

Bureau of Labor Statistics

Washington, D.C. 20212

Internet address: Historical, technical http://www.bls.gov/lpc/

USDL 04-817 TRANSMISSION OF THIS

information: Current data: (202) 691-5606 dprweb@bls.gov (202) 691-5200 blsdata_staff@bls.gov TRANSMISSION OF THIS MATERIAL IS EMBARGOED UNTIL 8:30 A.M. EDT,

Media contact: (202) 691-5902

hoyle_k@bls.gov

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 2004.

PRODUCTIVITY AND COSTS

First Quarter 2004, preliminary

The Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor today reported preliminary productivity data—as measured by output per hour of all persons—for the first quarter of 2004. The seasonally adjusted annual rates of productivity change in the first quarter were:

- 4.5 percent in the business sector and
- 3.5 percent in the nonfarm business sector.

In both the business and nonfarm business sectors, productivity and output increased more in the first quarter than they had in the fourth quarter of 2003 (as revised) while the hours of all persons grew more slowly.

In manufacturing, productivity changes in the first quarter were:

- 3.1 percent in manufacturing,
- 5.9 percent in durable goods manufacturing, and
- 0.1 percent in nondurable goods manufacturing.

Productivity growth in manufacturing in the first quarter of 2004 reflected increases in both output and hours; output rose 5.8 percent and hours of all persons grew 2.7 percent (seasonally adjusted annual rates). Output and hours in manufacturing, which includes about 13 percent of U.S. business sector employment, tend to vary more from quarter to quarter than data for the aggregate business and nonfarm business sectors. First-quarter measures are summarized in table A and appear in detail in tables 1 through 5.

The data sources and methods used in the preparation of the manufacturing series differ from those used in preparing the business and nonfarm business series, and these measures are not directly comparable. Output measures for business and nonfarm business are based on measures of gross domestic product prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Quarterly output measures for manufacturing reflect indexes of industrial production independently prepared by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. See Technical Notes for further information on data sources (page 9).

Table A. Productivity and costs: Preliminary first-quarter 2004 measures
(Seasonally adjusted annual rates)

Sector	Produc- tivity	Output	Hours	Hourly compen- sation	Real hourly compen- sation	Unit labor costs
	Percei	nt change fro	om precedii	ng quarter		
Business	4.5	4.8	0.3	5.3	1.6	0.8
Nonfarm business	3.5	4.9	1.3	4.0	0.4	0.5
Manufacturing	3.1	5.8	2.7	5.2	1.5	2.0
Durable	5.9	9.3	3.3	4.4	0.8	-1.4
Nondurable	0.1	1.8	1.7	6.4	2.7	6.3
	Percei	nt change fro	om same qu	arter a year a	ıgo	
Business	5.5	5.8	0.2	4.2	2.3	-1.3
Nonfarm business	5.4	5.8	0.4	4.0	2.1	-1.3
Manufacturing	5.3	3.1	-2.0	4.9	3.0	-0.4
Durable	7.4	5.7	-1.6	4.8	2.9	-2.4
Nondurable	3.0	0.2	-2.7	5.0	3.0	1.9

Business

Productivity in the business sector rose 4.5 percent in the first quarter 2004, as output grew 4.8 percent and hours of all persons engaged in the sector increased 0.3 percent (seasonally adjusted annual rates). Revised data for the fourth quarter of 2003 show that output per hour increased 1.8 percent, reflecting a 3.9-percent rise in output and a 2.0-percent increase in hours at work. (See table 1.)

Hourly compensation increased 5.3 percent during the first quarter of 2004. This measure includes wages and salaries, supplements, employer contributions to employee benefit plans, and taxes. Hourly compensation had risen 2.1 percent in the previous quarter. Real hourly compensation, which takes into account changes in consumer prices, increased 1.6 percent in the first quarter of 2004, growing slightly faster than in the fourth quarter of 2003, when it rose 1.3 percent.

Unit labor costs rose 0.8 percent in the first quarter of 2004, more rapidly than the 0.2-percent increase in the fourth quarter. Growth in unit labor costs is roughly equivalent to the change in hourly compensation less the change in output per hour.

The implicit price deflator for the business sector, which reflects changes in both unit labor costs and unit nonlabor payments, rose 2.1 percent in the first quarter. This was the largest

increase in the implicit price deflator since the second quarter of 2001, when it grew by 3.1 percent.

Nonfarm business

Productivity rose 3.5 percent in the nonfarm business sector in first-quarter 2004, as output increased 4.9 percent and hours of all persons increased 1.3 percent (seasonally adjusted annual rates). In the fourth quarter of 2003, productivity had risen 2.5 percent, reflecting increases in output and hours of 4.2 and 1.6 percent, respectively. (See table 2.)

Hourly compensation increased at a 4.0 percent annual rate in the first quarter of 2004, more rapidly than the 2.5-percent increase in the fourth quarter. When the rise in consumer prices was taken into account, real hourly compensation grew by 0.4 percent in the first quarter; it had increased 1.7 percent in the fourth quarter of 2003.

Unit labor costs grew 0.5 percent in the first quarter of 2004; they were unchanged in the fourth quarter of 2003. The implicit price deflator for nonfarm business output rose 1.9 percent in the first quarter and 0.6 percent one quarter earlier.

Manufacturing

Productivity increased 3.1 percent in manufacturing in the first quarter of 2004, as output increased 5.8 percent and hours of all persons grew 2.7 percent (seasonally adjusted annual rates). Productivity rose 5.9 percent in durable goods manufacturing, reflecting a 9.3 percent growth in output and a 3.3 percent increase in all person hours. In contrast, all of these measures grew much more slowly in nondurable goods manufacturing, where productivity rose 0.1 percent and output and hours grew 1.8 percent and 1.7 percent, respectively.

The hourly compensation of all manufacturing workers rose 5.2 percent during the first quarter, and real hourly compensation increased 1.5 percent. The 5.2-percent hourly compensation increase reflects a change of 4.4 percent in durable goods and 6.4 percent in nondurable goods.

Because the hourly compensation of manufacturing workers rose more rapidly than output per hour, unit labor costs increased in the first quarter, by 2.0 percent. This increase followed two quarters of decreases. Total manufacturing unit labor costs fell 4.1 percent in the third quarter of 2003 and 1.8 percent in fourth quarter, 2003. In durable goods manufacturing, however, unit labor costs continued to fall in the first quarter of 2004, dropping 1.4 percent. All of the increase in manufacturing unit labor costs came from the nondurable goods subsector, where unit labor costs grew 6.3 percent.

Fourth-quarter and annual measures for nonfinancial corporations

Fourth-quarter and annual 2003 measures of productivity and costs also were announced today for the nonfinancial corporate sector (tables B, C, and 6). Output per all-employee hour grew 3.3 percent from the third to the fourth quarter of 2003, as output grew 5.0 percent and employee hours increased 1.6 percent. This was the first increase in hours in the sector since a 0.2-percent rise was recorded in the second quarter of 2000. The nonfinancial corporate sector includes all corporations doing business in the United States, except those classified as depository institutions, nondepository institutions, security and commodity brokers, insurance carriers, regulated investment offices, small business investment offices, and real estate investment trusts.

		ial corpora l annual rat		th-quarter 2	003 produc	tivity an	d cost measu	res
Period	Produc- tivity	Output	Hours	Hourly compensation	Real hourly compen- sation	Unit labor costs	Unit profits	Implicit price deflator
		Perc	ent change	from preced	ling quarter	:		
2003 IV	3.3	5.0	1.6	2.3	1.6	-1.0	12.7	1.1
		Perc	ent change	from same	quarter a ye	ear ago		
2003 IV	6.2	5.4	-0.7	4.2	2.2	-1.9	27.1	0.5

Hourly compensation increased 2.3 percent in the fourth quarter, and real hourly compensation rose 1.6 percent. Unit labor costs fell 1.0 percent in the fourth quarter of 2003—the third consecutive drop in these costs. Unit labor costs have fallen in eight of the last nine quarters. In the fourth quarter, unit profits increased 12.7 percent after rising at a 45.0-percent annual rate in the previous quarter. The implicit price deflator for nonfinancial corporate output grew 1.1 percent during the fourth quarter of 2003, just slightly more than the 0.9-percent increase in the third quarter.

Productivity grew 5.7 percent in calendar year 2003 for nonfinancial corporations, following an increase of 5.1 percent in the previous year. (See table C.) These are the largest annual productivity increases in the history of the series, which begins in 1959. Nonfinancial corporate output grew 4.2 percent in 2003, and employee hours decreased 1.5 percent. This was the third consecutive decrease in employee hours.

Table C. Nonfinancial corpora	ations:	Annua	ıl chan	ges in j	produc	tivity a	nd rela	ited me	asures,	, 1994-
Measure	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Productivity	2.0	0.8	3.6	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	1.8	5.1	5.7
Output	6.3	4.4	5.6	6.4	5.4	5.8	5.2	-0.7	2.0	4.2
Hours	4.2	3.5	2.0	3.8	2.5	2.6	1.6	-2.4	-3.0	-1.5
Hourly compensation	1.8	1.8	2.8	3.0	5.6	4.6	6.8	4.0	2.3	4.2
Real hourly compensation	-0.3	-0.6	0.1	0.9	4.1	2.5	3.3	1.2	0.7	1.8
Unit labor costs	-0.2	1.0	-0.7	0.5	2.7	1.4	3.1	2.2	-2.7	-1.5
Unit nonlabor costs	0.8	0.8	-1.3	-0.1	0.1	1.1	3.8	5.1	1.2	-2.8
Total unit cost	0.1	0.9	-0.9	0.3	2.0	1.3	3.3	3.0	-1.6	-1.8
Unit profits	15.3	4.2	9.5	3.0	-10.9	-5.6	-15.8	-16.4	21.9	20.5
Implicit price deflator	1.6	1.3	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.1	0.2

Hourly compensation grew 4.2 percent in 2003, and real hourly compensation increased 1.8 percent. Total unit costs declined 1.8 percent, reflecting a 1.5-percent decrease in unit labor costs and a 2.8-percent drop in unit nonlabor costs. Unit profits rose 20.5 percent in 2003. The implicit price deflator, which reflects both the unit costs and unit profits measures, rose 0.2 percent in 2003.

Revised measures

Current and previous measures for the third and fourth quarters and annual average of 2003 in the business, nonfarm business, and manufacturing sectors are compared in table D. Some of the quarterly movements differ from those reported on March 4. Productivity was revised down slightly in the fourth quarter for the business and nonfarm business sectors, reflecting upward revisions to hours of all persons. In manufacturing, the upward revision to hours was matched by an upward revision to output so growth in productivity was unchanged.

In both the third and fourth quarters of 2003, hourly compensation and unit labor costs were revised up in the business and nonfarm business sectors. In the third quarter of 2003, unit labor costs in both the business and nonfarm business sectors continue to show a decline—although by less than previously reported. In the fourth quarter, however, unit labor costs in the business and nonfarm business sectors no longer show the slight declines reported on March 4. In the business sector, unit labor costs now show a small increase, 0.2 percent, in the fourth quarter and those in the nonfarm business sector are now unchanged. The combination of the upward quarterly revisions to hourly compensation and unit labor costs in both quarters was enough to change the annual average for these two sectors but unit labor costs still show a decline in 2003.

Table D. Previous and revised productivity and related measures Quarterly percent change at seasonally adjusted annual rate

	Produc-			Hourly compen-	Real hourly compen-	Unit labor
Sector	tivity	Output	Hours	sation	sation	costs
		Fourth	quarter 20	03		
Business:						
Previous	2.0	3.9	1.9	1.8	1.0	-0.2
Current	1.8	3.9	2.0	2.1	1.3	0.2
Nonfarm business:						
Previous	2.6	4.1	1.5	2.2	1.4	-0.4
Current	2.5	4.2	1.6	2.5	1.7	0.0
Manufacturing:	4.0				• 0	• •
Previous	4.8	6.1	1.3	2.7	2.0	-2.0
Current	4.8	6.2	1.4	2.9	2.1	-1.8
		Third	quarter 200	3		
Business:						
Previous	8.7	10.3	1.5	2.7	0.3	-5.5
Current	8.7	10.3	1.5	4.1	1.6	-4.3
Nonfarm business:						
Previous	9.5	10.4	0.9	3.3	1.0	-5.6
Current	9.5	10.4	0.9	4.7	2.3	-4.3
Manufacturing:						
Previous	10.1	4.3	-5.3	5.1	2.7	-4.6
Current	10.1	4.3	-5.3	5.6	3.1	-4.1
		Annua	ıl average 2	003		
Business:						
Previous	4.5	3.7	-0.8	3.3	1.0	-1.1
Current	4.5	3.7	-0.8	3.5	1.2	-0.9
Nonfarm business:						
Previous	4.4	3.7	-0.7	3.2	0.9	-1.2
Current	4.4	3.7	-0.7	3.4	1.1	-1.0
Manufacturing:						
Previous	5.1	0.1	-4.8	5.5	3.2	0.4
Current	5.1	0.1	-4.8	5.6	3.2	0.4

Hourly compensation also was revised up in manufacturing in both the third and fourth quarters of 2003. In the third quarter, hourly compensation was revised up by 0.5 percentage point, to 5.6 percent. Unit labor costs were revised up by the same amount, and now show a decline of 4.1 percent for the quarter. The upward revisions to hourly compensation in the fourth quarter were smaller, 0.2 percentage point. In the fourth quarter, hourly compensation rose 2.9 percent and unit labor costs declined 1.8 percent. For the entire year 2003, hourly compensation in manufacturing rose 5.6 percent and unit labor costs increased 0.4 percent.

The Consumer Price Index Research Series has been updated and new seasonal factors applied to it. Real hourly compensation measures are revised beginning with 1999. (See appendix tables 1-6.)

Revised measures: Nonfinancial Corporations

Productivity and cost measures for nonfinancial corporations for the third quarter of 2003 also were revised to incorporate more recent information than was available on March 4. Productivity and output in this sector were revised up for the third quarter of 2003. Productivity grew at an annual rate of 9.5 percent, compared with the increase of 8.6 percent published March 4. Hourly compensation was revised up more than output per hour, so unit labor costs decreased less than reported in March. (See tables E and 6.)

Table E. Nonfina Quarterly percent	-					y and cos	st measure	es
	Produc- tivity	Output	Hours	Hourly compensation	Real hourly compen- sation	Unit labor costs	Unit profits	Implicit price deflator
			Thi	rd quarter 20	003			
Previous Current	8.6 9.5	8.5 9.4	-0.1 -0.1	3.6 4.9	1.2 2.4	-4.6 -4.2	46.2 45.0	0.9 0.9

Next release date

The next release of **Productivity and Costs** is scheduled for **8:30 AM EDT**, **Thursday**, **June 3, 2004**. First-quarter measures for nonfinancial corporations and revised first and fourth quarter measures for business, nonfarm business, and manufacturing will be released at that time.

Current and upcoming changes to productivity and cost data

Effective with the next release of productivity and costs, BLS will begin to issue revised measures for hourly compensation and unit labor costs for the previous quarter along with revisions to the current quarterly estimates. Previously, revisions to the previous quarter had been reported two months later in the next quarter's preliminary estimates. This change is in accordance with the announcement by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of their new revision schedule for wage and salary data. See "Gross Domestic Product: First Quarter 2004 (Advance)" (BEA 04-18), released April 29.

New estimates of average weekly hours at work for nonproduction and supervisory workers will be introduced into the BLS major sector productivity and cost measures beginning with the August 10, 2004, release. An article discussing these new measures and the effects of this change will be published in the April 2004 issue of *Monthly Labor Review*. A technical note describing the methodology will be available this summer.

In addition, on Aug. 10, BLS will begin using concurrent seasonal adjustment when measuring employment and hours for the farm sector, nonfarm self-employed, and nonfarm unpaid family workers and hours for employees of government enterprises in the productivity and cost measures. In addition, late in 2004 or early in 2005, BLS intends to improve the way it uses these series from the Current Population Survey, adjusting them to account for the effects of multiple jobholding. Further information on this change will be announced later this year.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Labor Hours: Hours data for the labor productivity and cost measures include hours for all persons working in the sector—wage and salary workers, the self-employed, and unpaid family workers. The primary source of hours and employment data is the BLS Current Employment Statistics (CES) program, which provides monthly survey data on the number of jobs held by wage and salary workers in nonfarm estab-The CES also provides average lishments. weekly paid hours of production and nonsupervisory workers in these establishments. The Office of Productivity and Technology estimates average weekly paid hours of nonproduction and supervisory workers. Weekly paid hours were adjusted to hours at work using the BLS Hours at Work survey, conducted for this purpose. Data from the National Compensation Survey are used for recent years.

Data from the BLS Current Population Survey (CPS) are used for farm labor, nonfarm proprietors, and nonfarm unpaid family workers. Estimates of labor input for government enterprises are derived from the CPS, the CES, and the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce.

Output: Business sector output is an annual-weighted index constructed after excluding from gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: General government, nonprofit institutions, and private households (including owner-occupied housing). Corresponding exclusions also are made in labor inputs. Business output accounted for about 78 percent of the value of GDP in 2000. Nonfarm business, which also excludes farming, accounted for about 77 percent of GDP in 2000.

Annual indexes for manufacturing and its durable and nondurable goods components are constructed by deflating current-dollar industry value of production data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census with deflators from the BEA. These deflators are based on data from the BLS producer price program and other sources. The industry shipments are aggregated using annual weights, and intrasector transactions are removed. Quarterly manufacturing output measures are based on the index of industrial production prepared monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

adjusted to be consistent with annual indexes of manufacturing sector output prepared by BLS. Durables include the following 3-digit NAICS industries: wood product manufacturing; nonmineral product manufacturing; metallic primary metal manufacturing; fabricated metal product manufacturing; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic product manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment manufacturing; furniture and related product manufacturing; and miscellaneous manufacturing. Nondurables include: Food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco product manufacturing; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied product manufacturing; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products manufacturing; chemical manufacturing; and plastics and rubber products manufacturing.

Nonfinancial corporate output is an annual-weighted index calculated on the basis of the costs incurred and the incomes earned from production. The output measure excludes the following outputs from GDP: general government; nonprofit institutions; private households; unincorporated business; and those corporations classified as offices of bank holding companies, offices of other holding companies, or in the finance and insurance sector. Nonfinancial corporations accounted for about 54 percent of the value of GDP in 2000.

Productivity: These productivity measures describe the relationship between real output and the labor time involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per hour. Although these measures relate output to hours at work of all persons engaged in a sector, they do not measure the specific contribution of labor, capital, or any other factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effects of many influences, including changes in technology; capital investment; level of output; utilization of capacity, energy, and materials; the organization of production; managerial skill; and the characteristics and effort of the work force. Information in this release will be made

Information in this release will be made available to sensory-impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5606; Federal Relay Service number: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Business sector: Productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

adjus	stea					Real			
an		Output per hour of all persons	Output	of all persons	tion per hour (1)		labor costs		price
					xes 1992=100				
2002	I II IV	123.3 124.7	142.6 143.1 144.6 145.1	116.1 115.9	141.8 142.6 143.1 143.8	114.1 r113.8 113.5 113.5	115.5 115.7 114.7 114.7	115.0 115.8 117.9 119.3	115.3 115.7 115.9 116.5
	ANNUAL	124.0				113.7		117.0	115.8
2003	I III IV		145.8 147.3 151.0 152.4	115.4 114.5 115.0 115.5	145.5 147.4 r148.9 r149.7	113.8 115.1 r115.6 r115.9	115.1 114.6 r113.4 r113.4	120.0 121.5 r124.6 r125.5	116.9 117.2 117.6 r118.0
	ANNUAL	129.6	149.1	115.1	r147.9	r115.1	r114.1	r123.0	117.4
2004	I					116.4		126.8	118.6
						at annual r			
2002	I III IV	8.4 1.5 4.9 2.0	5.6 1.4 4.3 1.6	-2.6 -0.1 -0.5 -0.5	0.9 2.3 1.3 2.2	-0.4 r-1.1 r-1.0 r0.3	-6.9 0.9 -3.4 0.1	11.0 3.0 7.4 4.9	-0.7 1.6 0.5 1.9
	ANNUAL	4.9			2.2	0.6	-2.5	6.8	0.8
2003	I III IV	7.2 8.7 r1.8	1.9 4.2 10.3 3.9	1.5 r2.0	r2.1	rl.6 rl.3	1.3 -1.7 r-4.3 r0.2	5.2 r10.6 r3.0	1.6 0.9 1.3 r1.3
2004	ANNUAL					1.6		r5.1 4.1	1.4
						arter of prev			
2002	I III IV		1.0	-3.9 -2.9	2.6	1.4 1.2 0.5 -0.6	-2.3 -2.1 -3.3 -2.4	7.4 5.7 7.7	1.1 0.7 0.6 0.8
	ANNUAL	4.9	2.3	-2.5	2.2	0.6	-2.5	6.8	0.8
2003	I II IV ANNUAL	3.0 4.4 5.3 5.3	3.0 4.4 5.0	-1.3 -0.8 r-0.2			-1.0 r-1.2 r-1.1	4 0	1 2
2004	I	5.5	5.8	0.2	4.2	2.3	-1.3	5.7	1.4
		following Ta	hlo 6				May 6	2004	

Table 2. Nonfarm business sector: Productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

an	.d	Output per hour of		of all	tion per	tion per	labor	Unit non- labor pay-	price
qu		all persons						ments (3)	deflator (4)
					xes 1992=100				
2002	I	122.6	143.1	116.7	141.1	113.5	115.1	116.9	115.8
	II	122.8	143.4	116.8	141.9	113.2	115.6	117.6 119.9 121.3	116.3
	III	124.2	144.8	116.6	142.4	112.9	114.6	119.9	116.6
	IV	124.9	145.4	116.4	143.2	113.0	114.6	121.3	117.1
	ANNUAL	123.6	144.2	116.6	142.1	113.2	115.0	119.0	116.4
2003	I	126.0 127.9 130.8 131.6	146.3	116.1	144.6	113.1	114.8	122.2	117.5
	II	127.9	147.6	115.4	146.3	114.2	114.4	123.4	117.7
	III	130.8	151.3	115.7	r148.0	r114.9	r113.2	r126.5	118.1
	IV	131.6	r152.9	r116.2	r148.9	r115.4	r113.2	r126.9	118.2
	ANNUAL	129.1	149.5	r115.9	r147.0	r114.4	r113.9	r124.8	117.9
2004	I	132.7	154.7	116.5	150.4	115.5	113.3	128.2	118.8
		Perce	ent change	from prev	ious quarter	at annual r	rate(5)		
2002	I	9.8	6.7	-2.9	1.2	r-0.1	-7.8	13.0	-0.7
	II	0.7	0.8	0.1	2.3	r-1.1	1.6	2.3	1.9
	III	4.5	4.0	-0.5	1.3	r-1.0	-3.1	8.2	1.0
	IV	2.3	1.6	-0.7	2.2	r0.3	-0.1	13.0 2.3 8.2 4.8	1.7
			2.3					7.1	
2003	I	3.4	2.4	-1.0	4.0	0.2	0.6	3.0	1.5 0.7
	II	6.2	3.8	-2.3	4.9	4.2	-1.3	4.0	0.7
	III	9.5	10.4	0.9	r4.7	r2.3	r-4.3	r10.2	1.1
	IV	r2.5	r4.2	r1.6	r2.5	r1.7	r0.0	3.0 4.0 r10.2 r1.5	r0.6
								r4.9	
2004					4.0			4.1	1.9
					sponding qua				
2002	I	5.3	1.1	-4.0	2.7	1.4	-2.5	7.6	1.0
	II	4.7	1.6	-3.0	2.6	r1.3 0.6	-2.0	5.7	0.7
	III	5.5	3.2	-2.1	2.2	0.6	-3.1	8.0	0.8
	IV	4.3	3.2	-1.0	2.7 2.6 2.2 1.8	-0.5	-2.0 -3.1 -2.4	7.0	1.0
	ANNUAL	5.0	2.3	-2.6	2.3	0.7	-2.5	7.1	0.9
2003	I	2.7	2.2	-0.5	2.5	-0.4	-0.3	4.5	1.5
	II	4.1	2.9	-1.1	3.1	0.9	-1.0	5.0	1.2
	III	5.3	4.5	-0.8	r4.0	r1.7	r-1.3	r5.4	1.3
	IV	5.4	5.1	r-0.2	2.5 3.1 r4.0 r4.0	r2.1	r-1.3	4.5 5.0 r5.4 r4.6	r1.0
	ANNUAL							r4.9	
2004	I	5.4	5.8	0.4	4.0	2.1	-1.3	4.9	1.1

See footnotes following Table 6.

r=revised

Table 3. Manufacturing sector: Productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted

	Year and quarter	Output per hour of all persons	Output	of all	Compensa- tion per hour (1)	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labor costs
			Ir	ndexes 1992=1	00		
2002	I II	144.0 146.3	130.5 131.8	90.6 90.1	141.1 143.3	113.5 114.3	98.0 97.9
	III	148.5	132.4	89.2	144 6	114 7	97 4
	IV	149.5	131.3	87.8	146.5	115.7	98.0
	ANNUAL	147.1	131.5	89.4		114.5	97.8
2003	I	151.4	131.3	86.7 85.3	149.0	116.5	98.4
	II	152.6	130.1	85.3	151.2	118.0	99.0
	III	156.4	131.5	84.1	r153.2 r154.3	r118.9	r98.0
	IV	158.2	133.5	84.4	r154.3	r119.6	r97.6
	ANNUAL	154.6	131.6	85.1	r151.9	118.2	98.2
2004	I	159.4	135.4	85.0	156.3	120.0	98.0
		Percent ch	ange from pr	revious quart	er at annual ra	te(5)	
2002	I	10.2	2.5	-7.0	4.2	r2.8	-5.5
	II	6.5	4.0	-2.3	6.2	r2.7	-0.2
	III	6.0	1.7	-4.1	3.7	r1.4	-2.2
	IV	3.0	-3.1	-5.9	5.5	r3.6	2.5
	ANNUAL	7.2	-0.6	-7.3	4.0	2.4	-3.0
2003		5.1	0.1			r3.0	1.7
	II	3.3	-3.6	-6.6	5.9	r5.2	2.6
	III	10.1	4.3	-5.3	r5.6	r3.1 r2.1	r-4.1
	IV						
	ANNUAL	5.1	0.1	-4.8	r5.6	3.2	0.4
2004	I	3.1	5.8	2.7	5.2	1.5	2.0
		Percent change					
2002	I	6.7	-3.4	-9.5	1.8	r0.5	-4.6
	II	7.6	-1.1	-8.1	4.3	3.0	-3.1
	III	8.1	0.9	-6.6	5.2	3.5	-2.7
	IV	6.4	1.2	-4.9	4.9	2.6	-1.4
	ANNUAL	7.2	-0.6	-7.3	4.0	2.4	-3.0
2003	I	5.1	0.6	-4.3	5.6	2.6	0.4
	II	4.3	-1.3	-5.4	5.5	3.3	1.1
	III	5.3	-0.6	-5.7	r6.0	r3.7	r0.6
	IV	5.8	r1.7	-3.9	r5.3	r3.4	r-0.4
	ANNUAL	5.1	0.1	-4.8	r5.6	3.2	0.4
2004	I	5.3	3.1	-2.0	4.9	3.0	-0.4

See footnotes following Table 6.

r=revised

Table 4. Durable manufacturing sector: Productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted

	Year and quarter	Output per hour of all persons			Compensa- tion per hour (1)	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labor costs
				ndexes 1992=10			
2002	I II IV	161.2 164.4 167.4 171.0	152.6 154.7 155.9 156.1	94.7 94.1 93.1 91.3	140.0 142.4 143.5 145.7	112.6 113.5 113.8 115.0	86.8 86.6 85.7 85.2
	ANNUAL	166.0	154.8	93.3	142.9	113.7	86.1
2003	I III IV	173.8 175.5 181.6 r184.1	156.6 155.1 158.3 r161.9	90.1 88.4 87.2 87.9	147.8 150.1 r152.5 r153.2	115.6 117.2 r118.4 r118.7	85.0 85.5 r84.0 r83.2
	ANNUAL	r178.7	158.0	88.4	r150.9	r117.4	r84.4
2004	I	186.7	165.5	88.6	154.9	118.9	82.9
		Percent ch	ange from pr	evious quarte	er at annual ra	ate(5)	
2002	I III IV	11.9 8.0 7.7 8.9	2.8 5.5 3.3 0.4	r-8.1 -2.3 -4.1 -7.8	1.7 7.0 3.3 6.1	0.4 r3.4 r0.9 r4.1	-9.1 -0.9 -4.1 -2.6
	ANNUAL	8.5	-0.7	-8.5	3.8	2.1	-4.4
2003	II III IV	6.7 4.0 14.5 r5.6	1.4 -3.9 8.4 r9.4	-5.0 -7.5 -5.3 r3.5	6.0 6.5 r6.5 r1.8	r2.2 r5.8 r4.0 r1.0	-0.7 2.4 r-7.0 r-3.7
	ANNUAL	7.7	2.0	-5.3	r5.6	r3.3	r-1.9
2004	I	5.9 	9.3	3.3	4.4	0.8	-1.4
		Percent change	from corres	sponding quart	er of previous	s year	
2002	II III IV	6.9 8.4 9.4 9.1	-4.9 -1.8 1.2 3.0	-11.0 -9.4 -7.5 -5.6	1.5 4.1 5.0 4.5	0.3 2.8 3.3 2.2	-5.0 -4.0 -4.1 -4.2
	ANNUAL	8.5	-0.7	-8.5	3.8	2.1	-4.4
2003	I II III IV	7.8 6.8 8.5 r7.6 7.7	2.6 0.3 1.5 3.7	-4.8 -6.1 -6.4 -3.7	5.6 5.5 r6.3 r5.2	2.6 r3.2 r4.0 r3.2	-2.1 -1.2 r-2.0 r-2.3
2004	I	7.4	5.7	-1.6	4.8	2.9	-2.4

Table 5. Nondurable manufacturing sector: Productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted

	Year and quarter	Output per hour of all persons	Output	Hours of all persons	Compensa- tion per hour (1)	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labor costs
			 Ir	ndexes 1992=1	 00		
2002	I	126.6	107.2	84.7	141.6	113.9	111.8
	II	128.1	107.8	84.1	143.3	114.3	111.9
	III	129.4	107.7	83.3	144.9	114.9	112.0
	IV	127.9	105.7	82.7	146.7	115.8	114.7
	ANNUAL	128.0	107.1	83.7	144.1	114.7	112.6
2003	I	128.8	105.3	81.8	149.7	117.1	116.3
	II	129.4	104.4	80.7	151.6	118.4	117.1
	III	131.1	104.3	79.6	r153.1	r118.8	r116.8
	IV	r132.6	r105.0	79.2	r154.7	r119.9	r116.7
	ANNUAL	r130.5	r104.8	80.3	r152.3	r118.5	r116.7
2004	I	132.6	105.5	79.5	157.1	120.7	118.5
		Percent cha	ange from pr	revious quart	er at annual ra	te(5)	
2002	I	7.5	2.0	-5.1	9.5	8.1	1.8
	II	4.8	2.2	-2.5	4.9	1.3	0.1
	III	4.1	-0.2	-4.1	4.6	r2.2	0.5
	IV	-4.7	-7.3	-2.8	5.0	r3.0	10.1
	ANNUAL	5.1	-0.6	-5.4	4.9	3.2	-0.2
2003	I	2.9	-1.5	-4.3	8.6	r4.7	5.5
	II	2.0	-3.2	-5.2	5.1	4.5	3.1
	III	5.2	-0.4	-5.3	r3.9	r1.4	r-1.3
	IV	r4.7	r2.6	r-1.9	r4.4	r3.6	r-0.2
	ANNUAL	1.9	-2.2	-4.0	r5.7	r3.3	r3.7
2004	I	0.1	1.8	1.7	6.4	2.7	6.3
		Percent change			ter of previous	year	
2002	I	5.5	-1.7	-6.9	2.8	1.6	-2.6
	II	5.8	-0.4	-5.8	5.0	3.7	-0.7
	III	6.0	0.5	-5.2	5.8	r4.1	-0.2
	IV	2.8	-0.9	-3.6	6.0	3.6	3.0
	ANNUAL	5.1	-0.6	-5.4	4.9	3.2	-0.2
2003	I	1.7	-1.8	-3.4	5.8	2.8	4.0
	II	1.0	-3.1	-4.1	5.8	3.6	4.7
	III	1.3	-3.1	-4.4	r5.6	r3.4	r4.3
	IV		r-0.7	-4.2	r5.5	r3.5	r1.7
	ANNUAL	1.9	-2.2	-4.0	r5.7	r3.3	r3.7
2004	I	3.0	0.2	-2.7	5.0	3.0	1.9
		ollowing Table 6			 Мау б 2	0.04	

See footnotes following Table 6.

r=revised

Table 6. Nonfinancial corporations: Productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit profits, and prices, seasonally adjusted

AN 2002 AN 2003	I III IV NNUAL I III IV NNUAL I III IV		150.7 149.7 148.8 149.3 149.6 150.2 152.2 153.4 154.5	124.2 122.8 121.2 119.5	135.0 136.2 137.7 139.0	1992=100 r110.0 r110.1 111.0 r112.2 110.8 111.1	111.3 111.8 112.2 111.2	108.2 109.8 111.3 111.4	110.5 111.3 112.0 111.3	90.9 91.2 87.2 96.4	109.5 109.8
AN 2002 AN 2003	II III IV NNUAL I III IV NNUAL I III III IV	121.9 122.7 125.0 122.7 126.4 128.3 129.8 131.4 128.9 132.2 135.3	149.7 148.8 149.3 149.6 150.2 152.2 153.4 154.5	122.8 121.2 119.5 121.9 118.8 118.7 118.2	136.2 137.7 139.0 137.0 138.1 139.6	r110.1 111.0 r112.2 110.8	111.8 112.2 111.2	109.8 111.3 111.4	111.3 112.0 111.3	91.2 87.2	109.5 109.8
2002 AN 2003	I III IV VNUAL	122.7 126.4 128.3 129.8 131.4 128.9 132.2 135.3	149.6 150.2 152.2 153.4 154.5	121.9 118.8 118.7 118.2	137.0 138.1 139.6	110.8				90.4	109.9
2002 AN 2003	I III IV IV NUAL I III IV	126.4 128.3 129.8 131.4 128.9 132.2 135.3	150.2 152.2 153.4 154.5	118.8 118.7 118.2	138.1 139.6		111.0	110.2		91.4	109.5
AN 2003	II III IV NUAL I III III	128.3 129.8 131.4 128.9 132.2 135.3	152.2 153.4 154.5	118.7 118.2	139.6		109.3	111.9	110.0	105.3	
2003	I III IV	132.2 135.3	152.6		142.0	r111.4 r111.5 112.1	108.8 108.3 108.1	111.5 111.5 111.3	109.6 109.2 109.0	112.3 111.8 116.2	109.8 109.4
	II IV	135.3		118.3	140.1	111.5	108.6	111.5	109.4	111.4	109.6
AN	ד א דדואד	r138.4 139.5	154.7 157.3 r160.9 162.8	117.0 116.3 116.3 116.7	145.3	112.1 113.5 r114.1 114.6	107.4 r106.3	110.7 108.0 r107.4 107.7	109.0 107.6 106.6 106.5	114.0 130.7 r143.4 147.8	109.6 109.9
	MINOAL	136.3	158.9	116.6	145.9	113.5	107.0	108.4	107.4	134.2	109.8
						vious quarte					
2001	I		-2.1			r-0.9		4.1			
	III	2.9	-2.7 -2.3	-4.3 -5.0	3.6 4.4	0.3 3.4 4.3	1.8 1.4	6.0 5.7	2.9 2.6	1.0 -16.1	2.8 1.1
	IV			-5.8							
	NUAL		-0.7					5.1			
2002	I II	4.6 6.0	2.3 5.6	-2.2 -0.4	-2.5 4.4	-3.7 0.9	-6.7 -1.5	1.5 -1.4	-4.6 -1.5	42.4 29.5	
	III	4.9 4.9	3.2 2.8	-1.6 -2.0	3.0 3.9	r0.7 r2.0		0.0 -0.4		-1.7 16.7	-1.4
AN	NUAL	5.1	2.0	-3.0	2.3	0.7	-2.7	1.2	-1.6	21.9	0.1
2003	I II		0.5 7.1	-1.9 -2.4		r0.0 r5.0		-2.4 -9.3	0.3 -5.2	-7.4 72.6	
	III	r9.5	r9.4 5.0		r4.9 2.3	r2.4 1.6	r-4.2	r-2.1		r45.0	0.9
AN	NUAL	5.7	4.2	-1.5	4.2	1.8	-1.5	-2.8	-1.8	20.5	0.2
						onding quar					
2001	I	1.6	0.9	-0.7	4.4	r1.0	2.7	5.6	3.5	-21.1	
	II	1.5	-0.4 -1.8	-1.8 -3.1	4.7	1.3	3.2	5.4 5.6	3.8	-21.8 -19.2	1.2
λN	IV NUAL	3.1 1.8	-1.4 -0.7	-4.4 -2.4	3.6 4.0	1.8	0.5	4.0 5.1	1.5 3.0	-1.2 -16.4	
	I	4.2	-0.7	-4.3	2.3	r1.0	-1.8	3.4	-0.5		
2002	II III IV	5.2 5.8 5.1	1.7 3.1 3.5	-4.3 -3.4 -2.5 -1.6	2.3 2.5 2.1 2.2	1.2 0.5 -0.1	-1.8 -2.6 -3.4 -2.8	1.5 0.1 -0.1	-0.5 -1.5 -2.5 -2.1	15.8 23.2 28.2 20.6	0.3
AN	NUAL	5.1	2.0	-3.0	2.3	0.7	-2.7	1.2	-1.6	21.9	0.1
2003	I III IV	4.6 5.5 r6.6 6.2	3.0 3.4 r4.9 5.4	-1.5 -2.0 -1.6 -0.7	3.8 4.1 r4.6 4.2	0.9 1.9 r2.3 2.2	-0.7 -1.3 r-1.9 -1.9	-1.1 -3.1 r-3.6 -3.2	-0.8 -1.8 -2.4 -2.3	8.3 16.4 r28.3 27.1	
AN	NUAL	5.7	4.2	-1.5	4.2	1.8	-1.5	-2.8	-1.8	20.5	0.2

May 6, 2004

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

SOURCES: Output data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Census Bureau of the U.S. Department of Commerce; the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Reserve Board. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

RELIABILITY: Productivity and cost measures are regularly revised as more complete information becomes available. The measures are first published within 40 days of the close of the reference period; revisions appear 30 days later, and second revisions after an additional 60 days. In the business sector, the third publication (second revision) of a quarterly index of output per hour of all persons has differed from the initial value by between –1.4 and +1.5 index points approximately 95 percent of the time. This interval is based on the performance of this measure between the fourth quarter of 1995 and the fourth quarter of 2003.

Footnotes, Tables 1-6

- (1) Wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. Except for nonfinancial corporations, where there are no self-employed, data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplemental payments for the self-employed.
- (2) The change for recent quarters is based on the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U). The trend from 1978-2002 is based on the Consumer Price Index research series (CPI-U-RS).
- (3) Unit nonlabor payments include profits, consumption of fixed capital, taxes on production and imports less subsidies, net interest and miscellaneous payments, business current transfer payments, rental income of persons, and the current surplus of government enterprises.
- (4) Current dollar output divided by the output index.
- (5) Quarterly changes: Percent change compounded at annual rate from the original data rather than index numbers. Annual changes: Percent change between annual average levels.
- (6) Unit nonlabor costs include consumption of fixed capital, taxes on production and imports less subsidies, net interest and miscellaneous payments, and business current transfer payments.
- (7) Total unit costs are the sum of unit labor and nonlabor costs.
- (8) Unit profits include corporate profits before tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.

17
Appendix table 1. Business sector: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

an	d	Output per hour of all persons		of all	Compensa- tion per hour (1)	tion per	labor	labor pay-	price
					xes 1992=100				
1999	I	111.5	132.7	119.0	124.1	107.8	111.3	108.5	110.3
1,,,,	II		133.9	119.9	124.4	107.3	111.4	109.0	110.5
	III	112.5	135.7	120.6	125.5	107.4	111.6	109.6	110.8
	IV	114.1	138.5	121.3	127.7	108.5	111.9	109.9	111.1
	ANNUAL	112.4	135.2	120.2	125.4	107.8	111.6	109.2	110.7
2000	I		138.6	121.8	132.1	111.2	116.1	105.3	112.1
	II		141.1	121.6	132.7	110.8	114.4	109.5	112.6
	III V	115.8 116.9	140.8 141.5	121.6 121.0	135.4 136.3	112.1 112.0	116.9 116.5	106.3 107.9	112.9 113.3
	ANNUAL	115.7	140.5	121.4	134.2	111.6	116.0	107.2	112.7
2001	I	116.9	141.2	120.8	138.2	112.5	118.2	107.1	114.1
	II	117.7	140.8	119.6	139.1	112.4	118.2	109.6	115.0
	III	118.2	139.9	118.4	140.1	112.9	118.6	109.5	115.2
	IV			116.9		114.2	117.6		115.5
	ANNUAL	118.3	140.6	118.9	139.7	113.0	118.1	109.5	114.9
		Perce	ent change	e from prev	ious quarter	at annual r	rate(5)		
1999		3.3	3.7	0.4	7.9	r6.2	4.4		1.2
	II	0.6	3.8	3.2	0.9 3.7	r-1.9	0.3		0.8
	III V	3.U 6.0	5.4 g 1	2.3	3./ 7.1	0.6 4.0	0.7	2.3 1.1	1.3 1.1
	ANNUAL	2.9	5.1	2.1	4.8	2.7	1.8	-0.6	
2000	I			1.7		10.4			3.4
	II	8.2	7.5	-0.7		r-1.4	-5.9	17.2	1.8
	III V		-0.8 2.0	-0.2 -1.7	8.5 2.5	r4.6	9.2		1.3 1.4
	ANNUAL	2.9	3.9	1.0	7.0	3.6	4.0	-1.8	1.8
2001	I				5.8				2.7
	II		-1.2	-4.0	2.7	-0.6			3.1
	III	1.5	-2.6	-4.0	3.0	r2.0	1.5		0.8
	IV	7.6	2.2	-5.0	3.9	4.5	-3.4	9.6	1.1
	ANNUAL	2.2	0.1	-2.1	4.1	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.9
		Percen			sponding qua				
1999	I	2.9	4.9	1.9	5.7	4.1	2.7	-2.6	0.7
	II	2.9	5.1	2.2	4.5	2.5	1.6	-0.4	0.9
	III	2.8	5.2	2.3	4.2	1.8	1.4	0.3	1.0
	IV	3.2	5.3	2.0	4.9	2.2	1.6	0.2	1.1
	ANNUAL	2.9	5.1	2.1	4.8	2.7	1.8	-0.6	0.9
2000	I	2.0	4.5	2.4	6.5	r3.2	4.3	-3.0	1.6
	II	3.9	5.4	1.4	6.7	3.3	2.7	0.5	1.9
	III	3.0	3.8	0.8	7.9	4.3	4.8	-3.0	1.9
	VI	2.4	2.2	-0.2	6.7	3.2	4.2	-1.8	2.0
	ANNUAL	2.9	3.9	1.0	7.0	3.6	4.0	-1.8	1.8
2001	I	2.7	1.9	-0.8	4.6	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.8
	II	1.5	-0.2	-1.7	4.8	1.4	3.3	0.0	2.1
	III	2.0	-0.7	-2.6	3.5	0.8	1.4	3.0	2.0
	IV	2.9	-0.6	-3.5	3.8	2.0	0.9	3.8	1.9

Appendix table 2. Nonfarm business sector: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

pric	es, seas	onally adjust	ed			Real			
an	ıd	Output per hour of all persons		of all	tion per	compensa- tion per	labor		
				Index	xes 1992=100				
1999			133.0		123.5	107.3	111.1		110.5
	II		134.3	120.5	123.8	106.8	111.2	110.6	111.0
	III VI		136.1 138.9	121.3	125.0 127.3	107.0 108.2	111.4 111.7	111.3 111.7	111.3 111.7
	Τ.Λ						111.7	111.7	111.7
	ANNUAL	112.2	135.6	120.8	124.9	107.3	111.3	110.8	111.1
2000	I		138.8	122.3	131.8	110.9	116.1	106.7	112.6
	II		141.4	122.3	132.1	110.3	114.3	111.1	113.1
	III		141.1	122.2	134.9	111.7	116.9	107.8	113.5
	IV	116.4	141.8	121.8	135.6	111.4	116.5	109.5	113.9
	ANNUAL	115.3	140.8	122.1	133.7	111.2	116.0	108.8	113.3
2001	I	116.4	141.5	121.6	137.5		118.1	108.6	114.6
	II		141.2	120.4 119.1	138.3	111.7	117.9	111.2	115.5
	III		140.3	119.1	139.3	112.3	118.3	111.0	115.6
	IV	119.8	140.8	117.6	140.7	r113.6	117.5	113.4	116.0
	ANNUAL	117.8	141.0	119.7	138.9	112.4	118.0	111.1	115.4
		Perce	ent change	from prev	ious quarter	at annual r	rate(5)		
1999	I	2.7	3.7	1.0	7.0	r5.4	4.2	-3.6	1.3
	II	0.6	3.7	3.1	1.0	r-1.8	0.4	-3.6 3.6	1.6
	III	3.0	5.6	2.5	3.7	0.6 4.7	0.6	2.8	1.4
	VI	6.5	8.4	1.8	7.9	4.7	1.3	1.4	1.4
	ANNUAL	2.8	5.2	2.3	4.7	2.5	1.8	-0.1	1.1
2000	I	-1.7 7.5	-0.1	1.6	14.7	10.5	16.7	-16.9 17.6	3.3
		7.5	7.5	-0.1	1.1	r-2.1	-6.0	17.6	1.8
	III		-0.8	-0.4 -1.1	8.8	r4.9 -0.9	9.2	-11.3	1.4
	IV	3.3	2.2	-1.1	2.0	-0.9	-1.3	6.3	1.3
	ANNUAL	2.8	3.8	1.0	7.0	3.6	4.2	-1.9	1.9
2001	I	-0.1	-0.8	-0.7	5.6	r1.9	5.7	-3.0	2.5
	II	3.1	-1.0	-4.0	5.6 2.4	-0.8	-0.7	-3.0 9.9	2.9
	III	1.6	-2.5	_1 1	3.0	r2.0	1.3	-0.8	0.6
	IV	1.6	1.6	-5.1	3.0 4.0	4.6	-2.8	-0.8 9.0	1.3
	ANNUAL	2.1	0.1	-2.0	3.9	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.9
		Percen	it change	from corres	sponding qua	rter of prev	vious year		
1999	I	2.8	4.9	2.1	5.5	r3.9	2.7	-2.5	0.7
	II		5.1	2.5	4.3	2.3	1.7	0.1	1.1
	III	2.6	5.2	2.6	3.9	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.2
	IV	3.2	5.4	2.1	4.9	2.2	1.6	1.0	1.4
	ANNUAL	2.8	5.2	2.3	4.7	2.5	1.8	-0.1	1.1
2000	I	2.1	4.4	2.3	6.7	3.4	4.5	-2.7	1.9
_000	II	3.8	5.3	1.5	6.7	3.3	2.8	0.5	2.0
	III	2.9	3.6	0.7	8.0	4.4	5.0		2.0
	VI	2.1	2.1	0.0	6.5	3.0	4.3		2.0
	ANNUAL	2.8	3.8	1.0	7.0	3.6	4.2	-1.9	1.9
2001	I	2.5	2.0	-0.6	4.3	0.9	1.7	1.9	1.8
	ΙĪ		-0.1	-1.6	4.7	1.2	3.1	0.1	2.1
	III	2.0	-0.5	-2.5	3.2	0.5	1.2	3.0	1.8
	IV	2.9	-0.7	-3.5		1.9	0.8	3.6	1.8
	ANNUAL	2.1	0.1	-2.0	3.9	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.9

Appendix table 3. Manufacturing sector: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted

	Year and quarter	Output per hour of all persons	Output.	Hours of all persons	Compensa- tion per hour (1)	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labor costs
1000	_	106 8				105 5	05.0
1999	I	Indexes 1992=100 126.7	r105.7 105.5	96.0 96.0			
	II III		105.5	96.0			
	IV					108.0	96.9
	ANNUAL	128.2	134.6	105.0	123.8	106.3	96.6
2000	I					112.3	100.8
	II					110.7	99.0
	III					112.9	101.5
	IV	135.4	137.8	101.8	137.2	112.7	101.3
	ANNUAL	134.2	138.6	103.3	135.0	112.3	100.6
2001	I					112.9	102.7
	II					111.0	101.0
	III					110.8	100.1
	IV	140.5	129.7	92.3	139.7	112.7	99.4
	ANNUAL	137.1	132.3	96.5	138.3	111.8	100.8
		Percent cha				 ite(5)	
1999	I	4 . 8	1.8	-2.9	3.9	r2.3	-0.9
	II					r-0.8	0.0
	III					2.3	3.7
	IV	9.4	6.3	-2.8	10.5	7.3	1.0
	ANNUAL	3.8	2.9	-0.8	4.2	2.0	0.3
2000	I	4.8	3.5	-1.3	21.3	16.9	15.7
	II	4.7	5.2	0.5	-2.5	r-5.6	-6.9
	III					r8.2	10.3
	IV	2.7	-3.6	-6.1	2.1	-0.8	-0.6
	ANNUAL	4.7	3.0	-1.6	9.1	5.6	4.2
2001	I	-1.1	-7.5	-6.5	4.4	r0.8	5.6
	II	3.0	-5.4			-6.6	-6.4
	III	4.0	-6.3	-9.9	0.3	r-0.7	-3.6
	IV	9.8	-4.3	-12.8	6.5	7.1	-2.9
	ANNUAL	2.2	-4.6	-6.6	2.4	-0.4	0.2
1000	-	4.0	2 5	1 6	4 4	0.0	0 2
1999	I					r2.8	0.3
	II					1.2 1.2	-0.5 0.7
	III					2.7	1.0
	ANNUAL	3.8	2.9	-0.8	4.2	2.0	0.3
2000	I	4.4	3.8	-0.7	9.6	6.2	4.9
2000	II	5.1	4.4	-0.7	8.4	4.9	3.1
	III	5.1	3.3	-1.8	10.1	6.4	4.7
	IV	3.5	0.8	-2.6	7.9	4.3	4.3
	ANNUAL	4.7	3.0	-1.6	9.1	5.6	4.2
2001	I	2.0	-2.0	-3.9	3.9	0.5	1.9
	II	1.6	-4.6	-6.0	3.6	0.3	2.0
	III	2.1	-5.7	-7.7	0.8	-1.9	-1.3
	IV	3.8	-5.9	-9.4	1.8	0.0	-1.9
	- ·						

Appendix table 4. Durable manufacturing sector: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, and unit, labor costs seasonally adjusted

	Year and quarter	Output per hour of all persons	Output	Hours of all persons	Compensa- tion per hour (1)	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labor costs
	quarter						
			11	ndexes 1992=1	00		
L999	I	141.0	155.4	110.2	121.0	r105.1	85.8
	II	142.4	157.3	110.5	121.7	105.0	85.5
	III	143.2	159.6	111.4	123.6	105.8	86.3
	IV	146.0	161.6	110.7	127.3	108.2	87.2
	ANNUAL	143.1	158.5	110.7	123.4	106.0	86.2
000	I	149.0	164.5	110.4	134.4	113.2	90.2
	II	150.5	167.1	111.0	132.7	110.8	88.2
	III	151.2	166.7	110.2	137.0	113.4	90.6
	IV	151.6	164.6	108.6	136.8	112.4	90.3
	ANNUAL	150.7	165.7	109.9	135.4	112.5	89.8
2001	I	150.9	160.5	106.4	137.9	112.3	91.4
	II	r151.6	157.5	103.9	136.7	110.4	90.2
	III	153.0	154.0	100.7	136.7	110.2	89.4
	IV	156.8	151.6	96.7	139.4	112.5	88.9
	ANNUAL	153.0	155.9	101.9	137.7	111.3	90.0
				revious quart	er at annual ra	 te(5)	
1999	I	7.4	2.5	-4.6	5.1	r3.5	-2.2
	II	3.9	4.8	0.9	2.4	r-0.5	-1.5
	III	2.4	5.9	3.4	6.4	3.2	3.9
	IV	8.0	5.2	-2.6	12.5	9.3	4.2
	ANNUAL	6.2	5.5	-0.6	4.8	2.7	-1.3
000	I	8.6	7.5	-1.0	24.1	19.7	14.4
	II	4.0	6.3	2.2	-5.0	r-8.0	-8.6
	III	1.8	-1.0	-2.7	13.5	r9.4	11.5
	IV	1.0	-4.7	-5.7	-0.5	-3.3	-1.6
	ANNUAL	5.3	4.6	-0.7	9.7	6.1	4.2
001	I	-1.8	-9.7	-8.0	3.3	r-0.3	5.2
	II	1.8	-7.3	-9.0	-3.4	-6.5	-5.1
	III	3.8	-8.5	-11.9	0.0	-0.9	-3.7
	IV	r10.3	-6.2	-14.9	8.1	8.7	-2.0
	ANNUAL	1.5	-5.9	-7.3	1.7	-1.1	0.2
					ter of previous	year	
000	Τ.	7.0	E 4	1 5	4 7	2 1	n 1
999	I	7.0 7.0	5.4 6.1	-1.5 -0.9	4.7 3.7	3.1 1.7	-2.1 -3.1
	III	5.3	6.0	0.7	4.3	1.9	-1.0
	IV	5.4	4.6	-0.8	6.5	3.8	1.1
	ANNUAL	6.2	5.5	-0.6	4.8	2.7	-1.3
000	I	5.7	5.8	0.2	11.1	7.6	5.1
	II	5.7	6.2	0.5	9.0	r5.6	3.1
	III	5.6	4.5	-1.1	10.8	7.1	5.0
	IV	3.8	1.9	-1.9	7.4	3.9	3.5
	ANNUAL	5.3	4.6	-0.7	9.7	6.1	4.2
001	I	1.2	-2.4	-3.6	2.6	-0.8	1.3
	II	0.7	-5.7	-6.4	3.0	-0.4	2.3
	III	1.2	-7.6	-8.7	-0.2	-2.8	-1.4
	IV	3.4	-7.9	-11.0	1.9	0.1	-1.5

Appendix table 5. Nondurable manufacturing sector: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, and unit, labor costs seasonally adjusted

а		Output per hour of	011+511+	Hours of all	Compensa- tion per	Real compensa- tion per hour (2)	Unit labo costs
	uarter 	all persons				nour (2)	COSL
			TI	ndexes 1992=1	00		
999	I			105.5	107.0		
	II	I 113.4		105.1	107.5		
	III IV					105.0 105.8	107.8 106.6
	ANNUAL	114.3	110.3	96.5	122.6	105.3	107.2
000	I					108.7	110.6
	II III					r108.5 109.9	109.' 111.'
	IV					111.2	112.
	ANNUAL	118.8	111.1	93.5	132.0	109.7	111.
and qua	I					r112.2	114.8
	II					110.2	112.
	III IV					110.4 111.7	112. 111.
	ANNUAL	121.8				111.1	112.
		Percent cha				te(5)	
999	I	1.3	1.4	0.1	2.3	r0.7	1.0
	II					r-1.5	1.
	III					-0.3	1.
	IV	11.4	7.8	-3.3	6.4	3.3	-4.
	ANNUAL	0.9	-0.3	-1.2	2.8	0.7	1.
000	I					11.4	15.
	II III					r-1.0 r5.5	-3. 7.
	IV					4.6	2.
	ANNUAL	3.9	0.7	-3.1	7.6	4.2	3.
001	I	-1.2	-4.9	-3.8	7.3	r3.6	8.
001	II					-6.7	-7.
	III					r0.5	-1.
	IV	7.8	-2.0	-9.1	4.3	4.9	-3.
	ANNUAL	2.6	-3.0	-5.4	4.1	1.3	1.
999	I	0.7	-1.0	-1.7	3.9	2.3	3.
-	II	-0.2	-1.1	-0.9	2.4	0.4	2.
	III	0.0	-0.8	-0.7	1.9	-0.4	2.
	IV	3.3	1.8	-1.5	3.2	0.5	-0.
	ANNUAL	0.9	-0.3	-1.2	2.8	0.7	1.
000	I	2.9	0.9	-2.0	6.4	3.1	3.
	II	4.5	1.6	-2.7	6.6	3.2	2.
	III	4.5 2.9	$1.4 \\ -1.1$	-3.0 -3.9	8.3 8.6	4.7 5.0	3. 5.
	ANNUAL	3.9	0.7	-3.1	7.6	4.2	3.
001	I	2.7	-1.8	-4.4	6.6	r3.2	3.
	II	2.3	-3.3	-5.5	5.1	1.6	2.
	III	2.6	-3.5	-5.9	3.1	0.4	0.
	IV	3.4	-3.4	-6.5	2.3	0.5	-1.

Appendix table 6. Nonfinancial corporations: Revised productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit profits, and prices, seasonally adjusted

a	Year and quarter			Employee hours	sation (1)	Real hourly compen- sation(2)	labor costs	labor costs(6)	costs	pro- fits	
						1992=100					
1999		115.8	140.8	121.6	122.5	r106.4	105.8	99.7	104.2	134.1	
	II	116.2	142.4	122.5	122.6	105.7	105.5	100.3	104.1	134.4	
	III	116.2	143.5	123.5	123.3	105.7 105.5 106.1	106.1	101.6	104.9	126.9	
	IV	117.3	146.0	124.4	124.8	106.1	106.4	102.2	105.2	124.1	106.9
	ANNUAL	116.4	143.2	123.0	123.3	105.9	106.0	101.0	104.6	129.8	106.9
2000	I	119.4	149.4	125.0	129.4	108.9	108.3	102.5	106.8	115.3	107.5
	II	120.1	150.2	125.1	130.1	108.6	108.3	104.1	107.2	116.6	
	III	121.1	151.5	125.1	132.8	109.9	109.6	105.4	108.5	108.0	108.4
	IV	121.3	151.5	124.9	130.1 132.8 134.1	110.2	110.6	107.1	109.7	97.6	108.6
	ANNUAL	120.6	150.7	124.9	131.7	109.5	109.2	104.8	108.0	109.3	108.1
						vious quarte					
1999	I	6.8	8.6	1.7	9.8	r8.1	2.8	-5.2	0.7	3.7	1.0
1999	II	1.3	4.5	3.1	0.2	r-2.6	-1.1	2.5	-0.7	0.9	0.0
	III	0.1	3.1			-0.7	2.3	5.3	3.0	-20.3	0.2
	IV		7.2	3.0 3.1	5.0	-0.7 2.0	1.0	5.3 2.2	1.3	-8.6	0.2
	ANNUAL	3.2	5.8	2.6	4.6	2.5	1.4	1.1	1.3	-5.6	0.5
2000	I	7.4	9.6	2 1	15.4	11 2	7.5 0.1	1.3	5.8	-25.6	2.2
2000	II	2.2	2.4	2.1 0.2	2.2	11.2 r-1.0	0.1	6.5	1.7	4.6	2.0
	III	3.5	3.5	-0.1	8.5	r4.6				-26.3	1.5
	IV	0.5	-0.1	-0.6	4.2	1.3	3.7	5.0 6.6	4.4	-33.4	0.5
	ANNUAL	3.6	5.2	1.6	6.8	3.3	3.1	3.8	3.3	-15.8	1.2
			 Percent			 ponding quan					
1999	т.	4.0	6 2	2.2	5.7	r4.1	1 7	0.3	1.3	-4.2	0.7
1999	I II	3.3	6.2 6.0	2.2	5.7 4.5	2.4	1.7 1.1	0.3	1.3		0.7
	III	2.3				1.6				-2.0	0.4
	IV	3.0	5.8	2.8 2.7	4.3	1.6	1.6 1.2	2.1 1.1	1.2	-6.6	0.3
	ANNUAL	3.2	5.8	2.6	4.6	2.5	1.4	1.1	1.3	-5.6	0.5
2000	I	3.1	6.1	2.8	5.6	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.5	-14.0	0.6
∠000	II	3.1	5.5	2.8	6.1	2.3 r2.8			3.0	-14.0	1.1
	III	4.2	5.6	1 3	7 7	4 1	2.7	3.7	3.4		1.5
	IV		3.8	0.4	7.4	3.9	4.0	4.8	4.2		1.5
	ANNUAL	3.6	5.2	1.6		3.3			3.3	-15.8	1.2

See footnotes following Table 6.

r=revised

May 6, 2004

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics