quality of apples, but there are still many small-sized fruit in the 2003 crop, according to Tokyo traders. Apple growers in Aomori Prefecture experienced production difficulties when a typhoon hit the region in mid-September. The industry estimated that approximately 10 percent of the fruit was damaged in some regions. Aomori Prefecture, approximately 500 miles North- East of Tokyo, produces approximately 52 percent of the nation's apples. The Fuji is the most popular variety grown in Japan, accounting for approximately 55 percent of the nation's apple production. Harvesting of Fuji, a latecrop variety, begins in mid- October. Tsugaru, Jonagold and Ohrin are also popular, with approximately 13,10 and 9 percent of total production, respectively. Harvest of the earlycrop Tsugaru began in August and will finish in mid- October. The quality, Brix (sweetness) level, and fruit color and taste are reportedly good for all apple varieties this season.

The Japanese apple industry estimates that 145,000 metric tons of the 2003 apples will go to processing, of which 125,000 metric tons go to juice while the rest go to canning and jam processing.

The 2003 apple harvesting area is estimated at 41,700 hectares, down approximately 2 percent from the previous year, according to MAFF. This decline is due to orchard closures as a result of Japan's aging farm population.

In mid-September, Tokyo supermarkets sold Tsugaru apples at $\$ 0.89$ (99 yen) for a medium sized fruit or at $\$ 5.22$ ( 580 yen) for a bag of 6 medium-size apples. This price range is
similar to last year. Tsugaru apples were traded at $\$ 21.62$ ( 2,400 yen) for a 10 - kilogram box (36 apples in a box) at Tokyo Ohta Wholesale Market.

## J apanese Apple I mports Declined Significantly in 2002

Japanese apple imports were only 108 metric tons in the 2002 season, less than one third the previous season. Australia exported three container loads ( 107 metric tons) of Tasmania Fuji apples to Japan in June 2003. South Korea exported 0.6 metric tons of Fuji apples in October 2002. Small sized Tasmanian Fuji apples were not well received by Japanese consumers, according to Tokyo supermarket specialists. Tokyo supermarkets sold Australian Fuji apples for $\$ 1.15$ (128 yen) per fruit when the first shipments arrived, and discounted them to approximately $\$ 0.45$ ( 50 yen) per fruit later in the season.

There were no imports of U.S. apples in 2002.
J apanese Western Pear Production Keeps Rising


Japanese Western pear production in 2002 was 31,100 metric tons, up approximately 10 percent from the previous year, according to the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF). Traditionally, Japan produces Japanese sand pears, which have significantly different fruit flesh texture than Western pears. La France and Bartlett are two major Western pear varieties grown in Japan. Yamagata Prefecture, 250 miles North of Tokyo, harvests approximately 61 percent of the nation's Western pears. Western pear production is relatively new in J apan. Western pear trees were planted in Yamagata prefecture as a part of the region's agricultural development.

The harvested area for the 2002 Western pear was 1,730 hectares, up approximately 2 percent from the previous year.

Japan continues to ban imports of U.S. pears due to phytosanitary concerns.

## Import Duties on Fresh Apples and Table Grapes

These duties are not subject to further reductions. The applicable import duties are:

| DESCRIPTION <br> TARIFF CODE (HS) |  | DUTY RATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fresh Apples <br> 0808.10-000 |  | $17.0 \%$ |
| Fresh Table Grapes <br> $0806.10-000$ | $3 / 1-10 / 31$ | $17.0 \%$ |
|  | $11 / 1-2 / 28$ | $7.8 \%$ |

All duties are charged on a CIF basis.

PS\&D Tables and Trade Matrices

## Fresh Apple PS\&D Table

## PSD Table

Country
Commodity

|  | $2001$ <br> USDA <br> Official [Old] | Revised Post Estimate [New] | $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Official } \\ \text { [Old] } \end{gathered}$ | Estimate Post Estimate [New] | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Official } \\ \text { [Old] } \end{gathered}$ |  | Forecast Post Estimate [New] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Market Year Begin |  | 07/2001 |  | 07/2002 |  |  | 07/2003 |
| Area Planted | 45900 | 45900 | 45000 | 45000 |  | 0 | 44100 |
| Area Harvested | 43100 | 43100 | 42400 | 42400 |  | 0 | 41700 |
| Bearing Trees | 42300 | 42300 | 41600 | 41600 |  | 0 | 40900 |
| Non-Bearing Trees | 3610 | 3610 | 3400 | 3400 |  | 0 | 3200 |
| Total Trees | 45910 | 45910 | 45000 | 45000 |  | 0 | 44100 |
| Commercial Production | 829500 | 829500 | 812500 | 809400 |  | 0 | 787800 |
| Non-Comm. Production | 101200 | 101200 | 99400 | 116400 |  | 0 | 103900 |
| TOTAL Production | 930700 | 930700 | 911900 | 925800 |  | 0 | 891700 |
| TOTAL Imports | 349 | 349 | 1000 | 108 |  | 0 | 100 |
| TOTAL SUPPLY | 931049 | 931049 | 912900 | 925908 |  | 0 | 891800 |
| Domestic Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consump | 776203 | 776203 | 762900 | 768705 |  | 0 | 731800 |
| Exports, Fresh Only | 6546 | 6546 | 5000 | 12203 |  | 0 | 15000 |
| For Processing | 148300 | 148300 | 145000 | 145000 |  | 0 | 145000 |
| Withdrawal From |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL UTILIZATION | 931049 | 931049 | 912900 | 925908 |  | 0 | 891800 |

## Fresh Apple Export Trade Matrix

## Export <br> Trade <br> Matrix

Country Japan
Fresh
Commodity Apples

| Time Period | Jul. - Jun. | Units: | Metric Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports for: | 2001 |  | 2002 |
| U.S. |  | U.S. | 58 |
| Others |  | Others |  |
| Taiwan | 5637 | Taiwan | 11580 |
| Hong Kong | 371 | Hong Kong | 231 |
| Thailand | 165 | Thailand | 199 |
| Singapore | 119 | Indonesia | 60 |
| South Korea | 94 | Singapore | 28 |
| Indonesia | 58 F | French Oceania | 18 |
| French Oceania | 24 | Philippines | 12 |
| Philippines | 10 | Guam | 11 |
| Guam | 8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Others | 6486 |  | 12139 |
| Others not Listed | 14 |  | 6 |
| Grand Total | 6546 |  | 12203 |

## Fresh Apple I mport Trade Matrix

## Import <br> Trade <br> Matrix

Country Japan
Fresh
Commodity Apples

| Time Period | Jul. - Jun. | Units: | Metric Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports for: | 2001 |  | 2002 |
| U.S. |  | U.S. | 0 |
| Others |  | Others |  |
| Australia | 167 | Australia | 107 |
| South Korea | 182 | South Korea | 1 |
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| Total for Others | 349 |  | 108 |
| Others not Listed | 0 |  | 0 |
| Grand Total | 349 |  | 108 |

## Fresh Apple Wholesale Price Table

## Prices

Table
Country Japan
Commodity Fresh Apples

| Prices in | Yen | per uom | KG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 2002 | 2003 | \% Change |
| Jan | 175 | 181 | 3\% |
| Feb | 161 | 176 | 9\% |
| Mar | 176 | 190 | 8\% |
| Apr | 200 | 219 | 10\% |
| May | 213 | 252 | 18\% |
| Jun | 232 | 315 | 36\% |
| Jul | 261 | 358 | 37\% |
| Aug | 294 |  | -100\% |
| Sep | 207 |  | -100\% |
| Oct | 210 |  | -100\% |
| Nov | 199 |  | -100\% |
| Dec | 180 |  | -100\% |
| Exchange Rate Date of Quote | 111.37 | Local Currency/US \$ MM/DD/YYYY |  |

## Fresh Pear PS\&D Table

## PSD Table

## Country <br> Commodity

Japan
Fresh

|  | $2001$ <br> USDA Official [Old] | Revised Post Estimate [New] | 2002 <br> USDA Official [Old] | Estimate Post Estimate [New] | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Official } \\ \text { [OId] } \end{gathered}$ | Forecast Post Estimate [New] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Market Year Begin |  | 07/2001 |  | 07/2002 |  | 07/2003 |
| Area Planted | 19350 | 19350 | 19040 | 18950 | 0 | 18550 |
| Area Harvested | 18100 | 18100 | 17810 | 17830 | 0 | 17350 |
| Bearing Trees | 4380 | 4380 | 4340 | 4340 | 0 | 4300 |
| Non-Bearing Trees | 440 | 440 | 410 | 400 | 0 | 360 |
| Total Trees | 4820 | 4820 | 4750 | 4740 | 0 | 4660 |
| Commercial Production | 365600 | 365600 | 393200 | 373300 | 0 | 375000 |
| Non-Comm. Production | 31400 | 31400 | 33100 | 33300 | 0 | 32300 |
| TOTAL Production | 397000 | 397000 | 426300 | 406600 | 0 | 407300 |
| TOTAL Imports | 907 | 907 | 700 | 193 | 0 | 200 |
| TOTAL SUPPLY | 397907 | 397907 | 427000 | 406793 | 0 | 407500 |
| Domestic Fresh Consump | 394586 | 394586 | 423500 | 403678 | 0 | 404300 |
| Exports, Fresh Only | 2821 | 2821 | 3000 | 2615 | 0 | 2700 |
| For Processing | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 0 | 500 |
| Withdrawal From Market | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL UTILIZATION | 397907 | 397907 | 427000 | 406793 | 0 | 407500 |

## Fresh Pear Export Trade Matrix

Export
Trade
Matrix
Country Japan
Fresh
Commodity Pears

| Time Period | Jul. - Jun. | Units: | Metric Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports for: | 2001 |  | 2002 |
| U.S. | 376 | U.S. | 366 |
| Others |  | Others |  |
| Hong Kong | 1760 | Hong Kong | 1650 |
| Taiwan | 458 | Taiwan | 509 |
| Singapore | 104 | Australia | 31 |
| Netherlands | 28 | Singapore | 26 |
| South Korea | 24 | Netherlands | 14 |
| Malaysia | 24 | Guam | 7 |
| Indonesia | 14 | Malaysia | 3 |
| Australia | 10 |  |  |
| Guam | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Others | 2429 |  | 2240 |
| Others not Listed | 16 |  | 9 |
| Grand Total | 2821 |  | 2615 |

Fresh Pear I mport Trade Matrix

## Import <br> Trade <br> Matrix

Country Japan
Fresh
Commodity Pears

| Time Period Imports for: U.S. Others | Jul. - Jun. | Units: | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Metric Tons } \\ 2002 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 |  |  |
|  |  | U.S. | 0 |
|  | Others |  |  |
| South Korea | 907 | South Korea | 193 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Others | 907 |  | 193 |
| Others not Listed | 0 |  | 0 |
| Grand Total | 907 |  | 193 |

Fresh Pear Wholesale Price Table

## Prices

Table
Country Japan
Commodity Fresh Pears

| Prices in | Yen | nom | KG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 2002 | 2003 | \% Change |
| Jan | 214 | 242 | 13\% |
| Feb | 214 | 236 | 10\% |
| Mar | 213 | 218 | 2\% |
| Apr | 167 | 239 | 43\% |
| May | 307 | 173 | -44\% |
| Jun | 927 | 970 | 5\% |
| Jul | 390 | 426 | 9\% |
| Aug | 269 |  | -100\% |
| Sep | 229 |  | -100\% |
| Oct | 189 |  | -100\% |
| Nov | 209 |  | -100\% |
| Dec | 270 |  | -100\% |
|  |  | al rency/US |  |
| Exchange Rate | 111.37 \$ |  |  |
| Date of Quote | 9/29/2003 ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | /DD/YYY |  |

## PSD Table

| Country | Japan <br> Fresh <br> Table |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commodity | Grapes |  |  |  | (HA)(MT) |  |  |
|  | 2001 | Revised | $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ \text { USDA } \end{gathered}$ | Estimate Post | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ \text { USDA } \end{gathered}$ |  | Forecast Post |
|  | USDA Official [Old] | Post Estimate [New] | Official [Old] | Estimate [New] | Official [OId] |  | Estimate [New] |
| Market Year Begin |  | 01/2002 |  | 01/2003 |  |  | 01/2004 |
| Area Planted | 21200 | 20900 | 20800 | 20600 |  | 0 | 20300 |
| Area Harvested | 19700 | 19700 | 19500 | 19500 |  | 0 | 19300 |
| Commercial Production | 214800 | 212300 | 215000 | 210600 |  | 0 | 210000 |
| Non-Comm. Production | 20400 | 19400 | 20800 | 19400 |  | 0 | 15000 |
| TOTAL Production | 235200 | 231700 | 235800 | 230000 |  | 0 | 225000 |
| TOTAL Imports | 13000 | 11836 | 17324 | 12000 |  | 0 | 12000 |
| TOTAL SUPPLY | 248200 | 243536 | 253124 | 242000 |  | 0 | 237000 |
| Domestic Fresh Consump | 219670 | 215475 | 224600 | 213950 |  | 0 | 211950 |
| Exports, Fresh Only | 30 | 61 | 24 | 50 |  | 0 | 50 |
| For Processing | 28500 | 28000 | 28500 | 28000 |  | 0 | 25000 |
| Withdrawal From Market | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| TOTAL UTILIZATION | 248200 | 243536 | 253124 | 242000 |  | 0 | 237000 |

## Fresh Table Grape Export Trade Matrix

## Export

Trade
Matrix
Country Japan
Fresh Table
Commodity Grapes

| Time Period | Jan. - Dec. | Units: | Metric Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports for: | 2001 |  | 2002 |
| U.S. |  | U.S. | 0 |
| Others |  | Others |  |
| Hong Kong | 36 | Taiwan | 43 |
|  |  | Hong Kong | 18 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Others | 36 |  | 61 |
| Others not Listed | 0 |  | 0 |
| Grand Total | 36 |  | 61 |

## Fresh Table Grape I mport Trade Matrix

## Import <br> Trade <br> Matrix

Country Japan
Fresh Table
Commodity Grapes

| Time Period | Jan. - Dec. | Units: | Metric Tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports for: | 2001 |  | 2002 |
| U.S. | 3222 | U.S. | 3224 |
| Others |  | Others |  |
| Chile | 7784 | Chile | 8295 |
| Mexico | 345 | Mexico | 248 |
| Taiwan | 122 | Taiwan | 48 |
| New Zealand | 23 | New Zealand | 19 |
| China | 11 | South Korea | 1 |
| South Korea | 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Others | 8287 |  | 8611 |
| Others not Listed | 1 |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 11510 |  | 11836 |

## Fresh Table Grape Wholesale Price Table

## Prices <br> Table

Country Japan
Commodity $\begin{gathered}\text { Fresh T T } \\ \text { Grapes }\end{gathered}$
Price
Year

Yen per uom

| 2002 | 2003 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 587 | 732 |
| 529 | 634 |
| 605 | 1182 |
| 2640 | 2951 |
| 1556 | 1704 |
| 917 | 1014 |
| 735 | 813 |
| 664 |  |
| 526 |  |
| 487 |  |
| 635 |  |
| 700 |  |

\% Change
25\%
20\%
95\%
12\%
10\%
11\%
11\%
-100\%
-100\%
-100\%
-100\%
-100\%


